...TATE SALES.
...SMITH,
...TREET.—8 NEW NO.
...and near Boulevard. Ver...
...electric line, on Pryor street, ...p.
...t on near electric line, ad...irable and cheap.
...beautifully located, very ...sewin in West End. Now is...
...re for the prettiest property ...tric line. Right at Edge...ss the street from Judge ...oliquitt. A great bargain.
...rettiest lot in the center of ...e. You can get this cheaper ...offered. Now is the time.
...autiful and large ground, ...Very place to improve...ment. The cheapest place ...pportunity for some forty...
...w months all this property ...h a profit to the men who ...d see our list.
...SMITH,
...Broad Street—8 Number.
...ADAIR,
...ESTATE.
...ne the property on Forsyth ...hich I sell before the court...
...OVEMBER 3D,
...ral, first-class and in every ...
...ment, water and gas all in ...
...ADAIR,
...T, KIMBALL HOUSE.
Timber Lands for sale ...eal estate agents, No. 3 ...treet.
...ry liberal terms and easy ...
...iddle Georgia farm, with ...other necessary improve...e water power and mill. ...only $12,500.
...unty, either stock or farm ...
...Greensboro, $6 per acre. ...Greensboro, $8 per acre. ...Greensboro, $6 per acre. ...Greensboro, $6 per acre. ... miles from Greensboro, ...
...s, well improved, 667 and ...re ...East Point, cheap. ...ster. ...ar Atlanta. ..., pine timber land, $150 ...
...essee, $2.50 per acre. ...wick and Western, at $3 ...
...around the city, for sub... in The Journal for city ...perty. ...RESPESS & CO., ... new, Broad street, At...
...BROS.,
...ESTATE.
...s on West Peachtree at ...0, to alley. ... and lot, house 9 rooms, ...on st. ...60, near Jackson. ... the best lots offered on ...autiful shade. ...ful lot near Boulevard ... see it. ..., cottage and lot 50x200. ...Fowler st., corner lot. ...house and lot, 55x170; ...
...e. house and lot, lot is x ...front. ...195; a beautiful corner. ... lot, Decatur, Ga. ...d town of Decatur, on ...d; only $50 per acre. ...ting Powers st., large ...ngs, and offered cheap. ...tland ave: corner lot. ...er, lot 45x150 near Jack...
...stable, lot 100x150, 3 ...r Decatur dummy. ... home on prettiest part ...lace. ...ear depot Decatur, Ga. ... the best central prop ...lso property on every ...et. Telephone 363.
...O YOU ...or Cooking ...U CAN ...alf the Cost! ...eived the first ...double-screened ...T COAL ...TIC USE. ... per Ton ...ler in Atlanta ...NING, ...e Celebrated ...COAL. ...impson and R. R. Phone 266,
MARK RE SELF! ...ruggist for a ...G. The only ...remedy for all ...ischarges and ...of men and the ...kness peculiar ...ures in a few ...t the aid or ... doctor. ...American Cure. ...red by ...emical Co. ...ATI, O. ...A. $1.00

C. P. MATLACK, Superintendent.
ROBERT MILLER, Manager. J. S. Pryor st., Atlanta, Ga.
L. M. WARD, Secty and Treas.
SUPPLE SONS,
Office 6 Loyd Street just below Markham House
No. 3 West Wall Street,
Have first-class improved and vacant property for sale. We invite parties desiring to buy or sell to come to see us. oct1-d1y
PRICE $1.00

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXIII. ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1891. TEN PAGES PRICE FIVE CENTS.

NEW YORK'S BATTLE.

Great Demonstration at Madison Square Garden.

HILL AND CLEVELAND BOTH SPEAK.

The Business Men Rallying to the Democratic Ranks.

THE PROBABILITIES OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Candidate Fassett's Record on State Matters—He Angers the Germans.

NEW YORK, October 27.—[Special.]—Roswell P. Flower will be the next governor of New York.

The demonstration at Madison Square garden tonight was enough to convince the most skeptical that the democrats will win. The cordiality displayed between ex-President Cleveland and Governor Hill, in the presence of the assembled thousands, shows that all factional feeling, if any existed, has been buried, and that an emergency has come when every democrat will do his duty.

Business Men Aroused.

Tonight's meeting was composed of the business elements of the city—the men upon whose success the prosperity of New York depends. There were republicans there as well as democrats, for the loss, resulting from the sale of the World's fair to Chicago, falls equally upon all citizens. The $300,000,000 which it is estimated will be spent at the scene of the fair has been lost to New York by the conduct of Mr. Fassett, the republican nominee, himself. This loss is keenly felt, and will decide many a vote next Tuesday.

The Germans Offended.

I find a strange revulsion of republican Germans against Candidate Fassett. The other night they arranged a demonstration and had Fassett there. While speaking, Fassett turned to the pitcher to get a drink. Looking contemptuously at the water, he said, with a German accent: "It ish beer I vant; take the vater avay." Then throwing off his coat, he spoke in his shirt sleeves.

This enforced familiarity, the Germans have construed into an insult. They say very truthfully that Fassett would not thus treat an American audience, and that his condescension was insulting.

I have had a talk with Mr. Flower, and find him full of confidence. He calculates on getting a much larger vote in the country district, than the managers claim. He is perfectly satisfied with the ardent support being given him by Cleveland and Hill.

Mr. Cleveland's Speech.

Mr. Cleveland's speech tonight was a strong appeal to the business men to support the democratic ticket, because upon its success hinged the business prosperity of the state. New York City could never expect anything from the republican party. Mr. Cleveland said:

It must be confessed that here, and in other parts of the country, those engaged in business pursuits have kept too much aloof from public affairs, and have too generally acted upon the theory that neither their duty as citizens nor their personal interests required of them a habitual participation in political movements. This indifference and inactivity have resulted in loss to our public service. I am firmly of the belief that if a few business men could be substituted for professional men in official places, the people would positively gain by the exchange, and it is strange to some that our business men have not been quicker to see that their neglect of political duty is in constant danger to their personal and especial interests. They may labor and plan in their counting houses or in their exchanges, but in the meantime laws may be passed by those ignorant of their business bearings, which, in their operation, will counteract all this labor and defeat all this planning.

Mr. Cleveland then declared the belief that there had been an awakening to the importance, state and national, of this election.

"Much has been said," continued Mr. Cleveland, "about the topics which should be discussed in the prosecution of this campaign." He conceived that both state and national topics were proper subjects of discussion, and that the legitimacy of any topic depended on its connection with the good of the country. Can any one doubt that the political verdict which the people of New York will give in November next will affect her position in the general national engagement which will take place one year hence. In this view the proper adjustment of the tariff, which concerns so materially not only all our people, but the commerce and business of our city, should be discussed.

This and the question of sound currency cannot be separated from the business interests of our state, and they should be put before our people now for the purpose of uniting their thought and settling their opinions.

Applying this same test, it is entirely plain that the economical administration of the state affairs and numerous other subjects having reference to just, honest and beneficent state government, are, in a business sense, important and legitimate. On all these questions the New York democracy is all right, and we are willing and anxious to discuss them in any place, and at any time. But our opponents, apparently seeking to avoid the discussion of subjects legitimate to the canvass and affecting the business of our city and state, and exibiting such weakness and fear as certainly ought not to escape notice, are shrieking throughout the state the demerits and dangerous proclivities of a certain political organization whose members support the principles and candidates of the democratic party. It would quite show that even if all they allege against this organization were true, the perils which our opponents present to the people are baseless and absurd. But, it seems to me that the argument of such a question belittles an important situation.

Every man knows, or ought to satify himself, whether the principles and policy presented to the people by the democratic party are such as he approves. If they are, certainly his duty as a citizen obliges him to endorse them. Every man ought to satisfy himself whether the candidates of the democratic party are men of such character and ability that he is willing to trust them in the administration of his state's government. If he believes they are, he should not withhold his support from them upon any frivolous and irrelevant pretext.

Governor Hill Appears.

The enthusiasm with which Governor Hill was received evidenced the warm place he held. He said:

"This is a peculiar campaign. On one side is the great democratic party presenting to the people of the state great and abiding issues. Its opponents ignore all national questions and every substantial state issue. Their arguments are confined principally to the government of this great democratic city.

He said he was in favor of the great national issue, tariff reform, but the republicans evaded and shirked its discussion.

Governor Hill, in private conversation tonight, spoke with great appreciation of his recent reception in Atlanta, and remembers the people of the city most kindly. E. P. H.

LIVINGSTON IN LOUISIANA,

Working Against a Division of the Alliance There.

ALEXANDRIA, La., October 27.—[Special.]—Hon. L. F. Livingston, member of congress and president of the Farmers' Alliance of Georgia, spoke at the courthouse here tonight to a large and attentive audience. He handled his subjects well and his speeches were well received. He challenged any one to prove that every plank in the Ocala platform did not harmonize with the democratic platform. In proof of his assertions he read extracts from the platform on which Cleveland was elected and proved that it encouraged the organization of labor. He showed that the finance principles advocated by the Farmers' Alliance were taught by Jefferson and Calhoun. He advised the harmony of all factions of the Farmers' Alliance, and from indications it is thought that before he leaves here he will have harmonized the two factions of the party, as he was working this evening zealously between the two factions, and by morning it is thought that the third party in this section will be a subject of the past.

A DEMOCRATIC STRAW

Which Shows the Way the Wind Is Blowing in Ohio.

CONNEAUT, O., October 27.—At 6:30 o'clock last evening a terrible cyclone swept over the town, destroying about thirty houses. The streets were blocked by trees and debris from demolished buildings. A large butter tub factory, owned by G. J. Record, is badly wrecked, thousands of dollars' worth of stock being completely destroyed. Record's loss is about $50,000. The planing mill of H. E. Pond, adjoining Record's, was greatly damaged. His lumber is strewn all over town and some stacks blown down. Many fine residences suffered heavily, roofs being torn off and windows broken. The telegraph lines of the LakeShore and Nickel Plate railway are down. Two telegraph poles were blown through the roof of the Lake Shore depot, and the baggage room was completely destroyed. Debris from the buildings is strewn along the tracks, rendering it impassable for moving trains.

The following property was also partly destroyed: Weldon & Babbitt's store, Orin Harlshorn's residence, Charles Patterson's residence, and about thirty other buildings. Total loss, about $100,000.

FLUCTUATION OF FUTURES.

Doings of the Day on the Cotton Exchange.

NEW YORK, October 27.—The Sun's cotton review says: Futures opened at a sharp decline, but quickly rallied and afterward improved, closing steady at four to five points advance on yesterday's final prices. The early decline was due to a break of 5 to 6-64 in the Liverpool market, but 8.36 for January contracts. Then traders began buying to cover. The advancing tendency was checked, however, by very full port receipts. Later, when Memphis and Angusta reported receipts much below last year, the market became buoyant, with active and general trading. Prices recovered twelve to fourteen points from the lowest figures, and closed well up to the best figures.

The Tilden Trust Void.

ALBANY, N. Y., October 27.—The court of appeals rendered a decision this morning in the case of George H. Tilden vs. Andrew H. Green and others as executors, etc., appellants, and Laura B. Hazard et al., respondents, affirming the judgment with costs payable to all parties out of the estate. This renders the Tilden trust void and is in favor of the heirs.

Under the statute of distribution that regulates inheritance of property, the issue of Mrs. Pelton and Henry A. Tilden, sister and brother of Governor Tilden, come in for equal shares of $8,000,000. Mrs. William H. Hazard is the only heir on the Pelton side, and thus is entitled to $4,000,000. The other $4,000,000 is subdivided to six children of Henry A. Tilden. They are George H. Tilden, S. J. Tilden, Jr., Mrs. Willi m B. Whittlesey, Mrs. Swan, a widow who lives in New Lebanon, Mrs. Willis Payne, and Mrs. Schwartz, of New York city.

Will Fight the Drug Trust.

ST. LOUIS, October 27.—In accordance with the anti-trust law, United States District Attorney Reynolds has decided to commence an active campaign against the St. Louis Apothecaries' Association or "drug trust." Officers of the trust have notified all wholesale dealers in the United States that all patronage will be withdrawn from those houses selling to local druggists who are not members of the trust, and have appended a list of those declining to join. The result is that a firm outside of the trust has received notice from a well-known New York house that the latter cannot fill orders for patent medicine until the concern has entered into the "combine." Mr. Reynolds will bring the matter before the grand jury.

Suing a Priest.

BOSTON, October 27.—Suit was begun in the superior court yesterday by Maria Kullbury, a storekeeper, of East Boston, against Rev. Hugh R. O'Donnelly, a Catholic priest of that section, to recover $5,000 d mages for the ruin of plaintiff's business by a boycott placed on the store by the priest. Mrs. Kullbury refused to send her children to a parochial school, and alleges in her charge that because she did so refuse, defendant, from the altar, "publicly and officially issued an interdict, forbidding all his parishioners and his congregation to trade or deal or in any way associate with plaintiff."

Suing the Lottery.

PITTSBURG, Pa., October 27.—Suit has been entered in the United States court against the officers of the Louisiana Lottery Company for unlawfully using the mails. It is alleged that circulars and tickets were mailed to the city on July 24th and that in order to conceal the crime envelopes of the United States Express Company were used. At Boston, Mass., suit has also been entered.

Mrs. Davis to Visit Richmond.

RICHMOND, Va., October 27.—General Joseph R. Anderson today received a letter from Mrs. Jefferson Davis in which she says she and Miss Winnie Davis will arrive here next Saturday night, October 31st. They will be the guests of General Anderson. It is understood that the object of the visit of Mrs. Davis is for the purpose of selecting a suitable site upon which the people of the south propose to erect a monument to the memory of her husband.

Augusta's Prize Drill.

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 27.—The opinion having gained ground that a special invitation is necessary to enter the prize drill at the Augusta exposition, November 5th, 6th and 7th, the directors wish it understood that the drill is open to all companies. It is further said that the companies participating in the parade and sham battle need not necessarily enter the drill.

OHIO'S TRAVAIL.

Campbell and McKinley Are Hard at Work.

THE STATUS IN HAMILTON COUNTY.

Why Governor Campbell Is Opposed There.

THE SENATORIAL PROSPECTS IN OHIO.

The Germans a Great Source of Uncertainty—The Australian Ballot.

CINCINNATI, O., October 27.—[Special.]—Tommy Cogan, the star statesman of the Campbell forces in Hamilton county, proved a great drawing card at Beethoven hall tonight.

Governor Campbell himself could scarcely have had a more enthusiastic reception than did Tommy, and the way he poured hot shot into the McKinley-Foraker-George Cox ranks was, to quote one of Tom's enthusiastic admirers, a holy caution.

Cogan is a power in local politics, and is a campaigner from way back, so when he asked me to go with him tonight, I went.

No adequate description can be given of a political meeting like that was. It was in one of the toughest districts of the city, and the crowd showed that it was in keeping with the locality. There was no kid-glove gentry in that crowd. They were "de gang," and were proud of it. I have been told that Campbell's fight on the Reemelin-Bernard clique had weakened him with citizens of the stripe predominating in Tom Cogan's audience. If it has I failed to discover any traces of it. Every mention of Campbell's name was received with a whoop and yell that was genuine. Cogan and the other speakers of the evening made votes and swung the crowd with them.

A Day's Study.

It may not be possible to get at the bottom of the real state of affairs in one day's study, but I have put in this one pretty assiduously, and believe I have succeeded in getting at the truth. Hamilton county is normally republican by about thirty-five hundred votes. Two years ago Campbell carried it over Foraker by about seven thousand votes, and to his victory here his election can be attributed. When he began his administration Governor Campbell was very strong. Later it became necessary for him to make a board of public improvement, to take the place of Foraker's notorious board of public affairs, and one of the men he put on that board was Louis Reemelin, probably the most prominent democratic wire-puller in the county. Reemelin and Hewie Bernard have always worked together, and they enjoy the reputation of being ideal politician of the so-called "practical" type. Reemelin had the best of recommendations, and the governor appointed him. All went well for a short while. Then came charges of things being crooked in the board of improvement, and the governor found it necessary to demand Reemelin's resignation. He charged Reemelin with dishonesty. Reemelin would not resign, but fought the matter, and the governor found it difficult to sustain his charges. He called a special session of the legislature, did away with the board of public improvement, and has had the Reemelin-Bernard gang fighting him ever since. That is the story of the principal opposition to Campbell. Here in Hamilton county, as I said, Reemelin and Bernard are strong, and then they are backed by people stronger than they. John McLean is one of these latter, and it is no secret here that The Enquirer is almost in open revolt.

They've No Organ.

The democrats of Ohio have no real strong organ. There are good democratic papers in the different sections of the state, to be sure, but there is no where a democratic paper that can compare in its power for good to its party with the republican organ, The Commercial Gazette. Of course The Enquirer ought to fill that place, and could do so with splendid effect if it would. Some times it does, but this campaign is not one of those times. The lack of a strong aggressive organ is being sadly felt here in Hamilton county, where the campaign is to be won or lost. I am not taking a too pessimistic view of the present state of affairs, nor am I revealing any state secrets when I say that the breaches in the democratic party have not healed. The situation is much more favorable than it was a few weeks ago, and it seems to grow better each day.

Governor Campbell's speech here last week undoubtedly had great effect. The demonstration in his honor was one of the grandest ever known in Cincinnati, and it was a spontaneous outpouring of the people. The republicans were blue the next day, and for several days thereafter, but tonight they claim that they have to a large extent overcome the effects of that speech, and I know that Reemelin and Bernard are as hard at work against Campbell as they were before. So they, at least, have not been pacified and they are accredited with undoubted strength. Whether they can drive democrats from the party remains to be seen.

Two Uncertain Quantities.

Two decidedly uncertain quantities in all calculations are the German vote, and the effect of the Australian ballot system. Harry Morehead, a member of the republican state executive committee, and one of the owners of The Commercial Gazette, is a Kentuckian, who has figured in Ohio affairs for a number of years, and who knows the ins and outs of politics as well as any body I know. He said tonight:

"The republicans figure on the German vote in this county and through the state, and will get them on the money question. The Germans," he added, "have always been great admirers of John Sherman, and the attacks on his system of finance have not shaken their faith. If we get a full German vote we'll elect McKinley by 15,000 majority."

But that German vote is an uncertainty. Campbell has many friends among them who can't be reached by the republicans or by the Reemelin crowd.

The Australian ballot system will be tried in Ohio for the first time this year. The democrats figure that they will be benefited by this. The republicans take all the advance benefit to themselves. A count of the ballots is the only thing that will tell which is right, but it is certain that there is going to be more freedom in voting, more voting of personal convictions than ever before. If it is true, and I know it is in many instances, that workingmen have been bulldozed by their employers into voting the republican ticket, it is fair to presume that the democrats will reap the benefits from this change in the method of voting. On the other hand, it is probable that some of the tickets that will inevitably be found improperly filled out, probably a majority of them in the big cities, will be democratic tickets. So it will work both ways. Nobody can say to whose ultimate advantage.

Campbell May Come Again.

Saturday night the republicans are to have a great rally, torchlight procession and all that, when McKinley and dirty mouthed Joe Cannon will make speeches. This is to be the piece-de-resistance of the republican campaign in Cincinnati, and is designed as an offset to the great Campbell demonstration. But the governor is not likely to let his opponent have everything his own way. I am told tonight that he is planning to come back either Saturday or Monday night; and if he comes he will do good. His presence is needed. His friends here all realize that, and they will insist on his coming if possible.

The Senatorial Race.

Within the past few days the senatorial race has been booming up in big proportion, to add to the discomfiture of the republican leaders. It won't down. They have tried by all sorts of bluffs to make it appear that nothing but the intensest harmony prevails in the republican ranks; that Sherman, Foraker and Foster form a triumvirate of loving brothers ready and anxious to sacrifice themselves or each other to elect McKinley. But it don't work. Sherman wants the youngsters to say that neither of them will stand in his way for another pull at the public teat; but Foraker can't see it worth a cent, and says so. Foster is shrewder, and is saying nothing; but he, too, has his eye on that senatorial seat, and his henchmen are hard at work pulling for him upon all possible occasions. The democratic papers, naturally, though, are not slow in aiding in the laudable efforts to stir up strife, and the result is that the senatorial fight seems likely to swamp the gubernatorial. Foraker's friends will do everything in their power to further his chances at the expense of Sherman and McKinley, and unless some republican peacemaker appears, this fight may aid Campbell very materially.

The next few days may bring some startling revelations in this line. JOE OHL.

STODDARD IS A SHARP ONE.

How He Obtained a Pardon from the Governor of Tennessee.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., October 27.—A new and most remarkable feature in the case of Charles B. Stoddard, now confined in Hudson county jail for forging checks, has just come to light. A little less than two years ago Stoddard, then masquerading under the name of Henry B. Davis, was convicted of similar offenses in Nashville and was sent to Tracy City branch prison in Tennessee, to serve a term of six years. He was put to work in the mines. This year, however, he obtained freedom by one of the boldest and most ingenious ruses that criminal ingenuity ever devised.

The discovery of fraud has led Governor Buchanan, of Tennessee, to make a requisition on Governor Abbott, of New Jersey, in order that the prisoner may be tried for the crime by which he secured his liberty.

It appears that Governor Buchanan a few months ago received a petition purporting to be signed by fifty of the leading citizens of Covington, asking for Stoddard's release, accompanied by a letter presumably signed by N. W. Baptist, of the firm of Baptist & Beadle, reputable and well known attorneys of that place.

A Nice Little Story.

This letter weaves a story of romance about Stoddard, or Davis, as he was known in Tennessee prison, and recites in great detail how he was the victim of a conspiracy, planned and engineered by a wicked and avaricious stepfather, named James Sherrill, and abetted by the latter's wicked brother.

This stepfather's cruel conduct, the letter alleged, drove the prisoner to dissipation, and the stepfather, by fraud, had him convicted of forgery, so he might enjoy the estate of Davis's mother, some sixty thousand dollars.

Baptist was made to say that he had saved a division of Sherill's estate, which would give the prisoner the snug sum of $37,000 to begin life anew. The letter also stated that a note of a confidential character had been sent to the Governor to hand to Stoddard, because a lawyer could not consistently hand it to him and then continued:

"Give him kindly admonition and God-speed. He has some money with him and should he need more and not be suitably clad, kindly meet his needs and I will send a check. He is a Mason and a member of the alliance and his brothers here are very anxious to hear of his prompt release. I trust that the acknowledgement of this letter will be the news that Davis is free."

After this charming bit of naivette, which paved the way for Stoddard to rich money and a suit of clothes from the government, the unique document says that Davis and his friends will be satisfied with the punishment of Sherrill, and that the signature of every citizen in Tipton county could have been obtained to the petition. "The signers," it goes on to say, "are all first class citizens and deeply interested in the matter of Davis's release. Justice demands his immediate pardon and I ask it as a personal favor, and whatever I can do to render your administration successful and for your future advancement in political life will be done, as you know, cheerfully."

The signatures attached to the petition include the names of S. L. Cockroft, attorney general; T. D. Flippen, judge of the circuit court; Daniel H. Smith, sheriff of Tipton county, and many others, including the law firm of Baptist & Beadle, to whom the writer of the letter was supposed to belong.

Stoddard was duly released and the governor only discovered the fraud when he spoke to one of the supposed signers of the petition, who denounced the whole thing a fraud. Stoddard's trial will come off in a few days, and under the laws of New Jersey he can be sent to the state prison for ten years. After that he can be sent to Tennessee, but not before.

REJECTED THEIR PETITION.

The Russian Government Objects to Relief Funds to Aid the Starving.

LONDON, October 27.—The Daily News learns that the Russian government has rejected the petition of a deputation of the richest Moscow merchants for permission to form a society for the relief of victims of the famine stricken districts. The society was backed by an immense amount of capital and a host of volunteers. The minister of the interior, in declining the proposition, declared that anybody attempting to visit a district where famine prevails, for any such object as that described, would be arrested.

The emigration society has prohibited the organization of relief committees at certain points. This is supposed to be due to a fear that reliance upon government relief will have a bad moral effect on the peasants, who will decline to work on relief railways and roads while the ready cash of the famine fund is procurable.

Many Families Are Homeless.

BERNE, October 27.—The official report of the fire which occurred in the town of Meiringen, in this canton, on Sunday, shows that the conflagration, which was greatly increased in destructiveness by the high wind which prevailed, destroyed 120 houses, without counting large numbers of barnes, stables and other buildings of that description, and rendered 784 persons homeless. The English church, in addition to nearly every other edifice of importance, is in ruins.

A New General Manager.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., October 27.—It is stated here in railroad circles that at the annual meeting of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago (Monon) tomorrow, W. B. Woodard will be elected vice president and general manager, to succeed A. H. McDoel. The terms of the contract by which the Brice-Thomas people advanced Breyfogle money to get out of his financial difficulty last spring stipulated that the syndicate should have full control. It is stated that Woodard, who was formerly superintendent, was recently offered the same position, but declined.

Under New Management.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., October 27.—[Special.]—The Nashville Herald now appears under the new management, having been purchased, together with its entire plant, by R. A. Halley, E. C. Ash, W. I. Cherry and J. J. Havnie, all well known in Nashville journalistic circles. The striking feature of the afternoon's issue was the announcement of a subscription rate of 25 cents a month, including the Sunday edition.

THE DEBTS SETTLED,

And Would-Be Wreckers Are Disappointed.

AFFAIRS OF THE RICHMOND TERMINAL

Are All in First-Class Financial Condition.

GENERAL THOMAS HEARD FROM.

He Brands Recent Newspaper Reports and Inuendoes as Arrant Falsehoods.

NEW YORK, October 27.—[Special.]—It was announced on Wall street today that the floating debts of the Richmond Terminal Company had all been arranged, and that the financial affairs of the company were once more in good shape.

He Had Never Asked Assistance.

President Inman said that he was not ready to talk about the matter yet, but denied that he had ever asked the assistance of Messrs. Brice & Thomas.

Mr. Inman stated that the floating debt of the Richmond terminal system, as such, was now only $120,000, for the payment of which there are ample assets. The troublesome debts have all been those of the component roads of the system. Those debts amounted to $9,000,000.

They Are All Provided For.

Mr. Thomas has provided for the eleven-hundred-thousand-dollar debt of the East Tennessee; Speyer & Co. will fund the debt of the Georgia Central, and an unknown New York house will look out for the debt of the Richmond and Danville.

Thus the floating debts are cared for and all goes well.

The Settlement Satisfactory.

This settlement is gratifying, in view of the efforts of newspaper wreckers deliberately attemping to block the road to settlement and to create a panic in which the earnings of business men would be swamped. The publication of every disturbing rumor, calculated to ruin large properties, while only serving the purposes of wreckers, is to be deprecated.

General Thomas Heard from.

The use of General Thomas's name was at all times unauthorized, and the following letter, over his own signature, should put an end to the "rot" which sensationalists have given out:

"Referring to the many reports telegraphed over the country about Terminal affairs, I wish it clearly understood that I am a personal friend of John H. Inman, and John C. and Patrick Calhoun. I have not now and never had any disagreement with them, and no trouble exists about the relations of companies in the system. I regard John H. Inman as the strongest, ablest and most important man in the organization, with more power and capacity to manage the present situation than any one in the Terminal company. There is no truth in the statement I have been required to assist him financially in any manner.

"I am not a candidate for his place, or for any other, and under no circumstances would I accept any position in connection with the Terminal company without Mr. Inman's full approval and cordial support."

RIOT ON A TRAIN.

Deputy Sheriff McCurdy Badly Cut Up.

STONE MOUNTAIN, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—There came near being a riot on the accommodation train from Atlanta last night.

Eight or ten Stone Mountain negroes went up to Atlanta yesterday to take in the exposition. They boarded the train yesterday evening for home, pretty well filled up with Decatur street liquor. Between Clarkston and this place they got into a knock-down and drag-out.

Deputy Sheriff John McCurdy, who boarded the train at Decatur, went into the car where the negroes were fighting to quell the fuss, when a half dozen of them assaulted him with knives, pistols and whisky bottles. Sheriff McCurdy had nothing to defend himself with except a small walking cane. This he did with good effect, not, however, until he had received two severe cuts upon the head and face with a knife, in the hands of Mack McDaniel. As soon as the train reached this place the whole crew was pulled by Marshal Steve McCurdy and two or three deputies. For a while pandemonium reigned supreme, and it looked a little squally for the rioters, as it was thought Sheriff McCurdy was fatally cut.

The prisoners were carried upstairs into the courtroom, and while the attention of the guard was called off Mack McDaniel made a wild break for liberty by jumping through the second-story window of the courtroom, a distance of more than twenty feet, to the ground below. He fell upon his head and right shoulder. He lost no time in rising to his feet and made a dash down the street. Before he had gone fifty yards he was overtaken and again escorted back to the courtroom. Today Mack and his brother, Sam McDaniel, were tried before Judge A. J. Goldsmith for assault with intent to murder. Mack was required to give a thousand-dollar bond for his appearance at the next superior court. Failing to give bond, he was carried to Decatur this evening and placed in jail. Sam was placed under a fifty-dollar bond. There are one or two others to be tried yet.

THE BUTCHER DAVIS

Seems to be a man of Very Depraved Taste.

ROME, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—Baldy Davis, the fourth ward butcher, who got into a row a few days ago about a woman, and was shot by Will Freiker, is the subject of more talk. It is reported that Davis has left his home, wife and little girl, and that in company with three women of questionable character in a hack he drove away. It is said that he collected all the money he could, and without warning left, and Mrs. Davis was left without a dollar and owes two months' house rent. Mrs. Davis says her husband may come back or may not, but he has got to lead a better life before she will live with him again.

WOUND UP WITH A FIGHT.

Lively Scrimmage After a Political Meeting in Ireland.

CORK, October 27.—The feeling aroused throughout Ireland and especially in this city by the recent political and factional sayings and doings is very bitter and threatens to result in serious conflicts between the McCarthyites and the Parnellites. There were several affrays here yesterday evening at the close of the various political meetings, and sticks and stones were freely used by both parties. The result is that a number of members of the two opposing parties are being nursed, in hospitals and elsewhere, for severe wounds incurred during the frays.

A girl who was an onlooker during one of these political scrimmages was severely wounded about the head and face by stones.

As Bad as Wadsworth.

A sermon preached last Sunday at Kelkenny by Father Fidelis, of St. Francis, is much commented upon here and elsewhere. Father Fidelis upon that occasion bitterly denounced the late Charles Stewart Parnell, saying that "the most depraved monster who ever lived was now swept off the face of the earth." The reverend gentleman also said that women who were supporting him were "limbs of the devil," and that the local workingmen's clubs was a "synagogue of hell."

A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

A Cotton Warehouse and Its Contents Destroyed Last Night.

NEWNAN, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—A very disastrous conflagration occurred here tonight. For a while it was feared the whole town would be destroyed.

About 9 o'clock tonight fire was discovered issuing from the roof of a large cotton warehouse owned by T. W. Powell & Co.

The alarm was sounded and the department responded with alacrity. Those who first reached the place found the warehouse door partly opened and smoke and flames issuing therefrom. From this circumstance the conclusion is drawn that an incendiary did the dastardly deed.

In the warehouse were stored 1,200 bales of cotton, and strenuous efforts were made to conquer the flames.

The loss was very heavy. It is estimated at $60,000. The insurance will fully cover the losses.

NEWNAN, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—The beautiful new depot of the Atlanta and West Point railroad is now in smoking ruins. The cotton on the platform caught from a passing locomotive, and the depot was soon in flames. About two hundred bales of cotton were lost together with $500 worth of goods in the depot. The cotton and depot were fully insured. The damage amounts to about twenty-five thousand dollars.

It was with great effort that the large business of the R. D. Cole Manufacturing Company was saved. Their own good system of waterworks saved them. A great many goods were damaged considerably in removing them from the depot.

Fire in Griffin.

GRIFFIN, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—A fire occurred in north Griffin this morning, destroying a barn and two tenement houses on the old Beeks place. The loss is between six and seven hundred dollars, with $250 insurance.

The residences of Mrs. M. S. Johnson and Mr. John B. Mills caught on fire from the burning barn, but were saved by the prompt and heroic work of the firemen.

This morning, about 9 o'clock, the Griffin Manufacturing Company caught on fire twice in close time. The first fire was in the picker room, and caught from a match in some waste cotton that was being run through the machine. The other was cause by spontaneous combustion in a pile of waste that was in the mill.

A Blaze at Greenville, S. C.

GREENVILLE, S. C., October 27.—[Special.] The large and handsome residence on Main street, formerly owned by Julius C. Smith, was nearly destroyed by fire at 1 o'clock today. The fire was first discovered when the roof was nearly all ablaze, but in a few minutes the fire department had it under control. The roof was burned off and the interior considerably damaged by water. The loss is estimated at $3,000, insurance $5,000. A high wind was blowing at the time, and the building was a frame, with a shingle roof. The quickness with which it was controlled and extinguished was remarkable, and is a credit to our excellent department and superb waterworks.

Cotton on Fire.

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 27.—Fire broke out at 11 o'clock tonight in the forward compartment of the British steamship Beudo, loaded with 10,800 bales of cotton and to have cleared tomorrow for Liverpool. Two thousand bales were in the compartment where the fire started. The fire department and a harbor tug are at work on the vessel and the fire is under control. The balance of the cargo is separated by bulkheads from that on fire and is in no danger. It is impossible to get an estimate of the loss until the damaged cargo has been discharged.

Decorations Burning.

CHARLESTON, S. C., October 27.—Visitors to the city, of whom there are several thousand here, were treated to a number not down on the gala week platform, viz.: an exhibition of the splendid work of the fire department, which has been kept busy most of the night subduing blazing arches and decorations along King street. The damage was not serious.

SEVENTY-FIVE MULES ROASTED.

Burning of a Street Car Barn—Other Work of the Flames.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., October 27.—Fire broke out at midnight in the barn of the Evansville Street Car Company, fanned by a strong northwest breeze, and destroyed property to the amount of $75,000. The flames destroyed a barn filled with hay and other feed, spread to the car sheds, where twenty-one new cars stood, and to the company's stables, containing 100 mules. Seventy-five burned to death. A dozen dwellings and several business houses within a radius of half a mile took fire, but most were saved. Hess's butcher shop and seven dwellings were destroyed. Loss to the Street Car Company, $50,000; to Hess $10,000, and to others $15,000. Only partially insured.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., October 27.—[Special.] Mr. O. C. Cleveland's home, three miles from this city, was burned this afternoon, with almost its entire contents. No one was at home but Mr. Cleveland. Loss, $2,500; insurance, $1,200.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Lieutenant Colonel Howlette, one of the few survivors of the British officers who fought at Waterloo, is dead.

The Teutonic has arrived at Queenstown, having beaten the fastest previous record from New York.

By the premature explosion of giant powder in Montana, Minn., four workmen were killed.

The annual meeting of the Society of the Army of Northern Virginia was held last night in Richmond.

The democratic demonstration and torchlight procession in New Orleans last night, in the interest of the candidacy of ex-Governor Samuel D. McEnery for governor, was a great success.

A Laredo, Tex., dispatch says that the rush of goods through the port of Laredo into Mexico to avoid the increase of duties on many articles, which goes into effect on the 1st of November, is simply immense.

Theodore Doerflinger, absconding treasurer of the school board of Pittsburg, has been arrested at Omaha.

Prairie fires have been burning for three days, and have done a great deal of damage.

The emperor of Germany gave a grand banquet last night in honor of the king of Roumania, who arrived in Germany yesterday on a visit.

S. Simon, of Berlin, has sold to the University of Chicago a library of 280,000 volumes and 120,000 dissertations in all languages. The price paid is not known.

AS A FORGER,

Beresford Is Accused Before the Jury.

HE TELLS A VERY THIN STORY,

By Which He Hopes to Explain His Crooked Career in Georgia.

ROME, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—It was an awfully airish morning, and a rather unseasonable hour to trot out one of England's swells, but he had to come.

It don't make a bit of difference to Judge Maddox whether it is "lords or negroes" he is trying, you have got to be there at 8:30, and Sidney Lascelles, alias Walter S. Beresford, was on time, and looking as fresh and bright as a crisp October morn. His garb was somewhat changed. That white English vest and those patent leather shoes were there. The gray necktie gave way to a dainty white satin scarf. Moustache, hair and hosiery looked to be the same. He was shown to his usual seat and patiently awaited. Presently the little band who gathered around him yesterday arrived and were shown seats near him. The Episcopal minister and wife, Mrs. Lascelles and Mr. and Mrs. McKinzie. His wife was eleganely attired.

The Witnesses Introduced.

There were no preliminaries today. The case of forgery, signing fictitious name to check, was called, and the witnesses introduced.

Sheriff Jake C. Moore was first introduced, as he had to leave in a few minutes. Mr. Moore testified that he met the defendant at the East Rome depot on September 22. They proceeded to the Central hotel, where Beresford's wife stopped, and Beresford registered his wife's name as Mrs. Lascelles. The hotel register was introduced and Sheriff Moore recognized the signature. Around at the jail office they talked. Beresford said his name was Lascelles, and he would not suffer his wife to go under an assumed name.

Mr. Harper Hamilton's Testimony.

Mr. Harper Hamilton then took the stand. He said that he first met Beresford at Etna some time in last January; was introduced by Mr. T. J. McGuire, of New York; spent the night at Etna, and next day came to Rome. He was introduced to witness as Walter S. Beresford. He told him a rich aunt had died and left him $250,000; that he had a deposit in the London and Westminster bank, limited. He said he was a son of Lord William Beresford, of London; that he was in the Indian service of the queen, and showed witness a patch belonging to his uniform. He also said that he often got up at midnight to try cases; that he was a judge or something like that; that his salary was eight or ten thousand dollars per year, and that he was just off on a six months' furlough; that he had been in the service thirteen years.

"Your honor," said Mr. Dean, "the defendant is charged with forgery, not misrepresenting his commercial standing."

The state showed the object as leading up to the forgery.

The Check Business.

"On January 15th, 1891, I saw the gentleman sign the check at my desk at Hamilton & Co.'s. Alfred was there. I went up and told him that Beresford wanted him to cash a check; that he said he was going right on to London and was out of money. Alfred hesitated a little, but said all right. Beresford gave a check for £200 on the London Westminster bank, limited. Mr. Wright, the cashier, handed him $970, the value of £200. Beresford put it in his pocket. He showed a check book; said it was impossible to have one unless having a deposit; said he had $250,000 on deposit there. The check given by Beresford was returned; didn't get a nickel on it. Saw defendant next in New York under arrest; in the district attorney's office. Beresford wanted to talk to him. The second day witness conversed, and told Beresford he had treated them very mean; gave a worthless check on a bank he never did have an account with. Prisoner said: 'Yes, I never did have an account there. I don't see what ever made me give a worthless check. I brought disgrace on myself and family.' As to the letters, Beresford wrote a letter to Mr. Pendleton and another to Lord William Beresford. The Lord William letter was returned unopened to Hamilton & Co. Saw the letter opened by District Attorney Welch."

Here witness held up the letter to the jury. Not a scratch was on it, only a blank sheet of paper. The spectators smiled.

"He told me at the time of writing that he wrote to his father to send him twenty-five hundred pounds, or dollars, I believe; that he had made investments.

"At Beresford's request, I called around at the jail here and talked to Beresford. He introduced me to his wife as Mrs. Lascelles. She called him Sidney."

The next witness was Mr. W. M. Pendleton, who was secretary of the Corporate Sale syndicate, of New York. He testified to the same points related in his interview this morning.

The Story of Beresford's Marriage.

Mr. A. J. Laurence, of Beaver, Pa., was then introduced to show that Beresford had obtained a marriage license in February last from him; that on that occasion he swore his name was Sidney Lascelles, and that his father and mother's names were Sidney and Louisa Lascelles. The record introduced further showed that Beresford was thirty-one years old and an English subject. That his wife's name was Maud Lillenthal, of New York, and twenty-two. Beresford's occupation gentleman; Miss Lillenthal's occupation lady. To these facts the clerk of the orphans' court, Laurence, said they swore to and signed their names. Clerk Laurence further said it was after dark when Beresford called at his home, but he went and procured the license. Beresford wanted to pay him handsomely, but he would not accept it. He asked the privilege of sending some cigars, and in a few days Beresford sent him two boxes, and good ones, signing his name Lascelles in an accompanying note.

Beresford Tells His Story.

The afternoon session opened with the defendant, Sidney Lascelles, in the witness stand. In his hands were several sheets of paper, to which he would often refer. He covered the whole ground in about an hour's talk. He said among other other things:

"I am going to try to prove conclusively to you that I am not guilty of these charges against me. This prosecution is brought, not so much for the vindication of the law, as for private vengeance. In regard to the check, I certainly gave the check to Hamilton & Co., but never at any time stated to any of the Hamilton family that I had the sum of $250,000 lying in that bank, or any sum whatever." He dwelt at length on the idea that the Hamiltons were seeking vengeance because they had lost by him. He referred to Mr. Pendleton's testimony; said that Mr. Pendleton had given him four letters; one to his son in New York in a social way, one to General Alexander, of Savannah; one to his mother-in-law in Atlanta, and one to Mr. McGuire, of New York. That he sailed over on the Umbria; that the price agreed upon as to the iron property was $1,500,000; that it was painted to him in glowing colors; that he came down and looked at the property and thought very favorably of it; that while here he learned that the property was put in at one million, while it was being sold to him for one million and a half; that while in Atlanta one of the most prominent citizens there told him that the price was a mighty stiff one.

The Check Business.

Now, as to the check, I certainly gave it to Hamilton & Co., but I assure you, gentlemen, I never stated to any of the Hamiltons that I had $250,000 or any sum in bank. Now, as to showing the check book and telling them that a man could not have one unless he had deposited; in England you never see loose checks lying around like you do in America, in a merchant's office or broker's table, etc. I showed the Hamiltons my check book, for I had kept an account there, but on account of the expenses of my coming marriage I had expended largely. I wrote to my relative to see about my account there, and from some accident he did not do it in time. I went to New York after looking over the iron property and giving the check. The conversation with the Atlanta man about a pretty stiff price turned my mind. I let the Hamiltons know, after arriving in New York, that I was not going to England. I made further inquiry into the property, and decided not to buy.

Beresford here gave the tax value of the property and drew a comparison between it and the price. Beresford then impressed the fact that he never said he was the son of Lord William Beresford, but only a cousin. Then Beresford left the witness stand, walked over to the table, and picking up a little red bound book, said:

"This is an extract from the official peerage book, and contains Lord William Beresford's name. He is an official in India."

The prisoner asked state's counsel if they wanted to see it, but they did not. Then defendant said Colonel Hamilton had advised him when he got to Rome to use the name of Lascelles, and to drop Beresford. Colonel Hamilton expressed great sympathy for my wife and myself: said that the Lord forgave us our trespasses as we should forgive those who trespassed against us, and all that sort of thing. I told him I had married under the name of Lascelles.

They Have Two Names.

Now in England 90 per cent of the society people have two names, one for sporting and business, and one for society; one the father's name, the other the mother's.

Here Beresford spoke about a compromise. He then said his wife's mother was worth $5,000,000, but his brother-in-law was a great enemy of his, as he had power of attorney and didn't want another man in the family; that his brother-in-law had said to him if he would consent to leave the country and let your wife be divorced, he would settle up all indebtedness, give bond and let him ship. Beresford refused. Then his brother-in-law said "I'll spend $50,000 to send him to the penitentiary." My wife's mother would not stoop to anything false. She is known in New York as a good, upright Christian woman, and when his wife wrote to her a few days ago, she made no answer at all in regard to the prosecution of her brother-in-law." Beresford stated that at the Central hotel in Rome, when he was parting from his wife to go to jail, she said: "Thank God, Colonel Hamilton is our friend."

Interrupted by the Judge.

Judge Maddox said: "Hold on a minute; you must confine yourself to matters relevant."

Beresford smilingly said: "Very good, your honor."

The defendant dwelt again on the vengeance of the prosecutors, that they had thwarted his efforts to procure bail, that because Mr. Humphreys, city editor of The Tribune, had written a sympathetic article in his behalf, and because he desired to publish facts about this bond business, Captain Seay told him he should not, and Mr. Humphreys resigned his position. "I was brought here for cheating and swindling, and thought I would be tried for that, but I was fool enough to sign my name on the Central hotel register as Colonel Hamilton requested me. I assure you, gentlemen, this is the truth."

While the statement in some parts was rambling and abrupt, and with much repetition, it was full. He was nearly an hour in making it. He delivered it with the utmost effect. He looked steadfastly in the eyes of the jury, and would emphasize his point skillfully.

While he was making his statement his wife sat there, and listened with her eyes towards the floor.

The defense announced it closed, and argument began.

The case will go to the jury in the morning.

THE DEATH RECORD.

The Eatonton Messenger says: "Mrs. John T. Dennis died at her home five miles from Eatonton at 6 o'clock p. m., Monday, and the funeral services were conducted from the Eatonton Methodist church, of which she was a consistent member, Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in the presence of a large concourse of people from both town and county, who had assembled to pay a last sad tribute to her worth. Rev. T. A. Seals delivered an impressive and a beautiful and touching funeral sermon. Mrs. Dennis was the eldest daughter of the late David Rosser Adams. Soon after the war she married Mr. Dennis, and she was a devoted wife. Entering upon married life at a time when fortunes had been swept away by the devastations of war, this couple, by energy, frugality and proper judgment built up a beautiful home and became surrounded by the comforts of life and such of the luxuries as in their wisdom they deemed good for them. As in this, so in all other particulars, Mrs. Dennis filled her womanly sphere with a completeness that is rarely witnessed. The cares of the housewife were lightened by the methodical and natural way in which she performed them, and she found time for the little things of life that help to make a happy home. Possessing ample mental endowments, and being attractive in person, pleasant in manner and exalted in character; with a heart that was large enough to take in all human kind, and a Christianity broad, true and unobtrusive; uttering words of cheer and performing acts of mercy and kindness at the right time and in the right way, she became universally loved and respected, and when she joined the silent majority very many felt that they had lost a personal friend. Her life was a success, her death a triumph. The world is better for her pilgrimage in it, and henceforth her angelic spirit will keep watch over those whom she loved best.

CALHOUN, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—The remains of Mr. Leon R. Crouford, one of the young men killed in the terrible railroad wreck at Goodwater, near Columbus, Ga., a few days past, were interred at the Fain cemetery, near this place yesterday. Mr. Cronford was principally reared in Calhoun, and was a young man of bright intellect and possessor of many noble characteristics. His sudden and unexpected death was shocking and painful in the extreme to his numerous friends and relatives, and has cast gloom of sadness over the entire community. Hundreds of his friends and acquaintances gathered at his grave to witness the funeral ceremonies over his body and gave evidence to the esteem in which he was held by the people of his native town and community.

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—Mr. Leopold T. Blome, the oldest employe in the city government, who has held the responsible position of clerk of the city council for thirty years, who was also secretary of the board of health, died at 1 o'clock this morning from heart failure. He was highly honored and esteemed in public and private life. His record as a faithful, capable and popular official is known to all in Augusta. In early life he was in the newspaper business in Alabama, and his connection with Augusta journalism before the war was prominent and popular. He was born in Milledgeville, Ga., sixty years ago. He leaves a devoted wife and one little daughter. The funeral will be held at 9:30 o'clock in the morning, and all the city offices will be closed in respect to his memory.

ATHENS, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—The funeral of Colonel Steven Thomas occurred this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at his late residence in this city. A large number of friends and acquaintances were present and the ceremonies were very impressive. As the opening hymn the choir sang "Jesus, Savior Pilot Me." Dr. C. W. Lane, pastor of the Presbyterian church, conducted the services in a most solemn manner. The floral offerings were lovely. The board of directors of the Southern Mutual attended the funeral in a body. Mrs. Thomas, who is advanced in years, is lying very ill at her home, and hardly expected to recover.

COLUMBUS, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—A very sad death came to the home of Mr. N. C. Curtis last Sunday evening, and robbed him of his wife. Mrs. Curtis had been sick for several days, but was convalescing, and was sitting up. She asked her husband to get her something to eat. When brought to her, she began eating, and suddenly, without any warning, fell over dead. Heart failure is supposed to have been the cause.

COVINGTON, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—Mrs. Dolly Parks died here last night of consumption. She was the widow of Rev. William Parks, deceased, one of the pioneers of Methodism in this State, and a man who was quite prominent in both the councils and the work of the Methodist church. Mrs. Parks was over seventy years of age, spent most of her life in this county, and had made hundreds of warm friends by her affable manners and admirable traits of character. Her remains will be buried in Oxford at 10:30 a. m. tomorrow.

Lost His Cash.

About 12 o'clock last night G. C. Bancrough, who lives at 44½ North Broad street, reported to police headquarters that he was short a new one-hundred-dollar bank note.

In one division of his large folding pocketbook he had some bank certificates that amounted to something over one thousand dollars. In another division he had two one-hundred-dollar bank notes. When he examined the contents of the book he found that one of the notes was gone. He has the number of the stolen note and the date of issuance.

The true and only way to overcome Billous or Malarial troubles is to regulate the liver and bowels with Bile Beans.

SOME LIVELY RACES

Were Those at Piedmont Park Yesterday Afternoon.

A NEW FAVORITE WINS THE LAST.

Billy Bush, the Badly Behaved, Wins the First Easily—Sight Draft Wins the Second, Drift Wins the Third.

The races yesterday afternoon were witnessed by a crowded grand stand, with a sprinkling of ladies, who enjoyed them very much.

The favorite won in all the races but the last, which was the principal race of the day, made so by the close contest.

Some good runners were entered for this race, and it proved to be the most interesting race seen at the park for many days.

This race was for $150, of which $25 went to second, for three-year-olds and upwards, seven furlongs.

The entries were: Archbishop, Little Dixie, Etta Brie, Drift, R. B. C.

Little Dixie, Uncle Joe Bland's lightning race cousre artist, was the favorite, as she has already won one race during the exposition.

Little was known about Drift, as it was his first appearance on the track, but from his movement money was put up on him freely. The others were well known, and the boys backed them to a more or less extent.

Some of the boys had lost quite freely on the first two races, and thought by betting on Little Dixie they could replace their losses; consequently, few takers could be found for the heavy odds that they offered to lay.

Pools were sold ten to seven, Little Dixie against the field.

At the first attempt a good start was made, and evenly dressed the five horses ran together to the backstretch. Here Archbishop did some good work and gained a length over Little Dixie, who pressed him close. Turning into the homestretch the horses opened out, with Little Dixie ahead, closely followed by Archbishop and Drift. Drift did some surprising work on the homestretch, and by a whipping finish, won, by almost two lengths, with Archbishop holding second place, and with Little Dixie, the favorite, third. Time, 1:34.

The result of this race was a surprise, but it stirred up the old time enthusiasm in the boys.

Summary of the Races.

First race, selling, purse of $200, of which $50 to second, for all ages. Heats, five furlongs—2 in 3.

Billy Bush, (117)	1
Trovator, (117)	2
Harry Lightbody, (104)	3
Tecumseh, (107)	4
Lex, (102)	5

Time, 1:06.

Betting Books—Billy Bush 2 to 5, Harry Lightbody 4 to 1, Trovatori 6 to 1, Tecumseh 4 to 10; auction pools 10 to 4, Billy Bush against the field.

This was a pretty race, but the fact that Billy Bush was generally conceded to be the winner, robbed it of its interest. Billy Bush led out from the start, and never relinguished his lead until he had won the first heat. Trovatori came second in the first heat. Before starting the first heat Billy Bush behaved very badly and was very hard to start; but once started, he led the field again and won, with Harry Lightbody as second, in exactly the same time as the second.

Second race, purse $250, of which $50 to second—a free handicap one and three-sixteenths of a mile:

Sight Draft, (122)	1
George K., (115)	2
Grover C., (110)	3

Time, 2:12¾.

Books—Sight Draft 3 to 5, George K. 2 to 1, Grover C. 5 to 1; auction pools 5 to 3, Sight Draft against the field.

Bunched, the three horses ran past the grand stand, when Grover C. gained a length and held it until the homestretch was reached, when George K. and Sight Draft abreast ran ahead of him. Neck and neck the two last named ran around the track, but by some good work on the finish Sight Draft won.

Third race, purse of $150, of which $25 to second, seven furlongs.

Drift, (112)	1
Archbishop, (108)	2
Little Dixie, (112)	3
Etta Brie, (112)	4
R. B. C., (110)	5

Time, 1:24.

The Races Today.

There will be some good racing today.

The entries are:

First race, purse $150, racing sweepstakes, 3 in 5, mile heats; Miss Folsom, Roanake, Whitman.

Second race, purse $75, half-mile dash; Archbishop, Lucy Harper, Harry Lightbody, Lex, Billy Lincoln.

Third race, purse $50, half-mile dash, mules, open to the world; Miss Lizzie, Rainbow.

Races will begin at 2 o'clock promptly.

Postmaster won the race on last Saturday in which Monabell was printed as winner.

A CONSIDERABLE FIRE.

Three Residences Burned, Including Two Handsome and Costly Buildings.

There were two pretty residences destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. They were located on East avenue.

One was the property and residence of Mr. Wallace, of M. C. Kiser & Co.'s, and the other was the residence of Mrs. Young. Mr. Wallace's residence was a handsome two-story structure with ten rooms. It had only been built a few months and cost something over two thousand dollars. Mr. Wallace's house caught after Mrs. Young's, and when it was found that the building was in danger, a large crowd began to remove the furniture, and the most of it was saved. Mr. Wallace, it is stated, had some insurance, but the amount could not be learned.

Mrs. Young's house was built on the cottage style, and had about eight rooms. It was a real pretty residence, worth about fifteen hundred to eighteen hundred dollars. It was not known whether it was insured or not. She saved some of her furniture.

The two buildings caught from a little double-room negro tenement which was on an adjoining block. The tenement caught, and before the flames could be gotten under control the sparks were carried by the wind to Mrs. Young's residence, and from it to Mr. Wallace's. The alarm was rung in, and the fire department promptly responded, but it was so far out that the fire was beyond control before they arrived. They did some good work when they reached the scene, but the wind was very high and at the stage the fire had reached it was impossible to save either of the buildings.

The sparks blew fully two blocks, and set another tenement on fire, but with the aid of a small chemical engine that was near it was saved.

Another alarm was turned in from Capitol avenue, but it was only a small blaze and was extinguished without damage.

THE PARRICIDE IN JAIL.

He Murdered His Child and Fled the Country.

ALBANY, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—Turner Robinson, the negro man who murdered his own child, a girl, eleven or twelve years old, on the Slappey place, in Baker county, some time last fall, is now safe behind the bars at Newton. Robinson beat his child to death, and then buried her in the edge of a pond, near his house. Subsequently some little children playing around the pond, discovered hogs eating the decomposed remains, which they had rooted up. An examination followed, and from pieces of clothing found near the remains, they were identified as those of Robinson's child, who had been missing for some time, and who was supposed to be at the home of some relatives in another portion of the county. Robinson immediately fled the country, and a reward was offered by the governor for his arrest, which was accomplished by Sheriff Odem, of Baker county, at Irondale, in Decatur county, last Friday night.

How He Was Discovered.

The whereabouts of Robinson were unknown until a few days before his capture. Robinson had been engaged in digging a well, and when going down one morning he was overcome by gas in the well, and, becoming unconscious, fell and broke his leg. He then wrote to his wife concerning his misfortune, and she, being unable to read, was forced to get another person to read the letter. From this person came the information of Robinson's whereabouts, and his arrest followed. Robinson's wife, who was the murdered child's step-mother, is, no doubt, accessory to the deed, although no positive evidence to that effect is yet in hand.

The crime was a most brutal one, and seems to have been prompted by no other motive than because the child wanted to live with some of its dead mother's relatives, as she had been brutalized by her step-mother.

PRISONERS HAVE ESCAPED.

A General Movement from the Baldwin Bars.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., October 27.—[Special] The prisoners of Milledgeville jail have broke out tonight, and the town is in great excitement.

Among the prisoners is one negro sentenced to be hung this month. A party of men have started in pursuit.

The officer in charge of the jail was badly hurt.

PADDY KNOCKED OUT.

Prize Fight Between Harris Martin and Paddy Gorman.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 27.—[Special.]—Harris Martin, the Minnesota "Black Pearl," knocked out Paddy Gorman, the Australian middle weight, last night after four hot rounds before the Pacific club for a $1,000 purse.

A Novel Advertisement.

At 36 and 38 Wall street, where the mammoth bankrupt sale of hardware is going on, pocket knives are being given away. This will attract everybody. It will pay any one to go there and see the array of hardware, and at the prices it is being sold. Everything spread out in baskets right before your eyes.

As you walk through the big store you see tack hammers at 3 cents; tacks, 1 cent per paper; egg beaters, 45 cents; spoons, 5 cents a set; dippers, 5 cents; carvers, 60 cents a pair; shoe brushes, 10 and 15 cents; carpenter's tools and everything else, at about half price.

We asked Jim Logan, who was there, how goods could be sold at such prices, and he said: "We must vacate this store, as other parties have rented it, and the goods must go at some price."

Everybody in Atlanta who wants hardware should go to 36 and 38 Wall street, while this sale continues.

A GOOD FEELING.

It Is Brought About After Investigating Vignaux's Restaurant.

That tired and worn out feeling which so frequently comes over a person these busy October days has been arranged for and may be overcome at the restaurant of Mr. B. Vignaux, 16 Whitehall street. The restaurant as now conducted is the Delmonico of the city and those who are hungry can find the choicest of viands to satisfy them, and those who have no appetite at all and can find nothing to suit them, can get the most tempting eatables ever set before a king. Mr. Vignaux is a born chef and knows just exactly what the people want and how to prepare it.

While the city is full of people and more a-coming, they should be looked after and told where to eat at a reasonable price. Mr. Vignaux is not like some other institutions in the city, doubling his prices simply because the exposition is here, but on the contrary, gives better fare at the same old prices.

Remember the place, 16 Whitehall street, right in the heart of the city. It will pay you to visit Mr. Vignaux; he has everything you want.

Escaped from Jail.

About 9 o'clock last night a white man by the name of Turner escaped from the county jail.

Look out for counterfeits!—Buy the genuine Salvation Oil, the great pain cure. 25 cts.

Miss Emma R. cured an attack of incipient consumption with Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Katie Putnam Tonight.

This charmer will be at the opera house tonight in her beautiful play of "Love Finds a Way.' The following reproduction of a New Orleans notice shows how Katie and her play were received there:

"Miss Katie Putnam met with an ovation last night at the Grand in her play 'Love Finds a Way.' She has not been seen here in five years, but comes, nevertheless, with all the chick and vim of the other days.

"Miss Putnam held the audience from the rise to the fall of the curtain, and does not seem to have a line in her part that is not effective. Her flights from grave to gay are executed with such grace and ease that the transition seems more a reality than a stage rendition. She sings and dances well, and does not play for effect at any time.

"Mr. Edwin Gardner, in the role of Samuel Smirks, is an eccentric comedian of no mean order, and was well received. Charles Mortimer gave satisfaction in the part of lover. The other parts were well sustained by quite capable people, and the show on the whole is pleasing, and is likely to prove a good card for the week."—New Orleans Item.

A Lady Lion Tamer.

Colonel Boone, who is now in this country exhibiting his horde of performing lions, which are performed free and unmuzzled in a circus ring, is accompanied by a female lion trainer—a "lion queen," as the show bills style her. Her name is Millie Carlotta. She is not over twenty years old, and is said to be as brave as she is beautiful. She enters the enclosure accompanied by her noble patrol dog "Saxon," and to see her in the arena surrounded by half a dozen thousand-pound, lordly lions, directing their movements with as little apparent concern as if they were a lot of harmless cats, makes the spectator shudder for an instant. Colonel Boone is authority for the statement that women are better adapted for performing with wild beasts, than men. Be this as it may, we will not controvert the remark made by a lady, who, upon hearing this statement of Colonel Boone's, suggested that this was a fact, and that only a woman was capable of subjugating the most intractable of all animals—man.

Carlotta drives the lions harnessed to chariots, feeds them from her hand, makes them posture, dance, leap, play see-saw, ride tricycles, and many other equally astonishing acts. This is one of the famous features of the famous Forepaugh show, which is to exhibit here on Monday, November 2d.

MACON'S FAIR.

Military Day Proves a Great Success—15,000 People Present.

MACON, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—This was "military day" at the park, and it was a grand success. There were fully 15,000 people on the fair grounds. The prize drilling was superb, and elicited much interest and attention. All the early morning trains brought in coaches loaded with passengers. The drilling today took place in the following order:

Floyd Rifles, of Macon; Perry Rifles, of Perry; Baldwin Blues, of Milledgeville; Macon Light Infantry.

The judges were Lieutenants Satterlee and Bethel, of the United States army.

MOVING FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Out of the Macon State Fair the Project Comes.

MACON, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—Today a movement was started at the Macon fair to have Georgia represented at the world's fair at Chicago. The proposition is for the state to raise $100,000, with which to make a display. Communications will be addressed to prominent men in every county in Georgia, asking them to get their county interested and make subscription to the fund. A committee of ten was appointed, with Mayor Price as chairman, to put the project into active operation.

An Eczema on a Boy

Sufferings Intense. Head nearly Raw. Body covered with Sores. Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

I bought a bottle of CUTICURA RESOLVENT one box of CUTICURA SALVE, and one cake of CUTICURA SOAP, for my son, aged thirteen years, who has been afflicted with eczema for a long time, and I am pleased to say that I believe the remedies have cured him. His sufferings were intense, his head being nearly raw, his ears being gone except the gristle, and his body was covered with sores. His condition was frightful to behold. The sores have now all disappeared, his skin is healthy, eyes bright, cheerful in disposition, and is working every day. My neighbors are witnesses to this remarkable cure, and the doubting ones are requested to call or write me, or any of my neighbors. WM. S. STEPHENSON, Winchester P. O., Union Co., N. C.

Stubborn Skin Disease

I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES for about four months for the treatment of a very stubborn case of skin disease, something like eczema. I will state I tried a great many other advertised remedies and had been treated by local physicians, and all to no purpose. The CUTICURA REMEDIES did the work, and my body when I commenced was absolutely covered. E. D. McCLELEN, Piedmont, Ala.

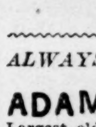
Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and greatest of Humor Remedies, internally, (to cleanse the blood of all impurities and poisonous elements, and thus removing the cause), and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally (to clear the skin and scalp, and restore the hair), speedily and permanently cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, crusted, pimply, scrofulous, and hereditary humors, from infancy to age, from pimples to scrofula.

Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

PIMPLES, black-heads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.



WEAK, PAINFUL BACKS,

Kidney and Uterine Pains and Weaknesses relieved in one minute by the **Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster**, the first and only pain-killing plaster.

AMUSEMENTS.

ALWAYS AHEAD!

28TH YEAR OF

ADAM FOREPAUGH'S

Largest, oldest, richest, tented exhibition in the whole world. **1200 MEN AND HORSES.** Will exhibit afternoon and night, at 2 and 8 o'clock p. m., at

Atlanta, Monday, November 2.

Pavilions open one hour previous to commencement. Coming in all its vast entirety:

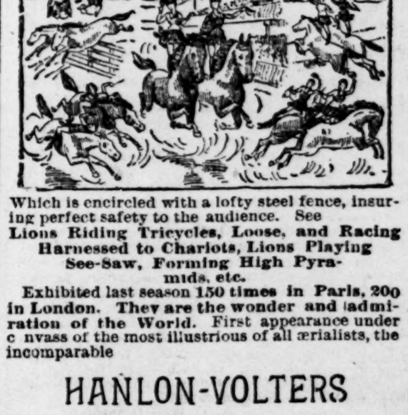
4-Paw's Colossal Triple Circus!
4-Paw's Startling Stage Sensations!
4-Paw's Glorious Hippodrome Races!
4-Paw's Mammoth Double Menagerie!
4-Paw's Trained Animals Exposition!
4-Paw's Wild West Show!
4-Paw's Famous Foreign Features!

First season in America of

COL. BOONE AND MISS CARLOTTA,

the world's most accomplished and bravest lion tamers and trainers.

5 LIONS All Let Loose in the CIRCUS RING



Which is encircled with a lofty steel fence, insuring perfect safety to the audience. See **Lions Riding Tricycles, Loose, and Racing Harnessed to Chariots, Lions Playing See-Saw, Forming High Pyramids, etc.**

Exhibited last season 150 times in Paris, 200 in London. They are the wonder and admiration of the World. First appearance under canvass of the most illustrious of all ærialists, the incomparable

HANLON-VOLTERS

In their thrilling "Leap for Life" 40 feet in midair on the swaying trapeze.

200 Arenic Stars.

3 Times the Greatest Menagerie

Ever exhibited in America and only realistic and reconstructed

Wild West Exhibition!

—150 Scouts, Savages and Soldiers!—

Capt. A. H. Bogardus and sharpshooters. Border life in all its phases including the wild and weird

GHOST DANCE!

All the entire and superb

Paris Hippodrome!

One-fourth mile track, every kind of races, French female charioteers,

ADAM FOREPAUGH'S

New and astounding trained animal exhibition, including

20 WONDERFUL and WISE ELEPHANTS

$50,000 Stud Trained Horses.

100 ACTING ANIMALS!

Daily Expenses $5,500, Capital $3,000,000
50 Cars. 4 Trains.

The sumptuous and stupendous

GALA-DAY PARADE

Of the mighty combine takes place at 10 o'clock a. m., daily, unfolding to public view, free as the air to everybody, all the dazzling, unique, picturesque, historical and sumptuous processional resources of the Monster Dual Organization.

Admission, as usual. Cheap Round Trip Excursions on all lines of travel. See Local Agents for Particulars.

Two Exhibitions Daily, at usual hours. For the accommodation of the public who would avoid the crowds on the grounds, reserved numbered seats (at regular prices) and admission tickets, at usual slight advance, can be secured at Miller's News Store, under opera house, the day of Exhibition only. Admission: adults, $1; children under nine years, 50 cents.

ADAM FOREPAUGH'S Original, Colossal Aggregation is the Only Great Show Coming here this season. J. E. COOPER, Proprietor.

oct19 21 23 26 27 28 29 30 31 nov1



Some Children Growing Too Fast

become listless, fretful, without energy, thin and weak. But you can fortify them and build them up, by the use of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL AND HYPOPHOSPHITES Of Lime and Soda.

They will take it readily, for it is almost as palatable as milk. And it should be remembered that AS A PREVENTIVE OR CURE OF COUGHS OR COLDS, IN BOTH THE OLD AND YOUNG, IT IS UNEQUALLED. *Avoid substitutions offered.*

THE DRESDEN

Our retail department now in full blast at J. M. High's new store.

China,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Bric-a-Brac,
Housefurnishing Goods,
Pictures, Lamps

In endless variety. All goods marked in plain figures. Astonishingly low prices.

Mueller & Koempler

RAILROAD TIME-TABLES.

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
*No. 3, from Savannah	7 45 am	*No. 2, to Savannah	7 [illegible]
*No. 11, from Macon	10 50 am	*No. 12, to Macon	4 [illegible]
*No. 1, from Savannah	7 35 pm	*No. 4, to Savannah	7 [illegible]

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

From Nashville*	7 00 am	To Nashville*	[illegible]
From Marietta*	8 20 am	To Chattanooga*	[illegible]
From Rome	10 55 am	To Rome	[illegible]
From Chat'n'ga*	1 45 pm	To Marietta*	[illegible]
From Nashville*	6 40 pm	To Nashville*	[illegible]

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From West Point	8 15 am	To Opelika*	7 [illegible]
From Montg'm'y*	12 05 pm	To Selma*	[illegible]
From Selma*	2 10 pm	To West Point	[illegible]
From Opelika*	5 55 pm	To Montgomery*	11 [illegible]

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From Augusta*	6 30 am	To Augusta*	[illegible]
From Covington	7 50 am	To Decatur	[illegible]
From Decatur	9 55 am	To Clarkston	[illegible]
From Augusta	1 00 pm	To Augusta*	[illegible]
From Clarkston	1 55 pm	To Clarkston	[illegible]
From Clarkston	4 35 pm	To Covington	[illegible]
From Augusta*	5 45 pm	To Augusta*	[illegible]

EAST TENN., VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA R'Y.

No. 12 from Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville	11 15 am	No. 12 for Rome, N'w Y'k, Cincin'ti, Kn'xville and Memphis and Ala. points	[illegible]
No. 11, from NewY'k, Knoxv'le, Nashv'le, and Cincinnati	6 50 pm	*No. 14, for Rome, Nashville, Cincin'ti, New York and Memphis	11 [illegible]
No 15, from Cincinna ti, Nashville and Knoxville	5 50 am	*No. 15, for Savannah, Brunsw'k and Jacksonville	6 [illegible]
No. 14, from Savannah, Jacksonville, Brunswick and Macon	7 35 pm	*No. 11, for Savannah, Brunsw'k and Jacksonville	7 [illegible]
No. 13, from Chattanooga, Gadsden, Anniston and Rome	3 00 pm	No. 16, for Rome, Anniston, Selma and Chattanooga	7 [illegible]

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.
(RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD.)

From Lula	7 50 am	To Washington*	[illegible]
From Wash'gton*	12 10 pm	To Washington*	[illegible]
From Wash'gton*	4 00 pm	To Lula	[illegible]
From Wash'gton*	11 30 pm	To Washington*	[illegible]

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R.
(GEORGIA PACIFIC DIVISION, SEPT. 2?, '91.)

From Greenville*	6 30 am	To Birmingham*	4:05 pm
From Tallapoosa*	8 40 am	To Tallapoosa*	5:00 pm
From Birming'm*	12 15 pm	To Greenville*	11:35 pm

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.

From Ft. Valley*	10 45 am	To Fort Valley*	4 [illegible] pm

*Daily. †Sunday only. [illegible] trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

Richmond and Danville Railroad

Company, operating the Central Railroad of Georgia. Time card in effect September 2?, 1891.

Atlanta to Florida.	No. 2	No. 4	No. [illegible]
Lv Atlanta	7 10 am	7 10 pm	[illegible]
Ar Griffin	8 36 am	8 42 pm	[illegible]
Ar Macon Junc	10 30 am	10 45 pm	[illegible]
Ar Macon	10 45 am	10 55 pm	[illegible]
Lv Macon	10 20 am		[illegible]
Lv Macon Junc	10 35 am		[illegible]
Ar Albany	2 55 pm		[illegible]
Ar Thomasville	5 40 pm		[illegible]
Ar Waycross			[illegible]
Ar Brunswick			[illegible]
Ar Jacksonville			[illegible]

JACKSONVILLE TO ATLANTA.

	No. 1	No. 3	No. [illegible]
Lv Jacksonville			[illegible]
Lv Brunswick			[illegible]
Lv Waycross			[illegible]
Lv Thomasville			[illegible]
Ar Albany			[illegible]
Ar Macon			[illegible]
Lv Macon	3 45 pm	3 45 am	[illegible]
Ar Griffin	6 06 pm	6 03 am	[illegible]
Ar Atlanta	7 26 pm	7 45 am	[illegible]

ATLANTA, SAVANNAH AND JACKSONVILLE.

SOUTHWARD. No. 2	No. 4		NORTHWARD. No. 1	No. 3
7 10 am	7 10 pm	Lv Atlanta ... Ar	7 35 pm	[illegible]
8 36 am	8 42 pm	Lv Griffin ... Ar	6 00 pm	[illegible]
11 00 am	10 15 pm	Lv Macon ... Ar	3 45 pm	[illegible]
6 20 pm	6 30 am	Ar Savannah Lv	8 15 am	[illegible]
8 30 am	12 00 pm	Ar J'cks'nv'e Lv	6 30 pm	[illegible]

Palace sleeping cars on Nos. 3 and 4 between Atlanta and Savannah; Pullman, Savannah and Jacksonville.

ATLANTA TO COLUMBUS VIA GRIFFIN.

	No. 2	No. 12
Lv. Atlanta	7 10 am	4 10 pm
Ar Griffin	8 36 am	5 50 pm
Lv Griffin	8 40 am	6 00 pm
Ar Columbus	11 50 am	9 10 pm

Through coach between Atlanta and Columbus on No. 1 and 12.

SUBURBAN TRAINS—(Daily except Sunday.)

	am	am	pm	pm	
Leave Atlanta	6 45	8 15	1 00	3 00	[illegible]

RETURNING.

	am	am	am	pm	
Leave Hapeville	6 00	7 25	9 00	3 10	[illegible]

SUNDAY SCHEDULE.

Leave Atlanta	3 00 pm	6 00 pm	[illegible]

RETURNING.

Leave Hapeville	2 10 pm	4 00 pm	[illegible]

All trains above run daily.

W. H. GREEN, Gen. Manager Atlanta.
SOL HAAS, Traffic Manager, Atlanta.
V. E. McBEE, Gen. Supt., Savannah.
J. L. TAYLOR, Gen. Pass. Agt., Atlanta.
S. H. HARDWICK, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., Savannah, Ga.
A. A. VERNOY, Pass. Agent, Atlanta.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Some Children Growing Too Fast
...s, fretful, without ener... ...eak. But you can for... build them up, by the
...OTT'S ...ULSION
...OD LIVER OIL AND ...PHOSPHITES ...e and Soda.
... it readily, for it is al... ...table as milk. And it ...embered that AS A PRE... ...RE OF COUGHS OR COLDS ...OLD AND YOUNG, IT IS ...void substitutions offered.

...RESDEN
...ail department ...l blast at J. M. ...y store.
...ery, ...lassware, Bric-a-Brac, ...ishing Goods, ...ictures, Lamps, ... variety. All ...rked in plain ...tonishingly low
... & Koemple.

TIME-TABLES.
...al and Departure of All ...is City—Central Time.
...Danville Railroad
...he Central Railroad of ...ffect September 20, 1891.

PREACHER BELL FREE

But He'll Work It Out in the Lumpkin Gold Mines.

KATIE FRANTIC AT THE PARTING.

He Grew Poetic When He Learned That He Would Be Free.

DAHLONEGA, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—Rev. Zachary Taylor Bell is out of jail and is breathing free air.

His brother, Joe Bell, who is a prominent and highly respectable citizen of Auraria, in this county, after some hesitation went to work in behalf of his convicted brother and succeeded in getting him out of jail, under the hope that he would lead a more exemplary life in the future.

Through Joe Bell's influence the money was secured to pay Taylor's fine of $200 and costs.

Will Work in the Mines.

The ex-evangelist works in the mines to pay back the money. He will get $1 a day for his labor, and his brother will give him free grub and clothing.

After all, it is a kind of chaingang for the erratic preacher, but it is not like wearing the shackles.

His brother's only fear seems to have been his desire for an opportunity to reform, but his brotherly affections overcame all doubts, and he went to work to secure the money. His brother is a poor man, and could not pay the money himself, but he stands as security for the debt.

There was no look of triumph on the Rev. Taylor's face when his brother went after him, but he burst into tears, and says if God lets him live to get his time worked out, he will go back to his poor, deserted wife and little children.

Katie's Impulsive Heart.

Katie Mashburn cried as if her heart was breaking when Bell left the jail, and went into spasms. It seemed like she couldn't bear it; and part of the money had been contributed to pay her fine, and she had believed she was going to be released.

Bell had asserted he would never leave the jail unless Katie could get out, too, but when he was given a chance to get from the bars, he eagerly embraced the opportunity.

The parting between the two was in silence, and as he reached the street, she cried to him "that she would swear the child to him."

It is believed by many people that the two will again get together.

Katie Must Suffer.

Katie Mashburn will be carried to the chaingang this week, if the balance of her fine of $50 and costs is not paid right away. And if the people had any pity for either of them, it was certainly for her, for however wickedly she may have sinned, she is among strangers, deserted, and no one to aid her. Bell tries to make it appear that he was enticed away by the woman, but all the circumstances connected with the case give the lie to this.

The facts show that it was a deliberate elopement on the part of both of them.

Colonel John B. Graham, when asked to help pay Miss Mashburn's fine, made a sensible reply—that he did not tell them to run away together, and they could abide the consequences of their deliberate acts, and that if they wanted to take up a collection for poor Mrs. Bell he was in.

Breaks Into Verse.

While yet in jail, but when he learned his fine would be paid, Bell wrote the following lines:

I'll go back to my old love again—
She wil smile and forgive me, I know;
Every day brings its sorrow and pain,
And I'm weary wherever I go.
Will we live thus apart?
There is light in my heart,
And I try to be glad, but in vain.
There is a sweet voice that whispers to me:
Go back to your old love again.

Once again I will sit by her side,
And the love which my absence denied
Will be brought back in gladness again.
We will kiss and forgive
And in future will live
Far away from all sorrow and pain.
Oh, the thought brings me joy and delight—
I'll go back to my old love again.

She will sing all the songs of the past,
Which have echoed so long in my heart,
And the spell that will never depart.
Many years since have fled
But the dream is not dead.
While I live it will always remain
There is joy in the future for me—
I'll go back to my old love again.

In Jail. —Z. T. BELL.

She Wants Him Back.

This was written in a cramped, cracker hand, without capitals or punctuation. He says they express his true sentiments.

His deserted wife in North Carolina has relented and is willing to pardon her unfaithful husband. She believes that he was enticed away, and the responsibility all falls on poor Katie's unprotected head.

He says this is the only error of his life, and that he will, if God allows him, atone in the future.

He is greatly wrought up over the newspaper notoriety that has been given the case, and can't find epithets strong enough to express his opinion of the "infernal, meddlesome scribblers."

Mrs. Bell writes that she is having a severe struggle to keep the wolf from her door, and is sighing for the time when her husband can return.

The Last Prisoner.

The jail here has been cleared with one exception. The only prisoner is Mart Burns, who was convicted at the October term, 1890, of the murder of Nelson Bearden.

The case was carried to the supreme court and is docketed for the present term.

Burns still expresses hope of being released. He says if he gets a new trial, he has evidence to clear him. But he is taking his solitary confinement hard since the jail has been cleared, and it is believed by some his mind is failing.

A PRIZE FIGHT

Which Will Enliven the Little Town of Choctaw.

DALLAS, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—We are going to have a ring fight out of Mr. James H. Arnold and Mr. James F. Stewart the fourth Saturday in October at 9 o'clock a. m., at Choctaw. Mr. Arnold is a big, soft fellow. We think Stewart will get the best of him. And also Mr. G. B. Osborn and Mr. J. Wesley Smith will have a ring fight, too. We think those two will make a bad fight. We think they will fight two and a half hours. Both fights will be on the line of Kintown and Choctaw; also Mr. A. H. Arnold decides which whips.

Gratifying to All.

The high position attained and the universal acceptance and approval of the pleasant liquid fruit remedy Syrup of Figs, as the most excellent laxative known, illustrate the value of the qualities on which its success is based and are abundantly gratifying to the California Fig Syrup Company.

Pocket Knives

Given away. Closing out sale of hardware. Bankrupt stock. Goods half price. 36 and 38 Wall street.

Big Rush

for pocket knives being given away at big bankrupt sale of hardware, 36 and 38 Wall street.

WITHOUT A PRINCIPAL.

Mr. Daves Accepts the Superintendency at Cartersville.

FORSYTH, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—The Hilliard institute, the male school at this place, is without a principal. Professor W. W. Daves, former principal, sent in his resignation about ten days ago, which was accepted by the board of education.

Professor Daves has gone to Cartersville as superintendent of the public schools at that place. Professor Daves has many friends here who regretted very much to see him leave.

A Pocket Picked.

Mrs. J. H. Sutton had her pockets picked at the depot this morning. She had just returned from the exposition, and was in the crowd that was hanging around the cotton fire.

The District Society.

The District Womans' Missionary Society that has been in session here since Saturday adjourned today, having transacted a great deal of business.

The trial of the Thomas boys was resumed this morning, but, on account of the sickness of Colonel A. D. Hammond, court adjourned until November 3d.

THE POSTMASTER IS AWAY,

And One of His Tenants Skips with His Cotton.

MILLEN, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—During the absence of our postmaster, Mr. H. V. Lester, who is attending the state fair in Macon, one of his tenants, Alex Sapp by name, took unto himself a horse and a mule and three bales of the fleecy staple, and vamosed the ranche. He is supposed to have gone through the country to Augusta to dispose of his gains, and will hie himself thence to the Palmetto State. Officers are on his track, and will doubtless get him before he reaches his goal.

HE WILL NOT HANG.

Roscoe Marable Will Have a Few Months More of Life.

LAFAYETTE, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—Roscoe Marable, who was to have been hung on the 30th of this month, will not hang.

A great many people will be disappointed, as they will come expecting the hanging to take place. His counsel have gone to the supreme court with the case, because there was no evidence to connect the negro with the killing of Nehemiah Evins, except that of W. J. King, who arrested him and testified that Marable confessed that he did the killing.

Promoted to an Editorship.

ANNISTON, Ala., October 27.—[Special.]—Rev. J. W. Newman, pastor of the First Methodist church of this city, has been elected to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Dr. J. M. Mason, editor of The Alabama Christian Advocate, Birmingham. Dr. Newman was for a number of years connected with the editorial department of the paper, and is familiar with its workings.

EXPELL THE INTRUDER.—That disease is propagated by the innumerable microbes, germs, etc., which fill the air we breathe and the water we drink, there can be no question. These microbes attack the human body and breed poison in many shapes. Recent experiments read before the congress of surgeons at Berlin leave no doubt that the way to clear the system of these germs is to force them out through the pores of the skin. S. S. S. does this in the most efficient way. It cleans them out entirely, and the poison as well.

MR. F. Z. NELSON, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Fremont, Nebraska, suffered for years with Scrofula, and it continued to grow worse in spite of all treatment. Finally, four bottles of Swift's Specific cured him. He writes: "Words are inadequate to express my gratitude and favorable opinion of Swift's Specific."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

For any case of nervousness, sleeplessness, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia, relief is sure in Carter's Little Liver Pills.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

We have the richest designs in clocks and silverware ever brought south. Come and see them. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street. oct 25-1w.

Mme. Demorest Portfolio of Fashions
And What to Wear for Fall and Winter of 1891-92. Third lot just received. Price 25 cents; by mail 30 cents. For sale by John M. Miller, Marietta street, Opera House Block.

The "New Home" Art Exhibit. Don't leave the exposition grounds until you have seen the beautiful exhibit of the New Home Sewing Machine Company, second floor of main building, next to art gallery.
wed fri mon wed fri

Merchants' Day, Special Programme, Grand Races and King Solomon today.

Sewer Ordinance.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT THE last meeting of council that an ordinance was introduced to construct a sewer along and in Decatur street, from Summit, between Lucy and Antoinette, to Summit, between Bradley and Cornelia streets, at an estimated cost of two thousand dollars. Said sewer to be eight, twelve and fifteen inches in diameter, and built of vitrified pipe, with brick manholes, catch-basins, etc.

Said ordinance will come up for final action at next regular meeting of council.

A. P. WOODWARD, Clerk of Council.
oct 24-d10t



20 E. Hunter Street, Atlanta, Ga.
TELEHHONE 256.

Best equipped Shorthand and Business College in the south. Over 600 graduates in positions. Shorthand, typewriting, Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Mathematics and Spelling taught by competent instructors. Our college endorsed by the leading business men throughout the country. Large illustrated catalogue sent free. Lessons in Shorthand by mail also. A. C. Briscoe, manager; L. W. Arnold, assistant manager; Miss Alice Tuller, typist department; D. E. Shumaker, principle bookkeeping department.

WANTED—Real Estate.

WANTED—Southern timber and mineral lands in all of the southern states. We have buyers ready at reasonable prices. Titles must be perfect. Address Hutchinson, Wilmot & Blum, Rooms 76 and 77, 115 Dearborn st., Chicago. oct 28 d3t

WANTED—To exchange any part $10,000 Stock in manufacturing company, making money, for plantation or improved property. A. B. C., P. O., Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE—$1,000—Notice—We have $1,000 to invest for a customer. Any one having a special bargain in a good renting piece of property, address Hampton & Herman, 2 S. Broad.

PERSONAL.

EXPOSITION AND ALL KINDS OF PRINTING done promptly, cheaply and well at the Constitution Job Office.

GEORGIA DEEDS, bonds for title, mortgages and other legal blanks for sale by The Constitution Job office, Atlanta, Ga. oct 3-1m

FINANCIAL.

LIFE ENDOWMENT AND TONTINE insurance policies bought. Loans on same negotiated. Charles W. Seidell, 3½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. oct18-d1m-sun, wed

Douglass, Thomas & Co.

RETAILERS OF DRY GOODS.

The Right Things at the Right Prices.

FINE WRAPS A FEATURE.

Dress Goods, sound values. A dollar buys a dollar's worth.

Bedford Cords in every shade, $1 a yard. Bedford Cords in every shade, $1.25 yard. Bedford Cords in every shade, $1.75 yard. Bedford Cords in every shade, $2 yard.

Storm Serges, 54 inches wide, $1.35.

Scotch Homespuns, 38 inches wide, all wool, 41c yard.

54-inch all wool Tricots 50c yard

54-inch Tricot, 60 per cent wool, 21c yard.

38 inch checked Cheviots, 19c yard.

Fine Novelty Suits. No two alike. Special prices and some very choice goods.

GLOVES.

All the latest ideas. A great line. Street dress and evening wear. If you have been unsuccessful in finding what you want at your usual trading place, try us. We are a new concern and have a knack of having what the people want.

Douglass, Thomas & Co.

Sewer Ordinance.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, AT THE last meeting of the council, an ordinance was introduced to construct a sewer along and in South Boulevard from Decatur to Tennelle street, at an estimated cost of thirteen hundred dollars. Said sewer to be of eighteen and twenty-one inches in diameter, and built of vitrified pipe, with brick manholes, catch-basins, etc. Said ordinance will come up for final action at the next regular meeting of the council. A. P. WOODWARD, Clerk of Council.
oct24-d10t

Equitable Building

ROOMS TO LET.

Diagrams showing location and size of rooms in the

EQUITABLE BUILDING

can now be seen at the office of the

EAST ATLANTA LAND CO.

The building will be completed the 1st of May, 1892. It will contain eight stories and a basement; will be

STRICTLY FIRE PROOF.

Will be supplied with four of the most approved passenger elevators, gas, electric lights, water, heat and janitor's service free of cost to tenants. It will be in every respect the most complete and attractive office building in the south.

Parties who are desirous of obtaining rooms in this building are requested to call at the office of the East Atlanta Land Company and make selections.

LITT BLOODWORTH, JR., SECRETARY.
oct19-d2w-top col.

NOTICE BY THE MAYOR AND GENERAL council of the city of Atlanta, of an election to determine the question whether $500,000 of bonds shall be issued by said city for the purpose of enlarging the water supply of said city.

Whereas, The Mayor and General Council of the city of Atlanta desire to issue $500,000 (five hundred thousand dollars) of thirty year bonds of said city for the purpose of enlarging the water supply thereof, in accordance with the constitution and laws of said state, and in pursuance of an act amending the charter of said city approved August 21st, 1891, and the assent of two-thirds of the qualified voters of said city being necessary to authorize the issue of said bonds.

And whereas, An ordinance was passed by the city council on the 20th day of October, 1891, and concurred in by the aldermen of said city on the 22d day of October, 1891, and approved by the mayor October 23d, 1891, provided for the holding of an election at the several voting precincts of said city, to-wit, on the first Wednesday, the second day of December, 1891, to determine the question whether the qualified voters of said city would assent to the issue of bonds as aforesaid.

Notice is therefore hereby given that an election will be held to determine the question aforesaid.

VOTERS WILL TAKE NOTICE:

1. That the amount of bonds proposed to be issued is $500,000; that they are to bear interest at the rate of four and one-half per cent per annum, interest payable semi-annually; that they are to run thirty years, and the principal and interest is to be payable in gold or its equivalent; that the bonds, or the proceeds of the sale thereof, are to be used only in enlarging the water supply of said city.

2. That the election will be held at the several voting precincts of said city, under the same rules and regulations that govern elections for mayor, aldermen and councilmen, and will be held with the election for aldermen and councilmen to be held on the same day, to-wit: December 2d, 1891.

3. That voters qualified to vote in the election for aldermen and councilmen are likewise qualified to vote on the question of issuing water bonds.

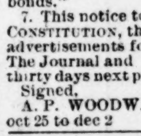
4. That the assent of two-thirds of the qualified voters of the city is necessary to authorize the issue of these bonds.

5. That if the bonds aforesaid are authorized and issued, provision will be made for the full payment of the principal and interest thereof within thirty years from the date of the issue.

6. Voters will have printed or written on their ballots "for water bonds," or "against water bonds."

7. This notice to be published in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, the paper in which the sheriff's advertisements for said county are held, also in The Journal and The Herald, for the space of thirty days next preceding the day of said election.

Signed, W. A. HEMPHILL, Mayor.
A. P. WOODWARD, City Clerk.
oct 25 to dec 2


IRON FENCE
SIXTY STYLES FOR CEMETERY & LAWN
CATALOGUE FREE
J. W. RICE, ATLANTA, GA.

J. M. HIGH & CO.

Have Just Received Some Very Late Styles of

CLOAKS, WRAPS, ETC.

Extreme Novelties in

Jackets, Coats, Capes and Reefers.

215 Pieces New DRESS GOODS just in. All the New Shades and Weaves.

J. M. HIGH & CO.,

Whitehall, Hunter and Broad Sts.

PRICES WILL TELL.

Full line of China, Crockery and Glassware.

Tumblers 35c per dozen, ½ gallon pitchers 23c, 6-piece tea set 35c, syrup can 9c, covered bowls high 23c, covered butter 9c, parlor bisque decorated shade and base lamps $1.65 worth $3, hanging lamps 14-inch shade $1.85.

Blown glass finger-bowls with plates 17c, cream pitchers and spoon-holders 5c, cake stand 10 inches 37c, card bowls 10 inches 17c.

Dome opal shades with illuminator for lamp.

English porcelain dinner set, 100 pieces, $9.63.

Carlsbad China dinner set, 110 pieces, $19.75.

Imported China cups and saucers, decorated and mottoes, 18c.

Full line imported China glassware vases, bric-a-brac, etc., at lowest prices.

My facilities are such that I can sell lower than my would-be competitors.

Leather bound 500-sheet ledger	$1 35
Leather bound 500-sheet journal	1 35
Leather bound 300-sheet ledger	85
Leather bound 300-sheet journal	85
Cloth bound leather corner 200-sheet ledger	50
Cloth bound leather corner 200-sheet day-book	50
Cloth bound long day-book 12x6 in., 168 sheets	18
Ledger, journal and day books 290 sheets	35
Counter book 12x5½ inches 182 sheets	7
Letter copying book 700-page	1 27
Letter copying book 500-page	95
Memorandum book 76-sheet 6x3½ inches	2
Memorandum book 160 sheets 6x3½ inches	3
Memorandum book 152 sheets 6x4 inches	4
Memorandum book 200 sheets 6x4 inches	5
Memorandum Morocco bound 124 sheets 6x4 inches	13
Memorandum cloth bound 162 sheets 6x4 inches	5
Cash book cloth bound 134 sheets 5x8 inches	21
Receipts, Drafts and note blanks per 100	15
Pencil tablets 6½x10, 472 sheets	5
Pencil tablets 6½x10, 100 sheets	2
Writing linen tablets, 104 sheets	7
Writing white wove tablets 104 sheets	7
Writing, fine tablets 124 sheets	9
Writing, fine tablets 80 sheets	4
Writing, fine tablets, 100 sheets	5
Drawing book 9x12 inches	7
Slates 13½x9½	5
Slates 8½x6¼	3
Slate pencils per dozen	2
Writing paper, quire 24 sheets	3
Writing paper, quire 24 sheets, linen	7
Envelopes 25 in package	2
Box paper 24 sheets and 24 envelopes	7
Box paper 24 sheets and 24 envelopes decorated	9
Lead pencils, rubber-tipped, Faber's and Dixon's, dozen	9
Plush albums 8x10 inches, 28 pictures	47
Plush albums 8x10½ inches, 28 pictures	63
Plush albums, silk, 9x11 inches, 46 pictures	1 17
Plush case with comb and brush	95
Plush picture frame cabinet	22
Leather pocketbooks	3
Pictures, 30x36-inch frame	95
Lead pencils, Faber's and Dixon's, dozen	4
Hair pins 100 in box, assorted	3
Safety pins any size per dozen	3
Dress pins per package	1
Briar root wood pipes	5
Carpet tacks, package	1½
Scholars' companion with lock	4
Toilet paper rolls or package	8
Razor straps	10
Knives and forks, set of 12 pieces	63
Carving knives and forks	23
Tea spoons, per set	5
Table spoons per set	10
Kitchen knives, Russels	5
Pearl handle 4-blade pocket knives	23
Tooth brushes, 3-row	4
Tooth brushes, 4-row	7
Tooth brushes, 5-row	10
Clothes brushes 7c to 38c.	
Lagrand French blacking 4c and 8c box.	
Shaving brushes 4c to 23c.	
Feather dusters	8
Writing pens per dozen	3
Round-cornered playing cards	5
Round-cornered playing cards linen, gilt	15
Shoe polish, French, per bottle	5
Stove polish per package	3
Kid body dolls, 11 inches	22
Bisque jointed dolls, 14 inches	28
China limb dolls, 8 inches	4
China limb dolls, 11 inches	7
China limb dolls, 16 inches	17
Indestructible dolls, 12 inches	12
Wax dolls, 15 inches	9
Wax dolls, 18 inches	13
Toilet soap, Sweet Cream, Glycerine, Virginette Bouquet, Wild Locust, Honey, Virdinna Bouquet, Tuberose, Forestry Club, Carbolic, Tar, Castile, Shaving (regular 10c cake), 3 cakes in box	15
Palma Rosa, Brown Windsor, 3 cakes in box	13
Turkish bath, Glycerine, Japanese Buoquet and Honey, per doz	30
English Pyramid, fine for office	7
Nickel-inserted rubber lead pencils, per doz	15
Finished steel scissors, any size	23
Leather back, bristle cloth brushes	37
Backgammon and check-box, with dice	23
Parcheesi, Innocence Abroad, etc	95
Little Bopeep, National Guards, Mother Goose, Forbidden Fruit, etc	23
Royal Guard, Mikado, Little Chicks, Traders, etc	9
Swans-Down face powder	8
Case rilla	3
Nickel and old silver match safes	8
Pen-holders, swell handle, per doz	7
Oil cloth school bags	13
Knit satchels	17
Steel combs, 4-inch, 5c; 5½-inch, 8c; 6-inch	9
Unbreakable comb	17
Children's round combs	8
Ebony hand-carved cabinet picture frame	13
Rubber hair pins, per doz	8
Rodgers' triple plated knives and forks per set	$ 1.98
Rodgers' table spoons per set	2.35
Rodgers' tea spoons per set	1.20
Sterling plated knives and forks per set	90
Sterling plated table spoons per set	75
Sterling plated tea spoons per set	40
Sterling plated child's sets 3, pieces	23
Pearl handle silver bolstered knives in plush case	9.65
Pearl handle silver bolstered butter knife in plush case	2.95
Pearl handle silver bolstered child's set, 3 pieces in plush case	3.85
Celluloid white handle knives per set	4.65
Quadruple plate butter dish	2 25
Quadruple plate syrup can	2 25
Solid silver tea spoons per set	6 65
Solid silver table spoons per set	14 35

Full line of dolls and toys which will be sold at greatly reduced prices.

L. SNIDER,
84 Whitehall St.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LEND on improved real estate in or near Atlanta. S. Barnett, 6½ N. Broad street. oct8-d6m

MONEY TO LOAN—Repayable in monthly installments. Money ready for immediate payment. Wm C. Hale, Room 2, Gould building. Oct 11-d1m

C. P. N. BARKER negotiates real estate loans at low rates. Room 32, Traders' bank building.

WANTED—Board.

WANTED—Board, with room, near in, by a lady. References exchanged. Address, stating location and terms, P. O. Box 266, city.

BOARD WANTED FOR gentleman and wife, no children; close in preferred. Address B., care P. O. Box 274. 3t tu wed th

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—The whole or part of the plant of the Atlanta Manufacturing Company, with machinery and power; suitable for any kind of manufacturing. Apply on premises, No. 8 Courtland avenue. oct 21-d7t

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—8 shares Westminster Land Company stock, 6 shares Chattahoochee Land Company stock, 3 shares Mutual Printing Company stock, 2 lots on Waterhouse street; all cheap for cash. Address B., Box 195. oct28-3t

FOR SALE—Fine thoroughbred and grade Jersey heifers to calve soon; also thoroughbred calves of both sexes. Apply to R. Palmour, care First National bank, Gainesville, Ga. oct14 d3w

HELP WANTED—Male.

TWO BOYS to distribute circulars at Grant House this morning.

WANTED—Every boy and girl to send us their name and address on a postal card, and they will receive an interesting paper three months free. Address H. F. Richards, Pub., Providence, R. I.

WANTED—Two reliable office boys. Apply to G. W. Wilson, Constitution job office. oct28 3

WANTED—Man of business experience to travel. 25 Times Building, Chicago, Ills.

WANTED—High grade situations secured in all lines of business in the growing towns and cities of the west; Highest references. Enclose stamp, please. Western Business Agency, Minneapolis, Minn. sep 23-d8t wed sun

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND AND BUSINESS College, 20 E. Hunter street. Best equipped college in the southern states. Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, penmanship, mathematics, spelling, etc., taught by competent teachers. Large catalogue free. wed fri sun

SALESMEN WANTED—First-class clothing salesman for the state of Georgia; none but experienced man need apply. Voorheis, Miller & Co., Clothing Manufacturers, Cincinnati, O. oct 25 d7t

SALESMEN TO SELL to merchants by sample; big pay for workers; new goods; permanent situation; chance to build a fine trade. Model Manufacturing Co., South Bend, Ind. oc25 4t sun, wed, fri

WANTED—A boy seventeen or eighteen years of age, with some knowledge of bookkeeping, to work in store. Apply 132 Peachtree. oct 27 2t

MADISON WANTS A good dancing teacher. Address Box E, Madison, Ga. oct 27 d3t

BAKER WANTED—Second hand. Address Chas J. Brede, Spartanburg, S. C.

WANTED—Salesmen on salary or commission to handle the New Patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The greatest selling novelty ever produced. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion on paper; 200 to 500 per cent profit. One agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. We want one energetic general agent for each state and territory. For terms and full particulars address The Monroe Eraser M'f'g Co., La Crosse, Wis. 1y

WANTED—20 salesmen to carry as a side line our "Cash on Delivery" cigar, with gold-filled watch big pay. C. O. D. Cigar Co., Winston, N. C. aug23 d3m

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—Lady salesman with experience in the sale of toilet articles, perfumes, etc. Apply by letter with reference to Jacobs' Pharmacy, P. O. Box 35

SITUATIONS WANTED—Females.

WANTED—A position as typewriter and stenographer. Address Jessie Young, 140 Mangum street. oct27-tues wed sun.

WANTED—Agents.

THE NATIONAL Railway, Building and Loan Association, 29½ Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga., wants some good local, special and general agents throughout the south. A splendid opportunity for the right men. oct 25-d 3 m

WANTED—Three first-class special agents. Most liberal contract. National Tontine B. and L. Association, 4 West Wall street. oct27-6t.

WANTED—General, special and local agents to represent one of the strongest and best building and loan associations. Liberal contracts; attractive features; exclusive territory. References and bond required. None but first-class hustlers need apply. Address W. T. Gaston, general manager, Chattanooga, Tenn. Box 185. oct26-d7t

A.—AGENTS—Wanted, agents and organizers for a first-class endowment order, paying $ 00 in one year, $500 in five years, and loaning money to pay assessments; big pay; big profits; easy to work. Plymouth Rock Benefit Order, No. 1 Beacon street, Boston, Mass. oct 25-2w sun wed fri

AGENTS | $5 to $10 per day collecting small pictures for us to copy and enlarge; satisfaction guaranteed and a $4 outfit free. A. Dunne & Co., 56 Reade street, New York. aug30-d38t sun wed

WANTED—Agents to sell the Pinless Clothes Line the only line ever invented that holds the clothes without pins; a perfect success; patent recently issued; sold only by agents, to whom the exclusive right is given; on receipt of 50 cents we will send a sample line by mail; also circulars, price list and terms to agents; secure your territory at once. Address The Pinless Clothes Line Co., 12 Hermon street, Worcester Mass. jan17-d1y-sat wed

WANTED—$75.00 per month salary and expenses paid, any active man or woman to sell a line of plated ware, watches and jewelry; can live at home. We furnish team free, full particulars and an elegant sample case of goods free. Address, at once, Standard Silver Ware Co., Boston, Mass. oct26-d1w

WE WANT 100 AGENTS immediately; $3 per day or good commission; particulars free. Address Excelsior Manufacturing Company, LaCrosse, Wis. oct22-7t

WANTED—Rooms, Houses, Etc

A CARPET LAYER wants employment. References furnished. Address W. H. W., care Constitution.

WANTED—By three adults, two first-floor, unfurnished rooms, without board, near the postoffice. Want rooms suitable for sitting room and bedroom. References. Address "Permanent No. 1," care Constitution. oct23d6t

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Purchaser for ten acres West End. Price, $4,000, if taken this week. Business, P. O. Box 481. oct28-d6t.

WANTED—HOME—Any one desiring to advance money to buy me home, will pay for same monthly installments. Address W. B. H., care Constitution.

EXPOSITION AND ALL KINDS OF PRINTING done promptly, cheaply and well at the Constitution Job Office.

WANTED—Boarders.

WANTED—Five boarders can obtain good board, fires and lights, at 50 Trinity avenue, at very reasonable rates.

BOARDING—Two or three gentlemen, or man and wife, can be accommodated with first-class board; comforts of a refined home. 112 South Pryor street; old number.

VISITORS TO EXPOSITION will find nicely furnished rooms at No. 84 Ivy street, second door from Wheat.

GOOD BOARD CAN be had during exposition one block from car line. Apply at 43 E. Cain street oct 27-d1w

LADIES' COLUMN.

EXPOSITION AND ALL KINDS OF PRINTING done promptly, cheaply and well at the Constitution Job Office.

LOST.

EXPOSITION AND ALL KINDS OF PRINTING done promptly, cheaply and well at the Constitution Job Office.

LOST—A gold locket, containing a lady and a gentleman's likeness; it also has on it a monogram, "M. A. B." Finder will please return to Stewart & Bowden's and receive liberal reward. 3t.

STRAYED OR STOLEN from my home, near West End, one large red cow, both horns sawed, both ears marked. Will pay liberal reward for her at home, or Granger's store. N. W. Murphy. oct27-3t.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EXPOSITION AND ALL KINDS OF PRINTING done promptly, cheaply and well at the Constitution Job Office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A practicing physician, several years in the practice, residing in an adjacent town to Atlanta, desires to enter into copartnership with some reputable physician for the purpose of practicing medicine and surgery. Address "Physician," care this office. oct28-wed sat sun.

WANTED—Party to take one-half interest in sixty-seven acres (city limits) $400 per acre. First payment, $8,000; balance easy. Option out soon. Address Business, care P. O. Box 481. oct28-d6t.

FOR SALE—Valuable stone quarries and farming lands at Lithonia, Ga., and wild mineral lots in Lumpkin, Fannin, Forsyth, Bartow and Gordon counties, containing gold and other minerals. Address Thomas S. Swift, Executor, 125 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga. oct 27 7t

FOR SALE—Wholesale and Retail Drug Business in Athens, Ga.; clear stock of $7,000 or $8,000 sales last year $20,000. Will reduce stock if desired address P. O. Box 1,238, Athens, Ga. oct 14 sun wed and fri 4 w

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—Store 28x100, 61 South Forsyth street $50. Livery stable 25x100, with stock pens under shed attached, 53x80. 59 South Forsyth street; $65. oct 24d1w

For Rent by Smith & Billings, No. 12 W. Alabama St., Hillyer Building.

A NEW 35-ROOM HOTEL, all modern conveniences, close in.

COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD—A large vacant corner lot, very near the center; superior location. oct25-d5t

BICYCLES.

FOR SALE—52-inch "Columbia," cost $128.50, for $55; A1 condition. Address P. O. Box 187, Jackson, Ga.

THE CONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY

The Daily, per year	$ 6.00
The Sunday (20 to 36 Pages)	2.00
The Daily and Sunday, per year	8.00
The Weekly, per year (12 Pages)	1.00

All Editions Sent Postpaid to any address.

At these reduced rates all subscriptions must be paid in advance.

Contributors must keep copies of articles. We do not undertake to return rejected MSS., and will do so under no circumstances, unless accompanied by return postage.

NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY,
Eastern Advertising Agents.
Address, CONSTITUTION BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga.

12 CENTS PER WEEK

For THE DAILY CONSTITUTION, or 50 cents per calendar month. Sixteen cents per week for THE DAILY and SUNDAY CONSTITUTION, or 67 cents per calendar month; delivered to any address by carrier in the city of Atlanta. Send in your name at once.

ATLANTA, GA., October 28 1891.

Merchants' Day at the Exposition.

Today will be merchants' day at the Piedmont exposition, and it is a fixed fact that it will be generally observed.

Our merchants and their clerks will be out en masse, and most of the business houses in the city will be closed. It will be one of the most enjoyable days of the exposition, and the crowd will be one of the largest yet seen on the grounds.

It is to be hoped that our business men will not neglect this opportunity of mingling together in a pleasant reunion. The social features of the occasion will be attractive enough, to say nothing of a visit to the greatest industrial show that the south has seen in years. The exposition would not be a complete success without merchants' day. It is well enough to have the other special days provided for, but not one of them illustrates Atlanta so faithfully as this occasion will do. Industry and commerce are the foundations of this great city's prosperity, and whenever the factors of our progress are brought before the public these two cannot be ignored.

Merchants' day will be a bright number on the exposition programme. It will help the big show, and bring together as brainy a set of men as can be found in the entire south.

The Wizard Has Said It.

It is settled at last that the electric motor will displace the steam locomotive.

Mr. Thomas A. Edison, the famous inventor, told a Herald reporter the other day that this revolution in motive power is bound to come, and without delay. The electric motor, he said, will take the place of steam, as a matter of economy—not because it will make easily a speed of 100 miles an hour, while steam strains itself to make sixty, but because it will get one-horse power out of from one to two pounds of cheap coal, while out of six pounds of more expensive coal a locomotive engine only gets the same one-horse power. It will displace steam, because it is so much cheaper.

The first practical operation of the new system on a large scale will be between Chicago and Milwaukee at the world's fair. The problem of electric locomotion on our railways, the great inventor says, is a wonderfully simple one. Any electrician can run a train at high speed on a steam railway track.

Mr. Edison refuses to go into details, as he desires to secure patents in Europe, but he states that the current will pass from the stationary engine to a central rail between the tracks, and thence through the mechanism attached to the bottom of the cars or motor. A freight train would need a motor, because of the number of cars, but a passenger car could be run, carrying its own motor under it—the current going thence to the wheels and back to the side rails to the power house or stationary engine. Three stationary engines would run the entire Pennsylvania railroad system from New York to Philadelphia. Under this system the wear and tear of the road bed and rolling stock is much less than under steam propulsion. As to speed, there is no reason why electric cars should not run 200 miles an hour, but 100 miles an hour will suit an ordinary equipment better.

Concerning the street car problem, Mr. Edison advocates a heavy current with a low pressure. His system makes the stationary engines necessary, of course, but the current passes from one of the side rails to the motor, and back to the stationary engine through the other rail. There is no danger of losing the current. It can be picked up out of two inches of mud, and the wheels of passing vehicles will not divert it, unless they happen to be of solid iron.

In conclusion, the Wizard says: "The system will be the cheapest ever known. The plant will not cost half as much as the cable, and there will be no tearing up of the streets. It will be cheap, swift and safe." With Edison's word for it, we may regard it as a settled fact that steam must give way to a superior and cheaper force.

The Road Congresses.

To-day the Georgia road congress will meet in Atlanta, to be followed to-morrow by the meeting of the southern road congress. We have already alluded to this dual convention, and refer to it now for the purpose of welcoming the delegates to the hospitalities of Atlanta.

The work which these delegates have undertaken to do is not matter for a holiday. They can hope now only to call attention to the necessity which exists for better roads, and, by means of thoughtful and intelligent discussion, create a public sentiment powerful enough to insist on these vital improvements in our road system. This ought to be a very easy matter, but it is not. Our people have made progress in every other direction except this. So far as our roads are concerned, we are no farther advanced than the barbarians were; and this statement will apply not to Georgia and the south alone, but to the whole country. The roads in New York and Pennsylvania are no better than they are here—a fact which shows that we are all barbarians together. The miserable condition of our public highways is a national habit, and the outcome of it is a shameful piece of extravagance.

Nevertheless, the reform of our present system must proceed slowly at first. No experiment is more painful and depressing than that which undertakes to break up a bad habit, and the condition of our roads to-day represents more than a hundred years of sloth, negligence, ignorance and wilful extravagance. One excuse for this is the fact that our communities have invested the most of their surplus funds and energies in the promotion of railroad enterprises. The result of this is that the development of our steam transportation lines has gone on very rapidly—almost too rapidly, in fact, for perfect comfort.

Fortunately, this development of steam transportation is now and will be a powerful factor in convincing the farmers and others that good roads are a necessity. They are more of a necessity now than ever. There is a greater demand now than there ever has been for rapid transit of produce from the farm to the railroad, and thence to profitable markets. The problem is one of the most important that the people can consider. It is as important to the towns as it is to the farms, since it affects the whole public.

We have no intention of going into a detailed discussion, but we desire to impress on the minds of our readers the importance of the work which lies before the two conventions. It is a work, too, which will have to be done mainly by indirection. Among other things they will have to convince the farmers:

1. That the railroads do not and cannot supply all the demands for transportation.

2. That the cost of farm production is largely increased by the difficulty of transporting it over bad roads, and that this increase of cost is not added to the market price, but falls wholly on the farmers.

3. That the work expended on the roads under our present system is time, labor and money wasted.

4. That good roads will enable farmers to haul twice as much produce to market with the same teams, the same labor and in the same time.

5. That the solution of the road problem will go far toward solving and settling the convict problem.

6. That an improved system of roads, scientifically and economically constructed, will build up the country, bring the farms nearer to market, increase the value of farming lands, and bring about intensive culture of diversified crops.

Blaine's Health and Prospects.

People may talk about the fierce white light that beats upon a throne, but its glare is no more intense than that noon day publicity which has made a cycloramic display of Secretary Blaine during his long illness.

The stories of reporters and special correspondents—interviews with the sick man's intimate friends and the opinions of eminent medical men have added but little to our knowledge of the situation. We are informed that Mr. Blaine has completely recovered his health, and is as well as he ever was. We are also told that he has to lean on the arm of his wife, and is preparing to spend the winter in Florida. The same contradictory reports are published concerning his political plans. It is said that he will, under no circumstances, accept the presidential nomination. Upon equally good authority, it is also said that he is quietly drifting along with the current which is undoubtedly favorable to his nomination.

With these conflicting accounts before us, any conclusion that we may form will be simply guesswork. That Mr. Blaine stands head and shoulders above any other man in his party is generally admitted. He is a scholar, a writer, an orator, a man of affairs, and a statesman. But all this works against him. There is a disposition on the part of small men to bitterly resent superiority and great versatility of talent. Few republican leaders are really anxious to support Blaine. They may be influenced by the evident preference of the masses, but left to themselves they would cheerfully knife the secretary.

In the end, it makes little difference whether Mr. Blaine comes to the front or stands aside for another man. Our campaign of education has swelled the ranks of the democratic legions and solidified them. They are organized for victory, and they are going to win. The only possible interest that the nomination of the man from Maine could have for us would be the indication it would give of a change of republican policy—a change from the narrow sectional methods of force bill legislation to a business programme embracing our development at home and the extension of our trade abroad. We do not believe that the republican party is ready to retrace its steps. It is more in sympathy with Harrison, Quay and Foraker than it is with its plumed knight. To change front now would demoralize its old leaders, and they would work in a half-hearted way. If Mr. Blaine is not at his best, physically and mentally, his friends should advise him to keep out of the coming fight. Such a defeat as he would be absolutely certain to suffer would kill him, just as surely as defeat killed Horace Greeley.

Capital Seeking New Fields.

England loans more money, and invests more in foreign lands, than any other country on the globe, but her capitalists occasionally find that they have shown very bad judgment.

The trouble in the Argentine Republic, and recently in Chile, has taught the English capitalists a lesson. Whenever they put their money into investments in Spanish-American countries they find it a hard matter to get it back again.

For some time past a good deal of British capital has been invested in the south, and more of it would come here under favorable conditions. Fortunately the dread of another era of reconstruction has disappeared, but there is still another obstacle in the way. When the democrats regained control of the southern state governments they adopted constitutions which practically locked their treasury doors and threw away the keys. They restricted and hampered the states and counties so that they could not contract debts beyond certain limits and for certain objects. Doubtless we went from the extreme of carpet-bag extravagance to the extreme of economy. We have got things down now to such a fine point that we can hardly provide permanent public improvements, and leave the greater portion of their cost to be borne by the generations to come after us.

In the next few years the southern states will revise or amend their constitutions in regard to our financial policy and the matter of taxation. Then English capital will pour into the south. It is quite likely that an Anglo-Southern syndicate will then be organized, with unlimited capital. Branches will be established in every southern state, and all the money needed for our development and progress will be forthcoming upon security furnished by the states, counties, and our productive lands.

Twenty years from now the British capitalist will turn his back on South America, Mexico, Africa, and other wild and unsettled countries, and seek investments in the fairest and most promising section of the United States. Good security, stable government and rapid development will make him satisfied with a moderate interest, and following in his wake will be the capitalists of New England who even now are anxious to withdraw their money from the west.

This is not wholly a mere prediction. Already, in a moderate way, it is being realized in certain favored localities in more than one southern state.

On the Road to Boston.

And now it is announced that Will N. Harben, who began his literary career as a contributor to THE CONSTITUTION, has accepted a position on the staff of The Youth's Companion, in Boston. Mr. Harben deserves his good fortune. He is one of the best short-story writers in the country, and his two novels, "White Marie" and "Almost Persuaded," show original talent of a very high order.

But we started out to say that we are not surprised to hear that Boston has gobbled up Mr. Harben. The fact is, we are getting accustomed to this sort of thing. Not very long ago William Perry Brown was one of THE CONSTITUTION'S most popular story writers. His work attracted attention, and one fine day he turned up in Boston on the editorial staff of The Yankee Blade.

Then there was Samuel Minturn Peck, whose poetry so long delighted THE CONSTITUTION'S readers. Everybody took it for granted that Peck was a fixture in Alabama, but a few months ago the intelligence came that he had moved to—Boston.

It is all right. The modern Athens is the gainer, as a matter of course, but THE CONSTITUTION has a corps of bright youngsters among its contributors who will step into the places of those who come and go. Still, it is somewhat singular that this paper should be the gateway through which so many southern writers go on their journey to Boston.

THE CINCINNATI democratic meeting opened the eyes of the republicans to their desperate condition. Foraker should trot out another fake forgery, or something of that kind.

THE GLOBE-DEMOCRAT was right when it said that The Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette needed a new set of editors.

THE PROFESSIONAL rainmakers could dispose of a few light showers in this region just now.

JOHN SHERMAN was a fiat man when he thought he could gain votes. In a few months he will be howling for free silver.

MCKINLEY'S ONE speech is getting as thin as a shoddy coat.

IT IS not an easy matter for Murat Halstead to forgive Campbell for being so popular.

NEXT TUESDAY will be a mighty interesting day.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

THE RULING sensation in London at present is the extraordinary leap made by a man named Milram Nigg, who jumps 205 feet from the top of the aquarium and lands on his feet on the bare floor. He wears the costume of an American Indian, and his rapid descent is broken by some patent arrangement invisible to the audience. Nigg began his performance on Thursday, and now all London is running to see the startling feat and to discuss what it is that breaks his fall.

MISS KATIE COLE, aged eighteen, dropped dead on the street, at Pottstown, Pa., the other day. Her physician said that tight lacing was the cause of her death.

STATISTICS SAY that 97 per cent of business men fail to succeed. The Kansas City Times thinks it is because they do not think enough. Perhaps it would be just as well to say that they make the mistake of trying to make round pegs fit square holes.

ACCORDING TO The New York World the death of Dr. R. C. Founes a short time ago was attributed to his intemperate drinking of coffee. A similar fate befell William Miller, a Virginian patriarch, who has just died at the age of ninety-six. Some years ago his health became imparied from the excessive use of coffee, and he made a vow that he would never drink another drop in his own house. To avoid breaking his vow he used to walk every morning to the house of his daughter, half a mile away, and drink a cup of the beverage he loved. His death occurred just after he returned from his daughter's one morning.

SPEAKING OF James Gordon Bennett's return to New York, The Recorder says: "This will be Mr. Bennett's first visit to this city in three years. It has been the fashion in some ill-natured quarters to sneer at Mr. Bennett's residence in Europe, but the well-informed know that, so far as his usefulness to and control of The Herald are concerned, such residence is rather an advantage than an inconvenience. With the use of the proprietary cable, with leased wires of his own between London and Paris, and with other continental telegraphic facilities, Mr. Bennett is in daily, and sometimes in hourly, communication with his New York manager and staff. Every day a resume of American news and topics, and even the tone of the press, is sent to him and his views obtained. By every mail there go to him carefully arranged extracts from the entire press of the United States; and in every respect he is as well informed and as capable of communication as if he were seated in his home office. Moreover, with a staff for each of his London and Paris papers, he is able to obtain and cable important foreign news, and supervise its selection and transmission. To apply the term 'exile' to him, as some ill-natured people have done, or indeed to any New Yorker living abroad, in this era of cables is to use a misnomer. Although fond of European life, Mr. Bennett is known to remain thoroughly American in feeling, association and aspirations. There is some prospect of his remaining for quite a period, returning to Europe early in the year, via Japan and China, by the new Canadian Pacific steamship line."

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Night School.

EDITOR CONSTITUTION—It seems probable now that the night school, which has been established only a few months—not long enough to prove a complete success—will be closed, or rather merged into a regular day school. If this is done it will be of no more benefit to the boys who are now in attendance at this night school than it was before this idea was first conceived by our honorable board of education. We all know, at least the most of us, it is not for want of room in the day school that forces these boys to go to this night school, but it is because they are obliged to work every day to earn their livelihood, and the most of them have mothers, sisters and small brothers to care for. Even if the night school is a slight source of expense to the city, who would stand up and say this expense was not fully warranted by the cause involved? If it is the expense that is being considered, I would suggest that you "kill two birds with one stone;" that is, use this hall that is now occupied by this night school for both a day and night school. I should think this could be done for almost the expense of the day school alone, if it is changed to such. The children of the day school could gather up their books after school had turned out and put them in a large desk or room provided for that purpose, and the boys of the night school could do likewise.

I would appeal to the boys throughout the city to embrace this golden opportunity, and to the boys who are already attending this school to study hard; be true and honest boys, and not become discouraged, for "where there's a will there's a way."

Now we appeal to the board of education to give us a chance. Lend us a helping hand in the hour of need and at some future day we may be able to reciprocate. Do not say because some will not attend or study as they ought that you will pull the veil over the eyes of those who do. This is a glorious work you are engaged in and one that will prove a great success in the course of time. Pray over this matter, if you have not already done so, and with one accord say we will have a night school. B.

BOB SIMS,

The Seventh Day Adventist Moonshiner of Alabama,

WRITES A LETTER TO THE PEOPLE,

In Which He Claims That There Is No Law,

BECAUSE MOBS GO UNPUNISHED.

Therefore, He Is No Transgressor, and May Sell Liquor When and Where He Pleases.

MERIDIAN, Miss., October 27.—[Special.]—Bob Sims has been heard from.

The recent exploits of the Seventh-day Adventist, moonshiner and outlaw, whose peculiar views led him to openly run a still in Choctaw county, Alabama, his arrest and subsequent killing of an officer, are still fresh in the public mind. In a letter to The News, postmarked Kosciusko, Miss., Bob Sims gives his side as follows:

To the People of Alabama.

To the Authorities of the State of Alabama and People of Choctaw County: Three times I have been forced to flee from the above-named county to save my life, which was and is yet sought by unlawful and blood-thirsty mobs. It is certainly now my privilege to call your attention to the facts as they exist, and it is certainly your duty to consider them. I ask nothing of you but what is lawful, and I demand the full force of the law exerted. A law not executed is an unnecessary burden, and should be discontinued. If the statements which I make be true, then I demand a lawful hearing; if false, I demand a lawful refutation.

The Proof Demanded.

In the first place, I am published as a moonshiner and an outlaw, and that I have a hundred armed men ready to lay down their lives defending these principles. Now my statement is, I made rum publicly, advertised it beforehand, and opened a plain road to the distillery. As to being an outlaw, I have been many times arrested, but I never resisted an officer in my life, nor did I ever carry a weapon. Now, I demand proof of the charges, and I demand the names and location of the hundred armed men at my command, or any number of them. The above charges are published in the papers against me, and it is well known that had I not fled from home, I would have been murdered by the mobs under these charges. Now, if I am a transgressor of the law, I claim that I should be dealt with by the law and not by mobs. I have never fled from law and justice, but from heinous mobs which the people of Choctaw know. Now the people have been taxed a long time to run the law-making factory, and if there is yet no law turned out to deal with transgressors, the shop had as well close. If there is law, then I insist that it be brought forth and executed.

A Call for Law.

To the law authorities and the people of Choctaw county, Alabama, I bring these charges against the mobs. They have right before your eyes willfully and maliciously murdered my son and brother. They have gone in marauding squads to the homes of the Simses and plundered their houses, pointed guns at one of their wives, and with violence drove the families from their homes with threats that they would be burned alive with their household if found in the county four days later. They went also to six or more others, quiet and peaceable citizens of the county, covering them with guns, forcing them with violence to abandon their homes and all their possessions under the same peril of death to men, women and children by guns and by fire. These outrages are too well known to minutely describe here. I ask sympathy for the distressed and outraged widows and orphans, whose bereavements are made more bitter than death, wandering in solitary exile or sojourning among strangers, hovering in the miserable camps of destitution and privation, to weep and mourn over murdered husband and father, son and brother.

Is There Any Law?

Now, I ask not your eyes to pity the heart-broken, fainting mothers and shrieking little ones, writhing under the heart piercing torture of bloody, reckless fiends which chase them still to their haunts of misery, raving for the blood that yet survives. In the approaching day of retribution your measure will contain what you put in it, but this I ask:

Have you a law? If you have a law, then I demand it executed; if you have no law, then all debts are canceled, land deeds are worthless. The land all goes back to the Creator, and no man has any right to claim rent or taxes, and anybody has the right to make whisky and sell or give it to whom he pleases, and do as he pleases with anything that is his own.

He Is Not a Transgressor.

In this case I am not a transgressor, for where there is no law there is no transgression. So if you have no law, I demand the fact published as far and wide as you have published me an outlaw. This sets all captives free. It blots out all debts and taxes; so if you have law, now prove it. Apply it to mobs as well as to mortgages. Since you have published me an outlaw, I demand of you a standard by which to determine an outlaw. It is your duty to furnish the standard or place what the mob has done alongside of what I have done and view all from the same standpoint, and then say who is the outlaw.

Let It Work Both Ways.

If you insist that these outrages are lawful on account of being perpetrated by strong mobs, with a preacher for their president, and merchants, a doctor and a sheriff for their captains, then I insist that poor men head mobs and make it lawful to pay no more mortgages, no more rents, no more doctor bills and no more sheriff fees. Now, if the demands are not lawful and just, let the authorities and the people speak out and say so. If the demands are lawful and just, let the authorities or the people force them, supply the demands.

The Press Called On.

The press are requested to put this before the people. If this request be granted, I will in a few days furnish the rest and bring out the other side, which is not yet represented, and satisfy the curious concerning my rum making, my capture by a mob, and my rescue, which have furnished a pretext for this mighty rage and outburst of "hell fire" in Chocktaw county. Then when published, I will go home. BOB SIMS.

THE DIRECT TAX AND SCHOOL BILLS.

A Communication from Hon. W. H. Fleming on the Subject.

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 27.—[Special.]—Hon. W. H. Fleming today sent the following communication to The Macon Telegraph in reply to the criticism of its Atlanta correspondent concerning the subject mentioned:

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 26.—Editor Macon Telegraph: Please allow me space to correct some mistakes in your special from Atlanta as published in your issue of the 24th instant. The article is headed, "The Law Made in Haste. A Defect in the Direct Tax Refunding Act," etc.

The first paragraph reads: "Every day some new piece of botch work on the part of the recent legislature comes to light," and then the writer proceeds to specify some alleged defects in the direct tax refunding bill as the basis of this sweeping criticism.

Of course the entire legislature is in a general way responsible for any "botch work" it does, but the author of a bill is more particularly to blame for its defects. As the author of the bill referred to I wish to shoulder my full responsibility, and to inquire whether it is really a piece of "botch work" and whether the "haste" is chargeable to the law maker or the critic.

1. The article states that the act requires the governor to have the complete list of about twelve thousand names of taxpayers published in each of the five counties from which the tax was collected. There is no such provision in the act. It requires only the names of those residing in each county to be published in that county. So that there are only 12,000 names to be printed, instead of 60,000, as intimated in the article. No name is repeated.

2. The article states that the publication is to be made once a week for two months. That is not correct. The publication is to be made once a week for two weeks, just one-fourth the time alleged.

3. The article further states that the publication is to embrace the name, the amount of tax and the description of the property on which the tax was collected. Again I enter an emphatic denial. The act makes no such requirement as to the description of the property. Only the name and the amount are to be published, and those two items can be printed on a single line in a newspaper column, as the registry lists of voters is frequently published, at no great cost.

With such "botch work" as to the simple facts (done doubtless in "haste") it is not surprising that serious difficulties are conjured up in the execution of the law. Let us glance at some of these difficulties (?).

1. The article states that "a great deal of litigation may result or, at least, much labor be incurred in the establishment of claims of heirs, etc." No such fears can possibly be realized. The governor has nothing to do with the heirs. The act expressly provides in the exact terms of the United States statute that payment is to be made only to the person who paid the tax, if living, and if such person is dead, then to his legal representative, that is to say, his executor or administrator. The senate did propose an amendment to the bill as it went from the house making the tax payable to the heirs, but the senate finally receded from the amendment for the very reason that it would complicate matters before the governor by necessitating lengthy proofs of heirship and numberless partial payments. The act provides just exactly the opposite of what the writer of the article supposed. All litigation is relegated to the courts. The governor passes only on the affidavits to identify the persons and the certified copies of letters of administration, etc. The scheme is simplicity itself.

2. Much concern is manifested because the act requires certain blanks to be furnished to the ordinaries and no special appropriation is made to print them. Surely the general law declaring how the public printer shall furnish "all blanks for the use of the state," etc., makes this objection too trivial for further notice.

3. The gravest difficulty in the mind of your correspondent, or of those from whom he obtained his information, seems to be that no special appropriation was put in the act to pay for publishing the names and amounts in the different counties. This was not an oversight, or result of "haste." The point was raised in the committee, and it was deemed unnecessary to put the appropriation in the act, as the contingent fund is provided for all such items of expense, the amount being comparatively small, and not ascertainable at the time. But if that fund is not sufficient, then surely the proper authorities ought to be equal to the emergency of getting the newspaper in each of the five counties to do the printing and wait for the money until next winter. The credit of the state ought to be good for that. I will undertake to secure the proper publication in Richmond county, without charge for services in the event any serious difficulty is experienced in carrying into execution so vast a financial scheme. Nearly all the charges of the Western and Atlantic railroad commission were made on just such credits.

I desire to add that the direct tax refunding bill was drawn with much care in every respect, after a close examination of the law of congress on the subject, and I must respectfully protest against its being called "botch work," unless some better reasons can be found than those that have been given.

One other thing calls for a slight notice. Your special again alludes to the "defective and unconstitutional school bill," which, it says, the governor was compelled to veto. As a member of the conference committee reporting that bill, I simply desire to say that, in my humble opinion (shared in by others perhaps more competent to judge), there was no legal defect in that bill sufficient to "compel" the governor to veto it. There may have been other strong and valid reasons.

Were it not for the fact that the bill is now a dead issue and this communication is already too long, I could easily give some cogent reasons why the bill might have become a law.

It is hardly necessary for me to add that I intend no reflection upon your correspondent or the statehouse officials, for each of whom I have the highest regard; but there are times when hasty criticism should be met by a restatement of the facts, in order that the public may have a proper basis for reaching a just conclusion. Very respectfully, WILLIAM H. FLEMING.

NO TAXES ON SHOWS,

But the Exposition Bars Will Have to Pay—Other Capitol News.

The exposition side shows will not have to pay a state tax.

Comptroller Wright yesterday decided the matter. Special state show taxes are only required in cities. The exposition grounds not being within the city the shows there are excluded.

The bars will, however, have to pay the special state liscense of $50.

The Railroad Commission.

The railroad commission was in session yesterday.

The depot cases from Albany, Lumpkin and other places were considered and a final hearing on them set for November 6th.

The commissioners discussed, in an informal manner, the new express and telegraph bill. They will hear from representatives of these companies very soon, and then fix rules and rates.

The Insurance Law.

The dispatch in yesterday's CONSTITUTION, from Macon, containing an interview with Mr. E. S. Wilson, on his interpretation of the insurance law, caused Comptroller General Wright to send him the following letter yesterday:

In an interview with a representative of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION yesterday, on what is known as the "Whitfield insurance bill," I am reported as holding that the act permits all companies composing the Southeastern Tariff Association doing business in Georgia to retain their membership in said association.

You doubtless obtained your information from some source which you considered reliable, but which misrepresented my view of the law.

No ruling on the act has been made by me except as to the mode of procedure to enforce compliance with its requirements upon complaints filed as prescribed by the act itself.

If you have read the account, you will admit that it in express terms makes it operative from the date of its passage, and has therefore been in full force since the 21st instant, the date of its approval by the governor. Therefore, all companies which have not observed its requirements since that date are amenable to its penalties.

Having unintentionally reported me incorrectly, and in so doing may have misled companies affected by this law, I trust you will do me the justice to correct the statement of my position on this question made by you in this morning's CONSTITUTION.

FOR THE GRADY HOSPITAL.

Preparations Being Made for an Elaborate Production of the "Pirates of Penzance."

At 4 o'clock this afternoon the second rehearsal of the ladies' chorus which is to participate in the "Pirates of Penzance," for the benefit of the Grady hospital, will be held at the music rooms of Phillips & Crew. This evening the gentlemen will hold their first meeting and rehearsal at the same place.

As soon as the chorus work is well under way, Mr. Harold G. Simpson, the musical director, will request a committee to assign the principal parts.

The total number of gentlemen who will engage in this work will be thirty-two—sixteen tenors and sixteen basses. Invitations were extended to fifty ladies, and of these about twenty-five have already contributed their services, and more will do so later.

The costumes of the latter will be a dress of bright colors suitable for a picnic excursion, Gainsborough hats and slippers, and a long white robe with a dainty night cap.

The gentlemen of the chorus will be costumed in grotesque pirates' dress, with sabers, pistols, etc., for the first act, and a policeman's uniform, with mace and dark lantern, for the second.

The participants in this opera will undoubtedly make untiring efforts to bring about an artistic and financial success. The opera will be ready for production about the middle of January.

PEOPLE HERE AND THERE.

BARR.—Mrs. Amelia E. Barr made her first essay in authorship after the death of her husband and three sons from yellow fever at Galveston in 1867. It was as an aid in supporting her three daughters that Mrs. Barr began to write. She is an English woman by birth, of pure Saxon blood.

GRAINER.—Emile Grainer, the French millionaire, is credited with having done more than any other one man towards the development of the state of Wyoming. In the eight years he has lived there he has spent $400,000 in the work. His first winter's experience made him a rheumatic cripple for life.

ABRAHAMS.—Clever and caustic Isaac Abrahams, who knows whereof he speaks, and has a thorough insight into New England trickery, says that what the cigarette is to the brainless dude and tight lacing is to the consumptive maid, as a means of suicide, the drug store of a prohibition town is to the cause of temperance.

CZAR.—The czar of all the Russias says that there is no probability of the peace of Europe being disturbed, but, considering that he had just launched three big ironclads when he said it, it is not unlikely that his rose-tinted views were as much indebted to the champagne lunches of the occasion as to a cold drawn appreciation of the probabilities.

HOW SCHLEY'S MEN

Were Bludgeoned About the Streets of Valparaiso.

THE CHILEAN EXPLANATION GIVEN,

Which Seems to Be That the People Were Angry,

AND WISHED TO CENSURE EGAN.

Minister Egan Directed to Demand Prompt Reparation from the Chilean Government.

WASHINGTON, October 27.—[Special.]—Today's developments in the Chilean affair make it clearer than ever that the renewed trouble with that country is due to the unfortunate course of Minister Egan, in allowing himself to become identified with Balmaceda.

Senor Montt, one of the Chilean representatives here, called at the state department today and explained to Mr. Blaine why it was that the Chilean populace is particularly incensed against the United States cruiser Baltimore, and why in consequence the sailors from that vessell were attacked in Valparaiso.

The Cause of the Hostility.

Senor Montt, it is said, informed Mr. Blaine that the hostility to the Baltimore grew out of the course of the commander of that vessel just before the decisive battle about Valparaiso, in which the congressional forces won. The Chilean representative declared that when the congressional forces landed in the country below Valparaiso, preparatory to the final assault on Balmaceda's army, the Baltimore, detecting that something was afoot, steamed down and watched the movement. As soon as the officers of the vessel saw what was going on, they hastened to inform Minister Egan.

That gentleman, Senor Montt claims, at once imparted the information to Balmaceda, thus saving him and his army from the surprise the congressionalists had prepared for them. If the Baltimore had not betrayed their movements, the congressionalists assert, Balmaceda's army would have been captured almost without a chance to resist, and thousands of lives would have been saved on both sides. In contrast with the conduct of the American warship, it is alleged that the other foreign men-of-war at Valparaiso remained stationary, in no way taking notice of the movement of the congressionalist army.

Egan Not Acceptable.

Senor Montt told Mr. Blaine today that it was the knowledge of this conduct on the part of the officers of the Baltimore that had particularly embittered the Chileans against the vessel and all on board of her, as well as against Mr. Egan. As to the latter, Senor Montt is said to have informed Mr. Blaine that he would never be acceptable to the present Chilean government and its adherents, and that if he were recalled, the relations between the two countries would at once become less strained. As long as Egan remained in Chile the people would feel that an affront was being put upon them by this government.

The Telegram to Egan.

The following is a copy of the telegram which, by the president's order, was sent to Chile on the 23d instant:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, D. C. October 23, 1891.—Egan, American Minister, Santiago, Chile—Immediately upon receipt of information of assaults made on the 16th instant in the street of Valparaiso, upon a number of American sailors, belonging to the United States man-of-war Baltimore, now in that harbor, the commander of that vessel, Captain W. L. Schley, was directed to cause an immediate and thorough inquiry to be made into the origin and incidents of that tragic affair, and to communicate the results simultaneously to this government and to you. His report, under date of yesterday, has just been transmitted to the department by the secretary of the navy, who advises me that a copy of the report was forwarded by Captain Schley to you.

You will observe that the board of officers selected by Captain Schley to investigate the affair report that our sailors were unarmed and gave no provocation; that the assaults upon them were by armed men, greatly superior in numbers, and, as we must conclude, animated in their bloody work by hostility to these men as sailors of the United States.

You will also notice that the character of some of the wounds indicate that the public police, or some of them, took part in the attack, and will also observe that other American sailors were, without any apparent fault, arrested and for some time held by the authorities.

The friendly efforts of a few of the public officers to give succor to our men furnishes the only redeeming incident of this affair. This cruel work, so injurious to the United States, took place on the 6th instant, and yet no expression of regret or of the purpose to make a searching inquiry, with view to the institution of proper proceeding for the punishment of the guilty parties, has been, so far as I am advised, offered to this government.

You will at once bring to the attention of the government of Chile the facts, as reported to you by Captain Schley, and will inquire whether there are any qualifying facts in possession of that government, or any explanation to be offered or an event that has very deeply pained the people of the United States, not only by reason of resulting in the death of one of our sailors and the pitiless wounding of others, but even more as an apparent expression of unfriendliness towards this government, which might put in peril the maintenance of amicable relations between the two countries. If the facts are as reported by Capt. Schley, this government cannot doubt that the government of Chile will offer prompt and full reparation.

You will furnish the foreign office a full paraphrase of this dispatch, and report promptly to this government. WHARTON.

Elkins and Blaine.

The report that Mr. Elkins is going into the cabinet keeps bobbing up, and from being so often repeated, it is receiving credit.

The latest assertion is that the appointment was offered to him several days ago, and that after consulting Mr. Blaine he signified his acceptance.

Coupled with this, and probably growing out of the return of Mr. Blaine to the state department in good health and spirits, comes the assertion that an understanding has been reached between Mr. Harrison and Mr. Blaine which will prevent an active rivalry between them in the national convention. Those who have been talking about Mr. Blaine's health are keeping very quiet since he has resumed his work here, with every evidence of his usual capacity. Every one who has met him is commenting on the fact that he does not seem like a sick man, and since it has come to be generally accepted that bad health alone could keep him from the call to lead his party in 1892, the deepest interest is taken in the discussion of his probable candidacy. It is asserted that Mr. Harrison is satisfied that Mr. Blaine will not himself make an effort to secure the nomination, and will not permit the Maine delegation to make the effort for him; but that he is convinced also, that if there is a popular demand for the nomination of Blaine when the convention meets, it will be useless to resist it, and that he (Harrison) will not attempt to do so.

It Was a Great Success.

MOBILE, Ala., October 27.—[Special.]—The largest and most cultivated audience in many years welcomed A. M. Palmer's company in "Alabama." It was in every respect a great success.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

WASHINGTON, October 27.—Forecast for Wednesday: Fair; stationary temperature; northerly winds.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

ATLANTA, Ga., October 27, 7 a. m.—Barometer, 30.14; temperature, 61.0; dewpoint, 36; wind, northwest; velocity, 24; rainfall, 0.

7 p. m.—Barometer, 30.27; temperature, 52.0; dewpoint, 25; wind, northwest; velocity, 12; rainfall, 0.

Maximum temperature, 63.0; minimum temperature, 52.0; rainfall, 0.

GETTING TOGETHER.

The Citizens Will Unite Upon a Plan of Campaign.

WITH ONE ACCORD THEY ALL UNITE.

And Will Fight Under the Banner of the City's Good.

A PUBLIC MEETING WILL BE CALLED.

Interviews with Representative Citizens, Showing the Cyclone of Public Sentiment—They All Talk One Way.

Everybody will get together for Atlanta!

That is what they say, and that is what they mean!

The editorial in yesterday's CONSTITUTION, calling on the conservative, peace disposed, earnest well-wishers of Atlanta's prosperity to turn their attention to the matter of agreeing upon a ticket on which all could unite for Atlanta's good, hit the nail straight on the head.

Chairman Cabaniss, of the citizens' executive committee, announces in favor of inaugurating a movement which will give Atlanta a municipal race without the injection of an irrelevant and prosperity-defeating issue at this time. The executive committee will be called together in due time, and everything will move along as smoothly as possible.

How It Will Be Done.

The meeting must be called by Mr. Cabaniss, chairman of the citizens' executive committee.

But that committee will have no power over the meeting or its work.

That was decided at a citizens' meeting three or four years ago. The people then declared that the executive committee should be created by the mass meeting which arranged the ticket, and should act until the ensuing year. At present the committee is composed of Mr. H. H. Cabaniss, chairman; A. D. Adair, J. J. Barnes, M. C. Kiser, J. H. Ketner, E. C. Murphy, C. J. Weinmeister, Arnold Broyles, James Campbell, Joseph Hirsch, W. T. Thompson, H. C. Irwin, H. W. Grady, Zack Smith, Aaron Haas, J. M. McQuirk, W. W. Draper, H. C. Stockdell.

As chairman of the committee

"You can say for me personally," said Mr. Cabaniss, "that I am in favor of holding a mass meeting, and letting that mass meeting select a committee of 100 good citizens, with instructions to name candidates for the municipal offices. These candidates should be named with the great and diversified interest of Atlanta in view, and regardless of whether they have entertained any intention of entering the race or not. They ought to be the best men for the place, whether they are seeking the office, or the office is seeking them. No doubt that committee, if appointed, will select men who have had no intention of running for offices."

Talking to the People.

Reporters of THE CONSTITUTION were assigned yesterday the duty of talking with representative citizens of all classes and professions, with whom they chanced to come in contact, concerning the next municipal race, and the importance of its being conducted by a general citizens' movement.

With wonderful unanimity the people are in favor of it. Below will be found a long list of men whose names speak for themselves. They are representative, conservative citizens of Atlanta, and all of them have the interest of the city thoroughly at heart. Among the number are prohibitionists and anti-prohibitionists—but all agree that this vexatious issue should not be injected into every local campaign, and that like all other things there is a proper time for the settlement of discussions on this line.

Merchants, lawyers, mechanics, bankers, and citizens generally, approve the idea of a citizens' movement by which a ticket can be chosen, committed to no class, put out by no faction, and being directly responsible for the people, not for the success or failure of any single issue as predominating all others, but having the general progress and prosperity of the city at heart.

Just read what the people say about it:

MR. JACOB HAAS: "The conservative citizens of Atlanta look to the city committee to take the initiatory step towards bringing out a thoroughly conservative and representative ticket for councilmen and aldermen. The city's interests for the coming year need to be taken care of by men chosen in just such a way. They should be selected with an eye to the welfare of Atlanta, to the exclusion of the furtherance of some particular object sought for by a part of the people. There is a number of important matters to be looked after the ensuing year, matters which the city needs, and they should be given primary consideration when a ticket is made up. And it will take an assemblage of the citizens, such as have been held, to keep this strictly in view."

MR. GEORGE PARROTT: "The city's interests, especially at this time, require good men at the head. We need good waterworks, and want them badly. We need other things, all of which will greatly benefit Atlanta, and which all of the citizens, without exception, are desirous of having. Now give us a representative ticket, one composed of men from the various branches of trade and commerce, who will look to matters such as these. Let's not have any clashing, but let's have a ticket which will meet every good citizen's approval, and which will satisfy every one by the work of its members."

MR. P. H. SNOOK: "The only way to ever get the sentiment of the city is to have the citizens themselves meet and talk out. It's the only way to save contention. We can't afford to have the town torn all to pieces. The business community condemns that most vigorously. 'Anything for peace,' they cry. Atlanta is on the high road to prosperity, and the only way for a continuance is for us all to work shoulder to shoulder. When the best people of a place are split up it is a bad thing. I am for Atlanta at all times and under all circumstances, and with all sincerity I say, let's have no division of the people. A city can't grow if her residents haven't got her interests above all else."

MR. J. M. ALEXANDER: "Believing it to be the true duty of every true Atlantian to support all measures looking forward to the honorable advancement of the city, I am pleased to say that I regard the selection of men to fill responsible office that is made by a mass meeting of citizens as the very best method. Experience has shown that the city government, when composed of members thus chosen, has given the best satisfaction. The interests of Atlanta have grown too great and too diversified for it to be judicious for the selection of candidates to be left to a minority gathering, whose service is greater in personality than in the public good. There is no greater truth than 'there is wisdom in multitude of counsel.' Many citizens will attend mass meetings thus called, for they may hope to exert an influence at such meetings that would be inert if attempted to be exercised at what might be called a professional gathering of interested politicians."

MR. L. H. BECK: "One of the best councils Atlanta has ever had was one chosen by the citizens in a mass meeting. It was when George Hillyer was mayor, and I tell you that was a rattling good set of men. I worked for their election and a number of others did who contributed their services knowing it would be to Atlanta's good should they be elected. By all means let's continue that plan of choosing our representatives. Let the people act in harmony, look forward to a prosperous era and, with that in view, get a ticket all the people will approve and one that will not be a bone of contention. By all means do away with factions."

MR. HUGH INMAN: "Let a citizens' meeting be called, and a good ticket be put forward for the council. That's the way to get representatives with the city's interests at heart. Atlanta was never more prosperous or in a more growing condition than now. Every one who is working is finding it easy to get along. The various classes are doing well. It's not alone unnecessary, but inadvisable and calculated to do injury to do whatever tends to stir up strife at this hour. There should be a ticket made up by the people, for all the people and as much for them in an entirety as for any one man or any one class."

MR. G. V. GRESS: "There is but one way to get a good ticket for the city, and that is for her citizens to make it without an eye for the success of some pet scheme or policy. Let the questions which concern all Atlanta be the issue. Let men be selected with economic ideas of government. Now, take the salary question, for instance. In a city as large as Atlanta it's an easy matter to get good men to serve as councilmen, without any greater compensation than $200. It is assuredly a position of honor, and the old amount should stand, for it is not intended to serve as a salary. You raise the $200 to $600, and pretty soon there will be a temptation to raise it further. Then the office will be sought for, and not the man. Now, suppose that you nominate men who will consider such questions, which concern the city, and not side issues which will tear up things. A citizens' meeting will accomplish it."

CAPTAIN W. D. ELLIS: "Atlanta with its great revenue, must have men of first-class ability to represent her; men who are committed to no clique or faction, who represent the city's interests at large. I am opposed to the domination of those who favor extremes. The movement which has prevailed of late years, by which mass meetings of citizens nominated, should be adopted again this fall. This thing of having matters agitated which are in good shape and which are being well regulated will harm Atlanta. But you get councilmen who are pledged to Atlanta's interests and that alone and you'll never complain of your choice. An assemblage of a party will not get such."

MR. JOHN CALVIN: "It is a capital suggestion, and I approve it. We want representative, conservative men at the wheel. This is a great city of ours. To carry her forward at the splendid gait she is going, her people must stand together in harmony. The proposed plan seems to me to be in the right spirit and at the right time."

COLONEL JOHN GOODWIN: "I think that the city has attained the size, and has such varied interests, that her best and strongest citizens should be willing, when called upon, to represent the people in the city government. The responsibility of the establishment of new waterworks on a proper basis is already upon us, and, yet, this is only one of the very many responsibilities and trusts to be discharged. I don't think that the views of any portion of the people on the liquor question should be permitted to subordinate other great interests of our growing city. Former differences on that question have largely, and in the main, been removed, and I would regard the renewal of factional divisions upon that subject as injurious to the city, and a thing that ought to be discountenanced by every citizen."

MR. JOEL HURT: "Atlanta is too large a city to extend its interests to any save strong, careful, able and good men. The issue should be Atlanta. Her best citizens should be sent to the next council. I would deprecate the injection of the prohibition question in the coming election. We can secure our best men by selecting them irrespective of their views on this question. In this emergency it will not do to elect men who have personal interests to promote or axes to grind. I think we can elect the strongest set of officials that Atlanta has ever had. I wish to see Atlanta's prosperity advanced and her best interests promoted and I am for men who will work on this line."

MR. L. J. HILL: "I think the best plan is a mass meeting, and appoint a citizens' committee to select the municipal ticket. There ought to be a good ticket put in the field, and then it ought to be elected. The trouble with the conservative element, the people who have the great interest of the city at heart, is that they are too lukewarm. They don't like to mix up with political muddles, and the result is these one-feature, one-idea, factional politicians marshal their following with remarkable zeal and harmony, and if they don't elect their men, they will come very near it. The conservative element ought to devise some plan of placing in the field a ticket of the best men in Atlanta, and then go to work and elect it."

MR. J. H. PORTER: "I want a good ticket of liberal, progressive men, with a full conception of the duties of public officers, and the courage to discharge them, placed in the field, and when this is done I will do all in my power to help elect. I am not prepared to discuss the best method of selecting that ticket."

MR. M. RICH: "I am for the interest of Atlanta first, last and always. We need men in our municipal councils that are not wedded and devoted to one hobby, but who will work for the best interest of the whole city. Men who will aid and improve the public schools, improve the streets and look to the building of sewers, etc. It is time these one-idea politicians were sat down on. As to the best and safest plan of selecting these men, I am not prepared to say; but I think the mass meeting, citizens' committee plan about as good as any."

CAPTAIN T. L. LANGSTON: "I believe in the mass meeting plan as a preliminary. Let the mass meeting select 100 good citizens to name a ticket, and place the responsibility on the committee. This ought to be satisfactory and safe. It is out of the question to censure or attack the judgment of 100 honest citizens when they have acted in harmony and with the best interests of the city at heart."

MR. TOM MEADOR: "We don't want any factional politicians in office. We want liberal, progressive men. We can't afford to entrust the great diversified interests of this city to narrow-minded, one-sided, hobby-hampered people in our city offices. These faction politics ought to be settled at once for always, and the way to do it is for the conservative people, those who hold the common interests of the city above any faction or hobby, to meet in mass meeting, appoint a committee of 100 men, good representative citizens, to select a ticket, and then go to work to elect. This method will be satisfactory to me, and I will do all I can to elect the ticket."

MR. JOE HIRSCH: "Good men, representative men, is what we need in office for the best interest of Atlanta. Let the citizens assemble in mass meeting, appoint a committee of fifteen from each ward, and ten from the city at large, instruct them to name a municipal ticket, then abide by their decision in harmony and elect the ticket nominated. That's my idea, and that will satisfy me. The mass meeting ought to be held as soon as practicable."

MR. J. T. ASHFORD: "I believe the most satisfactory plan of nominating municipal ticket is by a citizens' committee of 100 appointed by common consent of the conservative people of Atlanta. Above all things I will work for good and progressive city government."

MR. E. W. MARSH: "I am convinced that something is radically wrong with the city government. There are too many unnecessary offices. There is too much extravagance. Taxes are too high, and they must be cut down. High taxes keep people away from Atlanta. There is no reason for these high taxes. I am for economy in the city's administration. It should be run on strictly business principles. I am in favor of electing men of unquestionable ability and character. I am in favor of retrenchment and reform, and now is a good time to begin. There are many important issues facing us, any one of which is more important to us than prohibition. If we fight on this question we are apt to lose sight of our best men, and inferior men will be elected. There is no reason why prohibition should cut any figure in the next election. Every member of the council should look after Atlanta's best interests first, last and all the time, and should sit down upon jobbery and schemes. There is too much ring rule here. It's most as bad as Tweed bossism."

CAPTAIN J. W. ENGLISH: "If there ever was a time in Atlanta's history when we needed strong and able men to manage the city's affairs, now is that time. We must select a ticket composed of the ablest and best citizens of Atlanta, and compel them to serve."

JUDGE LOWNDES CALHOUN: "The best and ablest men should be chosen, and Atlanta's prosperity should be the one guiding principle."

MR. PAUL ROMARE: "The members of the next council must be men who represent Atlanta's best interests. We do not want one-idea men. Outside issues should not be brought in. Only men of good business qualifications and unassailable reputations should be elected. Grave responsibilities and important duties will fall upon the incoming administration. Atlanta's destiny will rest largely in their hands. Their course will mean either advancement or retrogression. Every citizen should use his influence to bring out the very best and strongest men. We must not elect office-seekers or men who have axes to grind. There are plenty of capable men who will consent to serve Atlanta in this emergency."

COLONEL P. L. MYNATT: "I regard the coming election as one of the most important elections ever held in Atlanta. I am a prohibitionist, yet I deprecate making prohibition an issue at this time. A much weightier problem confronts us. Atlanta is in need of some salutary reforms. Many important matters of serious import demand the attention of our people. Atlanta needs a new police station house, a new building for city officers, and others too numerous to enumerate. The incoming council will be called upon to regulate questions which deeply concern every resident of the city. Taxes are too high. Is there any reason why they should be so high? Money is required to run successfully a city. Economy must be practiced. Financial sagacity must be shown. The city must be run on business principles. This is a crisis in Atlant's history. Upon the new mayor and councilmen will devolve grave responsibilities. It behooves us to see that only our best men are elected. We require men of ability and character; men who can see what is best for Atlanta, and who will act fearlessly. I fear there is too much ring rule in Atlanta. Men with axes to grind and schemes to advance must be sent to the rear. The issue should be Atlanta. The platform should be Atlanta. On this our best and ablest citizens can stand."

JUDGE HENRY TANNER: "In this emergency we need our best men. There never was a time in Atlanta's history when it was so important to select only strong, brainy, nervy men. It might be well to keep out of view the prohibition question, yet I should not object to see both sides represented in the council. Every man we elect to the next general council should have Atlanta in view all the time; should strive to promote Atlanta's good in every way possible. We cannot afford to place incompetent men in power. We must bring out our strongest men."

MAJOR W. F. SLATON: "I have decided views regarding this matter and do not object to expressing them. First let me say that all the 'isms' that are dividing our people should be put down. At this juncture we require a city council composed of men of integrity, of irreproachable reputation, of unimpeachable character; men of financial ability, of nerve, of advanced and liberal ideas; men who understand Atlanta's needs, and who will not hesitate to act. Such men can be found, and we must have them. Atlanta is now at the flood-tide of its prosperity, and now is presented an opportunity for the mayor and council to make her the first city in the south. Momentous issues will confront the next general council. All extraneous issues should be kept in the background. Atlanta's good is what should be kept in view all the time. We don't want any little men. We must put in the best men and make them serve. They will not refuse to serve. No citizen has a right to refuse to serve under these circumstances. I think this is an emergency. It is a crisis in Atlanta's history. The next council will either push forward Atlanta or push her backward."

MR. A. F. COOLEDGE: "The citizens of Atlanta should have in view in choosing a mayor and councilmen only one thing—Atlanta's good."

MR. J. J. BARNES: "This is a time when we must call into service only the very best citizens."

SHERIFF MORROW: "We can't afford to send weak men to the next council. There are grave questions to be solved, and upon their solution will rest Atlanta's destiny."

JUDGE J. T. HOOK: "It behooves the people of Atlanta to choose wisely in the approaching election. Only men of ability and character should be elected. Atlanta has vast interests at stake. We need our best men in this emergency."

MR. W. H. BROTHERTON: "Certainly I am in favor of a citizens' mass meeting, and the putting out of a good strong ticket, composed throughout of the best men that can be induced to accept the offices. The election of aldermen and councilmen is purely a matter of business, and only business men, with a thorough knowledge of all the needs and requirements of the city, should be placed in such offices. Atlanta is a growing city, and requires the best available men to handle her interests, financial and otherwise. A mass meeting, to which the entire public is invited, is undoubtedly the best and fairest method of getting at public sentiment, and satisfying all parties; therefore, I certainly am in favor of one."

JUDGE GEORGE HILLYER: "Only five short years ago the total annual expense of the city government was less than six hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars. Since then population has increased only about one-fifth, and yet in that short time the city's annual expenses have run up to $1,600,000. The city was just as well governed; its business in every department just as well carried on then as now. Taxes and assessments are too high, and if something is not done to reform and check the tendency to waste and extravagance Atlanta will be nothing but a good place to move away from.

"I have said it before, and with all the responsibility which comes from knowledge of the subject, I repeat that our rate of taxation can be reduced, and ought to be reduced to 1 per cent. If we will elect no man to council who is not for tax reduction, this reform will come. Our taxes will be a third less than they are, and my word for it, in the hands of a council who believe in this policy, the public business will all be carried on practically as well as with the present unjust rate of 1½ per cent. I say unjust rate, and I repeat it, for all unnecessary taxation is oppressive and unjust, and ought not to be allowed.

"Atlanta is dependent on the honesty and wisdom of her people for her prosperity. The time was when nearly every man in the city looked after and guarded her interests just like his own. Will it ever be so again? Let us agitate economy and reduction of taxes, and we need not despair of success. We can do little or nothing to rid ourselves of the tyranny of federal tariffs and exactions, and even state taxes are not in our control; but with this city tax it is different. We can remedy that, and remedy it speedily. We are chargeable with weakness and folly if we don't do it.

"You ask me about nominations. Well, I think we had best have none of them. Let candidates be brought out and run and be discussed on their merits and fitness. This is a better system than a slate fixed up by a caucus committee."

A CARD FROM JUDGE HAMMOND.

The Chairman of the Anti-Barroom Committee Writes a Communication.

The following card of Judge W. R. Hammond will explain itself. Judge Hammond is chairman of the committee of forty appointed at the mass meeting called by the 1890 Club to agree upon a municipal ticket which would make an issue against granting licenses to barrooms.

Judge Hammond says:

EDITOR CONSTITUTION—Your leading editorial of this morning asks a question and invites a reply. I beg that you will give me space to answer it. I do this because I am chairman of a committee of forty, which has placed in the field a ticket distinctively known as the "Anti-barroom Ticket" for the next municipal election, and it would seem proper that the reply should come from me.

Some time ago the 1890 Club, a very large and very respectable temperance organization of this city, called a mass meeting of all the citizens of Atlanta, who were opposed to barrooms, and in favor of putting out a municipal ticket on this issue. The call was for every one who was in sympathy with the movement, and the notice was public and ample. The mass meeting held in pursuance of it was large and representative. That meeting elected a committee of forty-five from each ward, and ten from the city at large, whose duties it was to secure the names of suitable candidates and place them before the people, on the issue thus made. That committee did its work, and the ticket named by it is now before the people.

The ticket is an unusually good one. This is conceded on all sides. The only objection that can be made to it is that the call for the mass meeting, excluded all who were in favor of granting further licenses to barrooms. If the majority of the voters of this city are opposed to licensing barrooms any longer, then this ticket ought to stand. If not, then it ought to give place to another. The issue is sharply defined. How shall it be decided?

The committee of forty passed a resolution, which was published, that they were willing to submit the ticket named by them, either to the people, at the polls, or to a democratic primary. They recognize the fact that they do not represent all the voters of Atlanta, and are willing to abide by the decision of a majority in any way by which a fair and full expression may be had. There is no hall in Atlanta which would hold all the people on both sides of this question who might wish to attend a mass meeting of citizens, and therefore it would be impracticable to get a full and fair expression in that way. Let us have a fair contest on this issue.

I submit that the motions which actuated the members of the 1890 Club in making this call were of the highest and purest character. They thought that the existence of the licensed retail liquor shop in our midst was a baneful curse, and that to close forever the doors of these places, which invite our young men and boys to the beginning of a career of drunkenness and crime, would be a great and inestimable blessing. They thought that to get rid of the retail traffic in spirituous liquors would be the best practical solution of the liquor question, and that it was the part of wisdom and conservatism to offer to the people of Atlanta this solution, and thus get rid of the otherwise inevitable contest under the total prohibition local option law. I am persuaded that this was the spirit and purpose that animated those who started this movement, as well as the committee of forty who have given it dennite shape by placing in the field a ticket, pledged to carry it out to its final consummation.

This is an earnest movement, and one which has for its object the suppression of an evil which is unmitigated and inexcusable, and which can find no oraror, statesman or patriot to stand up and plead, before an intelligent public, for its longer continuance.

W. R. HAMMOND.

SEVEN STATES

Will Be Represented at the Y. M. C. A. Today.

The Work to Be Done.

Representative Young Men's Christian Association workers from the states of Kentucky, Virginia, the Carolinas, Alabama, Tennessee and Georgia will meet at the association parlors this afternoon.

They are to consult as to the best methods of conducting the work of the association in the south—especially with reference to assisting Mr. Ober, the southern secretary, who is now stationed in Atlanta.

The officers say that never before were so many calls made upon them to help new associations in starting and to foster old ones, too.

The delegates will be the guests of the association while here, and tonight a fruit supper will be given them at the association rooms.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WHOLESALE BY H. A. BOYNTON AND SHROPSHIRE & DODD, ATLANTA, GA.

MAIER & BERKELE,
OPTICIANS AND JEWELERS,
Employ the Best Opticians in the south. Spectacles and Eyeglasses properly fitted.
93 WHITEHALL STREET.
oct19-un roy b 5p

D. C. LOEB;
Importer and Wholesale Dealer in
WHISKIES, WINES AND CIGARS,
Sole agent for Pabst Milwaukee beer. The best in the market. All the finest brands of whiskies. Old Crow, and Old Oscar Pepper, with many other equally well-known and leading brands.
11 and 13 West Mitchell, and 102 and 106 South Broad Streets.

GLASS, GLASS!
WE HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF
WINDOW GLASS
IN THE SOUTH. AGENTS FOR THE LARGEST
PLATE GLASS
WORKS IN THE UNITED STATES. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
F. J. COOLEDGE & BRO.,
21 Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.

The Wolf in Sheep's Clothing

The poisonous flavoring extracts in the market are one of the wolves in sheep's clothing which ruin the stomach, causing dyspepsia and blood diseases before the consumers have discovered their true character. The only safety the public has is to buy only such goods as are well known to be of the finest grade and purest quality.

Dr. Price's Delicious Flavoring Extracts
are just what they purport to be, containing no poisonous oils or ethers which are used in making the cheap extracts. Dr. Price's Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., are made from the true fruit.

AMUSEMENTS
OPERA HOUSE
Wednesday and Thursday, October 28th and 29th. Matinee Thursday at 2:30 o'clock.
Everybody's Favorite! The Little Sunbeam!
CHARMING
KATIE PUTNAM
Will appear in three of her impersonations.
Wednesday Night,
LOVE FINDS A WAY.
Thursday Matinee,
OLD CURIOSITY SHOP.
Thursday Ntght,
ERMA, THE ELF.
Katie in New Songs, Dances and Banjo Solos
Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.

Friday and Saturday, October 30th and 31st. Matinee Saturday at 2:30 o'clock.
Engagement for three performances of
Mr. A. M. Palmer's Co.
—IN—
Augustus Thomas's Southern Dramatic Idyl,
ALABAMA,
Under the direction of Mr. Al Hayman.
Prices—Admission as usual; reserved seats 50c extra. oct25 28 29 30 31

EDGEWOOD AVENUE THEATER.
Three Nights, Commencing Monday, October 26th. Special Matinee Wednesday at 2:30.
RICHARDS & PRINGLE'S
FAMOUS GEORGIA MINSTRELS,
Headed by the Emperor of the Minstrel World, BILLY KERSANDS, and the world's trio, TOM BROWN and MALLORY BROTHERS, the Great Gauze, wonderful contralto.
All supported by a Coterie of Colored Star Artists.
A grand street parade by the Georgia Silver Cornet Band.
Prices $1, 50 and 25 cents. Seats on sale at Beermann & Silverman's.

Weather Reports, with map, posted daily at our Corner Window.



TIME WILL TELL
whether the clothes you wear are good clothes. And our suits stand the test of time. They hold their shape; the buttons don't come off; the seams don't burst on you, and we don't charge you any more for that sort of clothing than for the inferior sort. There is one suit in our stock—a Prince Albert cut in a fine black tricot of best quality, that is just the thing for the middle-aged and elderly gentleman for a dress suit. It's handsome in appearance; in make, equal to the best custom-made. We'll show it gladly.
A. Rosenfeld & Son.
EVERYTHING IN MEN'S ATTIRE
24 Whitehall Street, Corner Alabama.

INSTRUCTION.
CRICHTON'S SCHOOL
—OF—
SHORTHAND
Occupies the entire second floor at
49 Whitehall St., Atlanta.
We teach the simplest as well as the most legible system of Shorthand ever written, in fact, the system is so simple that it can be taught successfully
BY MAIL,
and we make a specialty of giving lessons in this way to persons who cannot come to Atlanta.
Illustrated catalogue, also "a little book" giving much valuable information concerning shorthand, its uses, etc., will be mailed free by
Crichton's School

The great exposition of ready-made clothing that we are displaying this season cannot fail to interest you. It will be to your interest to call and examine, as we have one of the best stocks ever displayed in the south.

LUMPKIN, COLE AND STEWART,
26 WHITEHALL STREET.

A GREAT DAY

Was Yesterday at the Piedmont Exposition.

IT WAS VETERANS AND MILITARY DAY.

A Dress Parade and an Exhibition Drill at the Grounds.

THE LONE DOG IN THE BALLOON.

Today Is Merchants' Day, and the Merchants Will Close Up—Some Fine Racing Today.

The exposition grounds were the theater of a grand moving spectacular in which 32,000 people took part yesterday.

The exposition has just reached the point where it is fairly humming along, and yesterday was the biggest day of the great show, the turnstyle registering the largest attendance of the exposition for any one day.

It was veterans' and military day and the veterans and military boys showed their appreciation of the management's courtesy in arranging not only a special day but a special programme for them, by turning out in large numbers.

Members of the Fulton County Confederate Veterans' Association were easily distinguishable from their comrades by their gray uniforms and gray slouch hats.

The Fourth battalion was out also, and the Atlanta soldier boys never looked brighter or handsomer.

The boys did some clever drilling, some fine music was given by the Mexican band, the racing was the best of the season, and the crowds enjoyed themselves in grand style—altogether the day was the best of the exposition, so far.

The Day at the Grounds.

The day was a cool and bracing one, an invitation in itself to the exposition. The people appreciated the balmy autumn weather, the great Piedmont exposition and the many great attractions gathered there, and to these elements is due the vast attendance at the grounds.

A noticeable thing about the attendance was the large number of country people present. Every train which came in was crowded with people bound for the exposition.

The crowds went out early in the morning and spent the day viewing the fine agricultural and industrial exhibits and other fine attractions.

At half-past 12 o'clock the Mexican band again gave a grand concert in the main building, which was highly appreciated by the visitors, many of whom heard the swarthy musicians for the first time.

At 1 o'clock the band, commanded by Senor Payen, drew up in line at the railroad entrance to the exposition to meet the Fourth battalion. Several hundred people were also assembled to see the military come in.

The Military at the Grounds.

The military arrived at the grounds at 1 o'clock, the different companies in fatigue uniform, and under command of the respective captains.

The battalion was formed at the east end of agricultural hall by Colonel W. L. Calhoun and Lieutenant Park Woodward.

The Mexican band was drawn into line in front of the battalion and, playing a lovely march, led the way to the grand stand.

The crowd followed the music and arriving at the grand stand, found it already filled with people. The band was stationed in the grand stand and furnished music while the dress parade was going on.

Past the grand stand the battalion marched several times, its even tread and well-dressed front producing the admiration of the spectators.

The Grady Cadets marched ahead, followed by the Zouaves, then came the Guard, the Atlanta Rifles bringing up the rear.

Colonel Calhoun displayed his splendid qualities as a commanding officer by the excellent manner in which he handled the battalion. He was ably assisted by Lieutenant Park Woodward.

The Exhibition Drill.

At the close of the dress parade, the battalion was marched to the great stage built for King Solomon, where the exhibition drills took place.

The Grady Cadets were the first to drill, and, although the ranks were somewhat depleted, the company did itself proud. The Cadets showed to be well up in drilling, and won the applause of the grand stand by some clever hits.

The Zouaves drilled next. Nothing is more pleasing to the eye than a zouave drill, and the pretty evolutions were applauded heartily by the spectators.

When the Zouaves retired many said that the honors of the day would be theirs.

Atlanta's crack company, the Atlanta Rifles, did some fine drilling next. The Rifles were not out in force, but those present did especially clever work. When the company came off the stage the other companies cheered lustily.

But the finest drilling of the day remained to be done.

The Gate City Guard drilled last, but when the company stepped forward with even tread, their handsome white plumes waving in the breeze, the spectators knew some fine drilling would be done.

And they were not disappointed.

Every movement was gone through with with utmost precision, and elicited generous cheering. When the Gate City Guard finished drilling the company was the acknowledged champions of the day.

After the Guard's drill the companies were marched around to the rear of the grand stand and dismissed.

The companies stacked arms and spent the afternoon taking in the shows, the races and other attractions.

Their handsome uniforms could be seen in every group of people all over the grounds and gave the crowds a military tone.

The Balloon Ascension.

The balloon ascension was booked for 3 o'clock. At fifteen minutes before that time, the big balloon was stretched out, the fire was lit and soon the big balloon began stretching out, as it became filled with gas. A very high wind was blowing and as the big canvas began to assume globular shape it was blown from side to side by the prevailing high wind. A dozen men were stationed around it, holding it steady by means of guy ropes. It was just ready to go up; the daring aeronaut, Professor George Howard, had attached himself and dog to the air ship, when a sudden gust of wind keeled it over. The men turned lose their hold of the ropes and the balloon shot up like a rocket. As the balloon went up it swept by Professor Howard, the aeronaut, badly burning him about the face and on his hands, and as quick as thought he cut himself loose, and the balloon shot into space without him.

But not without the dog. Fitzsimmons, the famous canine aeronaut, was suspended from his trapeze and was making the first balloon ascension ever made by a dog alone. The spectators saw the lone dog as he slowly rose, and called after him "farewell."

The balloon was carried toward the main building, and on account of the high wind did not go very high. While the spectators were still watching the dog with breathless interest, the balloon suddenly turned over, and the gas began escaping. Slowly the balloon came toward the ground.

Down and down it came until the ground was reached near machinery hall, and the dog reached the ground unhurt. Fitzsimmons received the congratulations of the vast crowd upon his narrow escape.

The Hurdle Race.

At 3:15 o'clock Professor Achille Phillion gave his daily exhibition on the spiral tower, which has been described in THE CONSTITUTION. He was heartily applauded by the audience. This exhibition was given again at 7:45 o'clock, with the tower veiled in fireworks.

At 3:30 o'clock the hurdle race by the Kennedy Brothers was given. This race was of quite as much interest as the regular races on the programme. One of the brothers rode a fiery "claybank," who seemed to be possessed of an unconquerable desire to slay his rider. The other brother rode a trim-looking black, who proved himself to be a lightning flyer. The two horses dashed around the track together, and not until they were within two lengths of the wire, did the "claybank" pull as much as a head to the lead and win the race. The hurdle was "out of sight."

In All His Glory.

Another grand presentation of King Solomon was witnessed by a magnificent audience at night.

The show was grand, indeed. The gorgeous costumes showed up to a fine advantage under the reflection of the calcium lights, and last night's production but added to the already firmly-established reputation of this great spectacular.

The audience was pleased, and they manifested their pleasure by generous applause. King Solomon is proving to be a ten-strike for the exposition.

Merchants' Day.

Today is merchants' day.

And Atlanta's public spirited and enterprising merchants, both wholesale and retail, will close up their places of business this afternoon and go out to the exposition and give their clerks an opportunity of doing so.

It will be a great day, a day in which the merchants of Atlanta, who have been greatly benefited by the Piedmont exposition, will take great pleasure in making a grand success.

Special races have been arranged by the association to amuse the merchants and their clerks, and they will be the best races of the week.

A list of the business houses who had agreed to close today was printed in yesterday's CONSTITUTION.

Besides the above, a large number of firms who have not been seen by the committee will close today.

Today's Programme.

A splendid programme has been arranged for the entertainment of the merchants, clerks and other visitors today.

The programme today is as follows:

1 to 1:30 O'clock—Concert in the main building by the Mexican band.
2 to 4 O'clock—Concert at the grand stand by the Mexican band.
2 O'clock—Two balloon ascensions at the same time.
2:30 O'clock—Climbing of the spiral tower by Professor Achille Phillion.
3 O'clock—Running Races.
3:15 O'clock—The Kennedy brothers' Roman hippodrome races.
3:45 O'clock Acrobats on the stage.
5 to 7 O'clock—Grand King Solomon matinee.

Such a programme could not fail to make the day the biggest of the exposition.

Red Men's Day.

Friday is the Red Men's day, and every kindred and tribe is preparing to celebrate with a magnificent procession and barbecue.

From every nook and corner of the state the Red Men will don their war paint and take up their tomahawks, and, accompanied by their squaws and papooses, will come to help swell the procession.

The following arrangements have been made by the Red Men for their day:

Tribes will meet at 8:30 o'clock a. m. sharp, in front of old capitol, Marietta street, when the cheif of each tribe will report to the marshal of the day.

The line will be formed in the following order:

Mounted Police.
Zouave Band.
General Marshal and Assistant.
Chieftains' League as Escorts to Wahneta Council, No. 1, Degree of Pocahontas.
Speakers in Carriages.
Members of the Great Council of the United States in Carriages.
Members of the Great Council of Georgia in Carriages.
General Committee in Carriages.
Visiting Tribes in Charge of Assistant Marshal W. H. Hafer.
Barnesville Band.
Music in Charge of Assistant Marshal E. W. Blue.
Local Tribes.
Cherokee Tribe, No. 1.
Modoc Tribe, No. 3.
Mohawk Tribe, No. 5.
Comanche Tribe, No. 6.
Buford Band.
Powhatan Tribe, No. 8.
Tallulah Tribe, No. 29.
Appalache Tribe, No. 31.
Choctaw Tribe, No. 35.

Line of March.

Down Marietta to Broad, Broad to Alabama, Alabama to Whitehall, Whitehall to Mitchell, Mitchell to Pryor, Pryor to Alabama, Alabama to Loyd, where two trains will be in waiting with twenty coaches for the exposition.

Headquarters

For the Red Men will be at the wigwams of Cherokee, Comanche and Mohawk tribes; the tribes to meet at their wigwams at the eighth run sharp, at the rising of the thirtieth sun, traveling moon, G. S. D. 460.

Tribes will re-form at the exposition to march to the grand stand where addresses will be delivered.

G. E. Johnson, Marshal of the Day.
M. J. Smith, W. H. Hafer,
R. J. Rice, R. L. Bean,
L. W. Sims, R. B. Blackburn,
J. F. Bradley, T. H. Quinn,
Assistant Marshals.

The assistant Marshals, Chieftains' League, Wahneta Council Degree of Pocahontas, speakers, great councils and general committees will meet the marshal of the day at the corner of Broad and Walton streets at 8:45 o'clock a. m. sharp. The procession will move promptly at 9 o'clock, a. m.

The following programme for speeches was announced:

Master of Ceremonies,
E. M. Mitchell.
Address of Welcome,
Hon. W. A. Hemphill, Mayor of Atlanta.
Great Council of Georgia,
Great Senior Sagamore Y. A. Wright, Jackson, Ga.
Red Men of Atlanta,
Brother J. G. Camp, Atlanta, Ga.
Growth of the Order in General,
R. T. Daniel, Griffin, Ga., Great Prophet of the Great Council of Georgia.
G. E. Johnson, Marshal of the Day.

From the arrangements that have been made it will be seen that Red Men's day will be great.

A Rare Treat.

There will be a rare treat for the visitors at the exposition November 3d and 4th.

On the first date Colonel L. F. Livingston, and other redoubtable leaders of the alliance, will speak on alliance principles, from the grand stand at the exposition, and will make the fur fly from their opponents. This will, of course, draw immense crowds, but next day will have attractions which will equal if not eclipse it.

Congressman W. C. Oates, of Alabama, will speak at the graud stand.

Also Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Felton will deliver addresses from the same stand.

Governor D. Tillman will also speak.

These two days will be the big red letter days of the exposition.

Congressman Oates, of Alabama, will be remembered as the first congressman who attacked the alliancemen. His filibustering tactics in congress, while the force bill was pending, marked him as a statesman of great ability.

The Printers' Contest.

The exhibit of THE CONSTITUTION job office and the printers' contest are attracting a great deal of attention from visitors to the exposition. The printers set up and THE CONSTITUTION job office prints on its handsome book presses, at its exhibit in the main building, daily, about two hundred pages of the supreme court reports of Alabama. This is such work as THE CONSTITUTION job office does in THE CONSTITUTION building all the time. The first sixty-six volumes of Alabama reports are being reprinted, with all the old text and annotations carefully made by Judge W. R. Houghton, of the Birmingham bar, and one of the ablest lawyers in the state. The Alabama reports rank with the five highest in the union as legal authority. This particular edition, gotten up and for sale by THE CONSTITUTION job office, will represent an investment of about $60,000, and will be the most valuable edition of such reports in the south.

HE WILL RESIGN.

Alderman Shropshire Will Resign as South Side Alderman.

THREE ALDERMEN MUST BE ELECTED

At the December Election—He Has Two More Years to Serve—Is the Mayoralty Bee Buzzing in His Bonnet?

There is soon to be a vacancy in the aldermanic board of this city.

That vacancy is to be caused by the resignation of Alderman A. J. Shropshire, of the south side.

Just exactly what the true inwardness of Mr. Shropshire's resignation is, is not known, only from what he says himself in explanation of it. He is engaged in the wholesale grocery business and says that he will resign to devote his entire attention to his business.

The vacancy, if Mr. Shropshire resigns, will have to be filled by another election by the people. Mr. Shropshire was elected last fall and has two years yet to serve.

This will cause three aldermen to be elected at the December election, instead of two.

Reasons, which might possibly have caused Mr. Shropshire's resignation have been suggested almost without number.

One reason is suggested from a source that is very authentic. It is that Alderman Shropshire has the mayoralty bee buzzing in his bonnet.

He is a staunch member of the 1890 Club and a strong supporter of its methods. His name has been suggested by this organization for mayor. In one year a mayor will have to be elected, by the expiration of Mayor Hemphill's term of office. It will be two years yet before Alderman Shropshire's term of office expires. These two facts, the gossip connecting Mr. Shropshire's name with the mayoralty as the 1890 Club candidate have been put together with the result stated above.

However, the resignation has not yet been written, and Alderman Shropshire has not yet fully expressed himself concerning it.

There may be other developments of a nature political.

ABOUT THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

What Is Going On in the Various Departments There.

Two mail robbers were dealt with in the circuit court yesterday morning.

T. A. Chappel, a young white man, was arraigned on the charge of stealing letters from the postoffice at Calhoun, Ga. Some time ago a package of mail was stolen from the place, and Chappel was arrested for it.

Yesterday he was found guilty, and Judge Newman sentenced him to fifteen months' hard labor at the United States prison in Columbus, Ohio.

Hill Biggers, a negro of Oglethorpe county, was up on a similar charge. On September 8th the Winterville postoffice was robbed of a large amount of envelopes, postal cards and other supplies. Biggers was employed there, and, though he had been a trusted negro, was arrested, charged with the offense.

Biggers was found guilty and severely sentenced. He was given eighteen months' hard labor at Columbus and fined $100 and all costs.

A Bad Day for Them.

Thirteen moonshiners were sentenced yesterday, and but two escaped.

Allen Morgan, I. R. Seabolt, Elias Nicholson and David McCollum, of Union county; George Stanfield, of Pickens; William Foster, of Dawson, and W. L. Taylor, of Habersham, were found guilty of working in a distillery, and given two months each.

For the same offense, Mark Berryman, of Elbert, and James Keil, of Fannin county, were given one month.

For retailing, John Rousser, of Oglethorpe; Henry Akers, of Harralson, and Henry Dunagen, of Forsyth, were given one month, and Simon Chisholm, of Polk, one month and $100.

Jack P. Nelms, of Elliot county, and David Nicholson, of Union, were the lucky ones. They were acquitted of the charge of illicit distilling.

Caught at Last.

Deputy Marshals Hughes and Burrell made a good capture yesterday. They went to Habersham county, and after "laying out" all night, found Reuben Burgess, a moonshiner, in the thick of the woods. He had run away from Lumpkin county, and had repeatedly resisted arrest and given trouble to the officers. Burges was committed, by Commissioner Gaston, at Gainesville, to the Fulton county jail.

Deputy Marshal Newt McDonald yesterday arrested Richard Townsend, of Carroll county, who is wanted on a warrant. He was lodged in jail.

Postmaster General Wanamaker yesterday sent to Mr. L. M. Terrell, superintendent of the fourth division, 500 new locks and keys for mail clerks. The law requires this change every eight years.

Salt rheum is compared to a burning building by one who suffered severely. He was completely cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is grateful for "the peculiar medicine." 100 doses one dollar

PERSONAL.

C. J. DANIEL, wall paper, window shades, room mouldings and furniture; 40 Marietta street; telephone 77.

WANTED, by three adults, two first-floor, unfurnished rooms, without board, near the postoffice. Want rooms suitable for sitting room and bedroom. References. Address "Permanent No. 1," care Constitution. oct23-d6t

THE best picture frames are made by Sam Walker, 10 Marietta street. He carries a fine assortment of etchings and water colors. Lowest prices, new goods oct 22-1y

CAPTAIN T. L. CHAPMAN, formerly the Central's superintendent of motive power, now of New York, is at the Kimball.

MAJOR J. J. LYELL, formerly chief of the engineer and maintenance of way department of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, is in the city, and is thinking of locating here.

DR. A. C. FAWCETT, of Nashville, Tenn., was in the city yesterday.

MR. PIROMIS H. BELL, of the Birmingham bar, spent yesterday in the city.

There is no luck about the house where the children are bilious, sickly, and consequently peevish. Give them Bile Beans Small.

Our line of wedding presents cannot be surpassed in elegance or beauty, and prices are exceedingly low. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street. oct 25-1w

You Are Not

In it unless you go to 36 and 38 Wall street where pocket knives are being given away at big bankrupt sale of hardware.

The Force of Habit.

Habit, so said, is second nature, but not necessarily true. We all admit that certain habits are quite strong and very hard to overcome. So much so that sometimes it seems impossible to break them. But with a proper amount of determination and perseverence few, indeed, will fail. Habit sometimes becomes a disease. Then you need help. Lack of exercise, improper living, excessive indulgences, etc., often produce habitual constipation, and following this piles, fistula or some disease of the bowels which makes it necessary for you to have professional services. It is not only unnecessary for you to continuously take medicine, but it is decidedly injurious. Remove the effect and then treat the cause in a commonsense way and a cure will result. It takes time to do this, but if you persevere you will be fully repaid for the effort.

Many ladies suffering in this way become the victims of serious uterine diseases. This should not be, nor is it at all necessary, for if you will give me the opportunity I can cure you. My experience is large. In fact, I have given the best years of my life to the study of these troubles, etc. Does my experience entitle me to your consideration?

Respectfully, DR. JACKSON,
Hirsch Bulding, Atlanta, Ga.
sun, wed, fri

Big Lot

Of pocket knives given away at mammoth bankrupt sale of hardware, 36 and 38 Wall street.

Merchants' Day, Special Programme, Grand Races and King Solomon today.

POISONED BY OYSTERS.

Some Exposition Visitors Suffer from Eating Atlanta Bivalves.

A party of visitors from Tallapoosa were reported to have been made ill yesterday from eating oysters.

They came to see the exposition. The party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. M. Green, their son, Mr. M. A. Green, and his wife and their two little children. About noon the whole party, with the exception of Mr. M. A. Green, ordered oysters. Soon after eating dinner the whole family was taken violently sick, except Mr. Green, the elder, who had not eaten oysters.

Dr. Divine was immediately summoned and worked on them several hours, after which hey became better and left for their home.

Mrs. M. A. Green was affected worse than any of the rest, but had gotten over the worst before the party left.

What was the matter with the oysters is not known.



This young lady examines the young scholar.

"Johnnie, where is Carlsbad?"

"Part of it is in every drug store in the United States."

"How do you make that out?"

"The Carlsbad Sprudel Salts are imported from there, and are the solid evaporations of the Sprudel Spring."

"What have they done for you, that you know so much about them?"

"Why, they have cured papa of his dyspepsia, and in the place of a cross father, they have given me a kind and loving parent."

Dyspepsia will spoil the most angelic temperament. Too much bile inactivity of the liver will start it. Try the Carlsbad Sprudel Salts. A standard, a never-failing remedy. The genuine have the signature of "Eisner & Mendelson Co., Sole Agents, New York," on every bottle.

Merchants' Day, Special Programme, Grand Races and King Solomon today.



ABOUT ENGAGEMENT RINGS we desire to make an announcement.

We keep a large assortment of these indispensable articles in stock, either with or without precious stones. We can furnish you just the correct thing and at prices that will make engagements a comparatively inexpensive luxury. Call and consult us. J. P. Stevens & Bro., 47 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

POSITIVELY CURED BY THESE LITTLE PILLS.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side. They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipation. Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Very small; easy to take; no pain; no griping. Purely Vegetable. Sugar Coated.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.
Beware of Imitations and
Ask for CARTER'S and see you get
C-A-R-T-E-R-'S.

THE OPTICAL HOUSE OF GEORGIA.
Kellam & Moore grind all kinds of spectacles and eyeglasses, and have the only complete optical factory in the state. 54 Old Capitol, opposite postoffice.

GRAND CHARTER OAK STOVE LEADS ALL OTHERS

MADE IN

SIZES AND STYLES
TO SUIT THE
Requirements of Everybody.

THEY ARE THE VERY BEST.
For Sale by HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH
Cor. Peachtree and Walton, Atlanta, Ga.

The "New Home" Art Exhibit. Don't leave the exposition grounds until you have seen the beautiful exhibit of the New Home Sewing Machine Company, second floor of main building, next to art gallery.

Our stock is large enough.
Our selection varied enough.
Our styles handsome enough.
Our prices low enough.
To supply your winter clothing outfit

If It's New We Have It.

HIRSCH BROS.,
Clothiers, Tailors, Furnishers, Hatters.
42 AND 44 WHITEHALL.

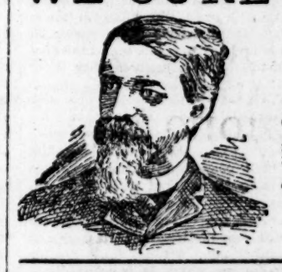
EO. S. BROWN, President. BARRINGTON J. KING, Sec'y and Treas.

The Brown & King Supply Co.



Manufacturers and Dealers in
Mill Supplies, Machinery, Tools Wrought Iron Pipe, Fittings and Brass Goods. Headquarters for Corrugated and Crimped Iron Roofing. Wood Split Pulleys.
Write for prices and discounts.
ATLANTA GA.

WE CURE OUR PATIENTS



DR. BOWES & CO.,
25 MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, GA.
STRICTURE PERMANENTLY removed without pain or cutting, or any interruption of business.
NERVOUS DISEASES, Diseases of the Sexual System, Urinary, Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Impotence, Spermatorrhœa, Syphilis, Seminal Losses.
Cures guaranteed. Send 6 cents in stamps for book and question list. The best of references furnished. Address
DR. BOWES & CO.,
MARIETTA ST., ATLANTA, GA.

SCIPLE SONS,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
PLASTER PARIS. MARBLE DUST.
Cement, Coal, Lime.
DRAIN SEWER PIPE, FIRE BRICK CLAY
STOVE FLUES and THIMBLES.
Office No. 8 Loyd St., ATLANTA, GA.

TRAYNHAM & RAY,
—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—
LUMBER DEALERS.
MANUFACTURE Doors, Sash, Blinds and Mantels. WE HANDLE LATH.
Newels, Moulding, Brackets and LUMBER of every Description
—Write for Prices.—
Office and Mill, 74 Decatur St., Atlanta, Ga.
feb 2 d 1y



PRONOUNCED BARGAINS!

We have a small lot of Boys' and Children's Overcoats, carried over from last season. They are none the less valuable for that.

CHOICE MATERIALS.
NOVEL PATTERNS.
CORRECT STYLES.

Every garment perfect in every particular. Fit, finish and fabrics the equal of any on the market. To rush out this odd line prices have been reduced to about one-third of regular rates. They are trophies of economy and a couple of days' sales will wind them up. Thrifty parents should quickly avail themselves of the chance.

EISEMAN BROS.,
17-19 WHITEHALL STREET.

DONE IN REVENGE.

Strong Evidence Against the Horton Brothers.

THEIR ATTEMPT WAS OVER BOLD.

The First Trestle Was Set on Fire Before Night—A Sharp Guard Kept on the Oconee Bridge.

Traffic on the Central is going ahead all right again. General Superintendent McBee pushed the work of repairing the burned trestles, and travel was not stopped more than seventeen hours. The most damage was done at the Dyers creek trestle, 124 feet of which was burned. At another trestle, about thirty feet was burned out.

Six other trestles were fired, but they were not damaged much. A sharp watch is always kept at the Oconee bridge and trestle, and the incendiaries would have been shot had they attempted to set fire to either.

A passenger who reached Atlanta yesterday morning, stated that the Horton brothers, W. H. and Fred, drove to Davisboro Sunday afternoon, and took the 1:17 o'clock train. They bought tickets for Macon, but got off at Oconee, and it is surmised that they walked back, setting fire to trestle after trestle. At least one of the fires was started before sunset, for a farmer saw the smoke from a distance, and supposed that it was brush burning.

The Hortons live on a farm six miles from Davisboro. They are regarded in the neighborhood as bad men. It is a matter of common report in the county that the brother, who is in jail in this city for express robbery, wanted to marry a girl whose blood is not of pure white strain. Henry and Fred were not suspected at home of writing the threatening letters to the express and railroad companies, but other members of the family were thought to be the authors. People who know the boys are not much surprised to hear that they would engage in such a bold attempt at revenge. This is not presuming that they are guilty, but, if they are, the boldness of the undertaking is in keeping with their character and reputation.

Judge Newman, the ordinary of Jefferson county, has ordered the Hortons removed to Bibb county jail at Macon. A new jail is being erected at Sandersville, but it is not completed yet, and the old one is unsafe. It could be entered by a mob, and it is feared that friends of the Hortons may try to release them if they remain at Sandersville. The boys tried to give bail on Monday, but were not successful. There will be no trouble getting a good jury and a fair trial for the boys at Sandersville.

There will not be another term of court until March, unless Judge Gamble calls an extra session, and this has been suggested. The railroad will make a vigorous prosecution. The penalty is severe.

THE CONSTITUTION'S correspondent at Sandersville sends an interesting special which is given below. Marshal Hoddoway is a gallant, dashing young man, and it is likely that the Central will show its appreciation of his services in a substantial way. General Manager Green of the Richmond and Danville made special inquries about him yesterday from some of his fellow townsmen who are in Atlanta.

THEIR TRIAL PUT OFF.

The Horton Boys Were Not Ready for an Examination Yesterday.

SANDERSVILLE, Ga., October 27.—[Special.] William Horton and Fred Horton, the two men charged with the crime of burning the trestles on the Central railroad, between Oconee and Sun Hill, are safely lodged in the county jail. They were arrested at their home in the upper portion of the county, by Sol Hadaway, chief of police of Tennille, and carried to Sun Hill.

Great excitement prevailed here yesterday afternoon caused by a telegram received from Tennille, stating that the friends of the arrested men had come to their rescue, and had threatened to release them from the officers.

Sheriff Wall summoned a posse of men, who armed themselves with Winchester rifles and rode post haste to Sun Hill. Superintendent Dill, of the Central, and Detective Si Basch, of Savannah, accompanied the posse. Upon arriving at Sun Hill the railroad agent informed the sheriff that the two men were safely guarded in the caboose of a freight train, just on the track from the station, making for Tennille.

Your correspondent clapped spurs to his horse and overtook the train and stopped it with an order from Superintendent Dill. The train backed to Sun Hill and most of the men from Sandersville boarded it and rode to Tennille. Superintendent Dill returned from Sun Hill to Sandersville in his buggy, so when the train arrived at Tennille the sheriff wired to Sanderville to get orders from the superintendent to run the train to Sandersville, but he had not arrived in Sandersville. After waiting a long while and not receiving an answer, the sheriff handcuffed the prisoners and started to walking to Sandersville, accompanied by by a large guard. The Sandersville and Tennille train was sent out and met the party about one and half miles from Sandersville. The prisoners and guard boarded the train and in a few minutes were in Sandersville. Nearly every man and boy in town was at the depot to meet the train.

The prisoners were marched to the courthouse square and after resting a short while and giving orders as to their farms and sending messages to their families, were taken to the jail and given a cell in which there is another Horton, though no relation, charged with murder.

The commitment trial was set for this morning, but the defendants announced not ready, and the trial has been set for Thursday week, November 5th. Nearly every lawyer here has been employed by the Central Railroad Company. The defendants intend employing Judges Hines, of Atlanta, and Twiggs, of Augusta, Ga. Public opinion is strongly against the prisoners, as the finger of suspicion points straight towards them. The men charged with the crime bought tickets last Sunday at Sun Hill for Oconee, and that night the bridges were burned.

William Horton is a man of about thirty-five years of age, six feet tall, ruddy complexion, red beard and moustache.

Fred Horton is a young man, just twenty-one years of age, clean-shaven, and is a man of very few words, but has a determined face.

The prisoners assert their innocence in the strongest terms, and their immediate relatives protest in most violent language that William and Fred were at their respective homes at the time of the burning of the trestles.

You Needn't Be a Shaker

to have the shakes that are produced by chills an fever or bilious remittent fever. Prevent them and every other form of malarial disease with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the grand fortifier and defensive medicine of the ge. Dyspepsia, kidney and liver complaint, constipation, rheumatism and debility are also remedied by this beneficent medicine.

You Get

a pocket knife given you at 36 and 38 Wall street. Everybody going to the big bankrupt sale of hardware.

ANTI-BARROOM TICKET.

ALDERMEN.

South Side—E. B. ROSSER.
North Side—A. J. BELL.

COUNCILMEN.

First Ward—W. A. FINCHER.
Second Ward—J. K. P. CARLTON.
Third Ward—D. A. BEATTIE.
Fourth Ward—W. A. WALDEN.
Fifth Ward—B. F. McDUFFIE.
Sixth Ward—E. M. ROBERTS.

oct28-dtd

Pocket Knives

Given away at 36 and 38 Wall street. Come quick. Bankrupt sale of hardware.

FOR BETTER ROADS.

Representative Men from All Over the State Hold a Convention Here Today.

Governor Northen will call the Georgia road congress to order this morning in the hall of the house of representatives. Many delegates came in yesterday and last night. The purpose of the convention is to formulate plans to secure better roads throughout the state.

Tomorrow a general congress representing the southern states will be held at the capitol.

The county delegates thus far reported to the secretary are:

Chatham—D. G. Purse.

Clarke—W. S. Holman, C. M. Strahan, S. F. Wood, G. T. Murrell.

Columbia—Marion McDaniel, I. V. Ballard, M. I. Branch.

DeKalb—W. J. Huston, A. M. Holcombe, D. Nichols, W. G. Whidby, T. E. Chewning, E. S. Steadman.

Early—W. C. Sheffield.

Fulton—Dr. J. W. Nelms, Dr. H. L. Wilson, J. D. Collins, Colonel G. W. Adair, George W. Harrison, A. H. Cox, W. H. Hulsey, S. W. Goode, J. P. Johnson, Ed Holland, Thomas Moore, S. M. Liddell, A. S. Poole, R. J. Lowry, T. L. Langston, I. J. Hightower, W. W. Boyd, F. P. Rice.

Glynn—A. T. Putnam, Judge D. J. Dillon.

Glascock—Hon. J. L. Neal, Hon. W. R. Logue.

Hall—J. A. Garner, Amos Fuller, F. J. Tumlin, A. R. Smith, Dr. T. K. Chapman, E. P. Dunnegan, E. F. Reed, S. K. Christopher.

Henry—C. M. Speer, W. H. Bryant.

Jefferson—Joshua A. Smith, J. R. Murphy, George T. Hudson, Captain J. W. Cheatham.

Pulaski—J. R. McDuffie, J. T. Holder, J. B. Mitchell, J. W. Jordon, Jr.

Richmond—W. H. Warren, Wilberforce Daniel, G. W. Dixon, M. V. Calvin, M. N. McInnes, Hon. W. H. Fleming, W. K. Nelson, Hon. W. F. Eve, S. W. Mays, F. A. Calhoun, B. N. Seago, G. Barrett, S. R. Clarke, E. S. Holly.

Randolph—R. L. Moye, O. A. Barry.

Screven—Captain A. C. Cabaniss, Dr. J. F. Brown.

Talbot—J. L. Persons, S. B. Baldwin.

Wilkinson—I. J. Fountain, H. D. Hughes.

Washington—O. H. P. Beall, George Gilmore, B. C. Harris, Judge M. Newman.

A Cotton Congress.

A cotton congress is to be held at the capitol tomorrow. Colonel Livingston and Major Gressner, who have charge of the arrangements, were both out of the city yesterday.

A HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION

To Be Suggested By Professor Strahan at Today's Road Congress.

Among the delegates to the road congress at the Kimball last night THE CONSTITUTION found Professor C. M. Strahan, who occupies the chair of civil engineering in the State university, and who comes with Mr. W. S. Holman, to represent Clarke county in today's congress. Professor Strahan is deeply interested in the question of good roads and will propose the organization of a Highway Improvement Society similar to that which is wielding such an influence in New York state. In the conversation Professor Strahan said:

"As a delegate from the county of Clarke to the road congress, and as a citizen of Georgia, deeply interested in her welfare, I sincerely trust that a rousing attendance may mark tomorrow's meeting. The sentiment is rapidly gaining ground, and has back of it a large number of the most influential and conservative men in the country, which believes that no single factor operates more strongly against the well-being of our people, whether in town or country, than the miserable system of wagon roads along which the traffic of the farms are forced to move.

"The large array of facts and arguments which support this sentiment are but little known and less realized by our people, and I believe that agitation and some organization by which these ideas shall be spread is highly essential. I intend to propose tomorrow the formation of a highway improvement association similar to the one in New York.

"I value most highly the good which is done by the annual meetings of road congresses and I am hopeful that the present one may be able to agree upon some good system which will commend itself to the confidence and judgment of the people. Yet I am firmly convinced that to reap the best results we must have a permanent body to act as the head of this movement, to keep alive the enthusiasm, to collect statistics, and to furnish facts and arguments upon which legislation may be safely and conservatively based. A simple and effective instrument to this end is the following:

"1. The body to be called the Highway Improvement Association of Georgia.

"2. It officers to be a president, secretary and treasurer, and an executive committee of three.

"3. Its members to be citizens of Georgia interested in this movement, who shall be entitled to enrollment upon the payment of a small membership fee, say of 50 cents per annum.

"4. The funds to be expended under order of the executive committee, in the purchase, collection and distribution of printed matter relating to highway improvement.

"Such other features may be added as may suggest themselves to the good judgment of the organizers, simplicity of organization being the aim and not cumbersomeness

"I believe that the question of providing the state with a complete system of superior macadamized roads and maintenance of the same is one whose own merits, if properly presented, will carry it through. Our people have so long been used to the 'disturbed streaks of soil,' which we call roads, that they do not know what an avenue of happiness and prosperity a good road can be. Take the small county of Clarke. Our people do not realize that their mules and horses standing idle, in their stalls, owing to impassable roads, are annually consuming $36,000. They do know but do not realize that the winter rains wash down from their hills each year the equivalent of $3,000 of work. They do not see that with good roads, two horses will easily do the work of three at present: that harness and wagon would double their present life; that 'a load,' as computed by Professor Ely, can be hauled ten miles as cheaply as it can be carried one mile by a dirt road and the remainder of the way by rail; that the children, under the extended system of school terms, need not lose any time from school by boggy roads; that the opportunity for neighborly gatherings and religious meetings would be multiplied; that, in short, the experience of the old world and the common sense of the new, unite in the cry that it pays to build and maintain first-class hard-surfaced highways.

"Such an organization can, under proper management, bring together the thinking men of all classes in favor of permanent, hard-surfaced roads, as against those that alternate between mud and dust; of graded roads as against those which now scale precipices; of location and supervision by skillful engineers as against the haphazard and transient work of county commissioners and overseers."

POND'S EXTRACT, the most potent curasive agent known for Pains, Aches and Injuries; let those who have never used it inquire concerning its virtues.

After dinner take one of Carter's Little Liver Pills and you will be free from sour rising of food from the stomach. Try them and be convinced.

Call and examine our stock of diamonds. For rich and imcomparable designs we lead the van. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street. oct 25-1w

Telephone Subscribers.

Please cut this out and paste in your telephone list or add with pencil:

1412—Conklin Manufacturing Co., Chas. A. This name was omitted. W. T. Gentry, Manager. oct24—7t

Demorest Portfolio of Fashions

And What to Wear for Fall and Winter of 1891-92 Third lot just received. Price 25 cents; by mail 30 cents. For sale by John M. Miller, Marietta street, Opera House Block.

Our Scientific Opticians.

Kellam & Moore grind the celebrated "Perfected Crystal" spectacles and eyeglasses. There are no finer glasses made. They also carry the only complete line of distillers' instruments in the state. 34 old capitol, opposite postoffice.

Merchants' Day, Special Programme, Grand Races and King Solomon today.

THE GEORGIA EDITORS.

Thursday of Next Week Will Be Their Day at the Exposition.

Thursday of next week will be press day at the exposition.

The Georgia editor will be on hand with his new fall suit, and patient smile, too, to enjoy himself.

The following letter was written to Mr. Charles D. Barker, about press day, by Mr. John Temple Graves:

Mr. Charles D. Barker, Corresponding Secretary—My Dear Sir: You favor of the 24th, to Mr. Wylie, has been referred to me. The exposition company will take pleasure in co-operating with any efforts you may make for the success of press day. We will with pleasure furnish complimentary passes for the legitimate members of the association who may be present without them. If you desire to arrange a formal programme for that day, we will have the grand stand ready and the band at your service, with an officer of the exposition on hand to make the press welcome and to assist in any programe that you may desire. I would be glad to confer with you personally to this end. Yours very truly,

JOHN TEMPLE GRAVES, Vice President.

Mr. Barker replied that a meeting of the special committe on press day would be called on Wednesday night, and asked Mr. Graves to be present. The meeting will be held tonight.

Press day will be one of the finest of the exposition. From the uttermost parts of the state the Georgia editor will come on his proverbial free pass and add to the pleasure and enjoyment of the day.

It is quite likely that a banquet will be held at the exposition grounds. Of course, plenty of good speakers will be on hand.

Do you

Make cake?

We

Sell absolutely

Pure spices.

Also the

Best raisins,

Citron and all other

Ingredients

Cheaper

Than any one

Else.

W. R. HOYT,

90 Whitehall St.

oct 27—7 or 5p fol n r m

Merchants' Day, Special Programme, Grand Races and King Solomon today.

The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Portland Me., pays its claims honorably, promptly and liberally and cordially invites the attention of all intending insurers to its many advantages which are not to be found in the policies of other companies.

oct14—d15t e o d

ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY!



Do you need a Trunk or Valise? Now's the time to select with deliberation. The place to buy either is here. We are prepared to fix you out—Trunk wits are sharpened. Competition with our stock is a dead issue at all points—quality, price, style.

Women's Fine Leather Bridal Trunk, formerly $15.00, present price $10.00.
Women's Extra Zinc Saratoga Trunk, formerly $10.00, present price $6.00.
Men's Shirt Length Sole Leather Valise, formerly $5.00, present price $3.00.
Men's Sole Leather Club Valise, formerly $2.50, present price $1.50.

We are making a pre-holiday display of novelties in Purses, Card Cases, Pocket Books, Comb and Brush Cases, Albums and Toilet Sets. You should see them.

LIEBERMAN & KAUFMANN, 92-94 Whitehall Street.

The "New Home" Art Exhibit. Don't leave the exposition grounds until you have seen the beautiful exhibit of the New Home Sewing Machine Company, second floor of main building, next to art gallery.

wed fri mon wed fri

H. P. ASHLEY,

MACHINIST AND FOUNDER IN

IRON AND BRASS

REPAIRS ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.

All Kinds of Gears Cut in Iron, Steel and Brass.

—MANUFACTURER OF—

SPRING BED MACHINERY.

Send in your old steam or gasoline. Pumps and injectors to be repaired will guarantee to be good as new. Models and tools made to order. Grind paper and planer knives in the most improved manner. 25 and 27 South Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga. dec 24-dly.

STILSON,

JEWELER.

58 WHITEHALL ST.

Reliable Goods.
Fair Dealing.
Bottom Prices.

"A Variety of Oh's."



OOOOOOOO

May be heard any day as buyers examine our new lines of

SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

We received some "Special Nobby" things last week, which you should certainly see.

BOTH GREAT AND SMALL.

find our goods right and the prices

Astonishingly Low

A visit to our store will surely be

FOR YOUR BENEFIT

EISEMAN & WEIL,

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS,

3 Whitehall Street,

First Clothing House on Whitehall Street

JONES'S

Piedmont Detective Agency.

20 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

Established: Atlanta, Ga., 1870. Office No. 110 Gullatt St., Atlanta, Ga.

All work strictly private and confidential. Can give any reference required. Licensed by the police commissioners of Atlanta, Ga. I operate none but gentlemen and experienced detectives.

PETER LYNCH,

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts.

DEALER IN

Cigars, Tobaccos, Wines and Liquors, Guns, Pistols, Cartridges.

Is just now receiving half gallon, quart and pint fruit jars of the Millville, Gassboro and Mason pattern. Also turnip seeds of nearly all kinds. Claret, Sherry, Port, Madeira, Angelica and other wines together with ale porter and bottled beer and other light beverages made a specialty of during the hot season of the year. Peter Lynch also runs a branch store at 209 W. Peters st., where he keeps a better variety of groceries and provisions, and a line of such goods as he keeps on Whitehall st., wines and liquors excepted. Please call and see him at either or both places and he will try to please you. Terms cash. 4t-y-quadl

California Wine Co.,

Robt. Schmidt, Man'gr.,

25 WHITEHALL STREET.

Keeps All First-Class

Whiskies,

Brandies,

Wines, Etc.

CALIFORNIA WINES RECEIVED DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

IMPORTED -:- CIGARS

Received Weekly.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO. the most direct line and best route to Montgomery New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest.

The following schedule in effect August 2, 1891:

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 50. Daily.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 56 Daily except Sunday.	No. 54. Daily.
Lv Atlanta	4 15 pm	11 50 p m	5 05 p m	7 00 a m
Ar Newnan	5 19 p m	1 17 a m	6 42 p m	8 26 a m
Ar LaGrange	6 22 p m	2 24 a m	7 55 p m	9 35 a m
Ar W Point	6 47 p m	2 58 a m	8 30 p m	10 03 a m
Ar Opelika	7 26 p m	3 47 a m		10 52 a m
Ar Columbus				12 05 noon
Ar Montgomery	9 15 p m	6 00 a m		
Ar Pensacola	5 10 a m	1 10 p m		
Ar Mobile	3 15 a m	12 10 p m		
Ar N Orleans	7 45 a m	4 45 p m		
Ar Houston Tex	9 45 p m	7 07 a m		
TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT				
Lv Montgomery	8 35 p m	7 55 a m		
Ar Selma	11 20 p m	9 45 a m		

NORTH BOUND.	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 57*	No. 55. Daily.
Lv New Orleans	8 35 pm	7 3 pm		
Lv Mobile	12 07 am	12 10 n t		
Lv Pensacola		11 30 pm		
Ar Montgomery	7 0 am	6 00 am		
Lv Selma	6 10 m	6 10 am		
Lv Montgomery	8 10 am	6 20 am		
Ar Columbus	12 05 p m	10 05		11 45 am
Ar Opelika	9 46 am	8 3 am		2 05 pm
Ar West Point	11 0 am	9 1 am	8 01 am	3 50 pm
Ar LaGrange	11 4 am	9 35 am	9 3 am	4 23 pm
Ar Newnan	12 27 p m	10 41 m	6 37 am	4 5 pm
Ar Atlanta	2 10 p m	12 05 pm	8 0 am	6 15 pm

*Daily except Sunday.

Train No. 50 carries Pullman vestibule sleeper from Washington to New Orleans, and vestibule dining car from Washington to Montgomery.

Train 53 carries Pullman vestibule sleeper from New Orleans to Washington, and vestibule dining car from Montgomery to Washington.

Train No. 52 carries Pullman drawing room buffet car from Atlanta to New Orleans.

ED. L. TYLER, General Manager.
R. E. LUTZ, Traffic Manager.
JOHN A. GEE, Asst. Gen'l Pass Agt.

THE FACT IS,

That never in our history have we shown such a stock as we have this season. The newest shades and fabrics are all represented in our line of Clothing. The testimony is unanimous that for elegance in style, perfection in fit, and cheapness in price, our Clothing has no equal.

GEORGE MUSE & CO.,

CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS,

38 Whitehall Street.

CROCKERY

—AND—

GLASSWARE.

Our large salesrooms are now filled with the choicest lines of

IMPORTED GOODS

Everything is new. The latest and most fashionable designs in all kinds of Crockery, Glassware and general Bric-a-Brac. Our

Tea and Dinner Sets

Are wonderfully beautiful, and as durable as pretty. The prices on them are low, and are attracting attention. Genuine goods they are.

LAMP LIGHTING

Is receiving the thought of many of the good housewives just now. To be sure they want a serviceable Lamp when they buy. We have them. Prices way down. Call and examine our entire stock of goods.

DOBBS, WEY & CO.,

45 PEACHTREE.

M'Keldin & Carlton

—HAVE—

SHOES

—FOR—

$2.00 AND $3.00

—THAT ARE—

Durable, Stylish!

—AND—

FIT PERFECTLY!

School Shoes a Specialty.

SOLE AGENTS FOR DUNLAP HATS

McKELDIN & CARLTON,

45 Peachtree Street.



Teeth Extracted. Without Pain.

Doctors COUCH & BELYEU

Extract teeth without pain by the use of vitalized air, the safest known process. Testimonials furnished at office, 6½ Whitehall street, first stairway on the left, room sept30-3m

FALL CLOTHING!



Today our new Fall and Winter Suits are at your service, from $7.50 to $28 per Suit.

Our Boys' and Children's Suits,

late styles and good quality, from $2.50 to $10 per Suit.

Fall Overcoats for Men

and youths at $6 to $24. Our

Merchant Tailoring Department

contains all the latest novelties.

Suits from $25 to $60.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.,

41 Whitehall Street.

$1.00 $1.00

200 COPIES

REMARQUE AND ARTIST PROOF ETCHINGS

Worth from $5 to $12,

Now for sale at the marvelously low price of ONE DOLLAR, at THORNTON'S. See the display this week. Finest ever seen south.

$1.00 $1.00

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

THOMAS J. LEFTWICH, LAWYER, 43 Gate City Bank, Atlanta, Ga.

JOHN W. AVERY, Attorney at Law. Office: 3½ Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga. Special attention given to the collection of claims

E. T. WILLIAMS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Room 26 Gould building. Will practice in United States and state courts.

L. S. WHEELER & W. T. DOWNING, ARCHITECTS, ATLANTA, GA. Office fourth floor Chamberlin & Boynton building corner Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take elevator.

LESUEUR & RUNGE, ARCHITECTS, Room 41, Old Capitol Building, Atlanta, Ga. sept1-1y

E. G. LIND, F. A. I. A., Architect and Superintendent, 63½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga. oct 1—3m

CHARLES W. SEIDELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Room 2, 3½ Whitehall street. oct 18-3mos. Atlanta, Ga.

C. A. HOWARD, COSTUMER. DeGive's Opera House, Atlanta, Ga. Masquerade Fancy Dress, Private Theatricals, etc. oct 1—d4m

B. H. & C. D. HILL, ATTORNEYS AT LAW Rooms 14, 15 and 16, Old Capitol. Telephone 439.

ERNEST C. KONTZ, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Rooms 29-31 Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga.

G. L. NORRMAN, Architect, Old Capitol Building, Atlanta, Ga. 1y

DR. JOHN E. WOODWARD, DENTIST, Rooms, 12 and 13 Old Capitol 2d floor. sep2—1y

HUGH V. WASHINGTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Macon Ga., Special attention to commercial claims, damages, corporation laws and matters of real estate in state and federal courts. sep2—6m

JAMES K. HINES, (Late Judge Sup. Court Mid. Ct.) THOS. B. FELDER, JR. HINES & FELDER, Attorneys at Law, Room 33, Fitten Building aug 27-1y

W. A. HAYGOOD ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office 17½ Peachtree st. ATLANTA, GA.

DANIEL W. BOUNTREE, COUNSELOR AT LAW, 52 and 71 Gate City Bank Building, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 1033. Georgia reports bought, sold and exchanged. 1 yr

R. O. LOVETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 17½ Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. Will practice in State and Federal Courts.

Mrs. Rosa Freudenthal Monnish, M. D.

—AND—

W. A. MONNISH, M. D.,

Specialty Diseases Peculiar to Women.

PRIVATE SANITARIUM for a limited number of ladies. Ladies accommodated during pregnancy and confinement. The greatest privacy if preferred or required. In successful operation for eleven years, and first-class in every respect. Office and sanitarium, junction Peachtree, North Forsyth and Church streets; House Jack Built, Atlanta.

T. H. HUZZA, M. D., PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.

2½ Marietta St., over Jacobs' Pharmacy.

Hours: 10 to 1; 5 to 7. Telephone 185.

Night Calls at Office.

A LADY'S

Gold-Filled Watch!

Warranted for 15 years, with a genuine American movement, for only

TEN DOLLARS!

A. L. DELKIN & CO.

69 WHITEHALL ST.,

Next to High's.

sept27dly

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 101½ Whitehall St.

GEORGIA, LUMPKIN COUNTY—Ex-parte Amzi Rudolph, petition in the court of ordinary of said county, to probate the will and codicil annexed to the same of William A. Burnside, November term, 1891. To Ben B. Burroughs, of Texarcana, Ark., and A. Burnside, of LaPorte, Ind., or his heirs at law: You are hereby notified that Amzi Rudolph has filed his petition in said court for probate in solemn form of the will and codicil annexed to the same of William A. Burnside, deased, late of said Lumpkin county, in which petition the following named persons are represented to be the next of kin of the said William A. Burnside, towit: Ellen E. Thomas, Georgia B. Davis, Ora Tarver and Alfonso Burroughs, all of the state of Georgia, and Ben B. Burroughs, of Texarcana, Ark., and A. Burnside, of LaPorte, Ind., or his heirs at law. You are further notified to be and appear at the November term, 1891, of said court, at which time said petition will be heard. Witness F. M. Williams, ordinary of Lumpkin county. F. M. WILLIAMS,

sept 16 30oct 8 22 Ex-officio clerk of said court.

County Tax Levy for 1891.

OFFICE OF FULTON COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, September 26, 1891.—It is ordered that there be collected by the tax collector of Fulton county or his successor in office, the following tax for county purposes for the fiscal year, 1891, towit: Fifteen cents for public works and for roads and bridges, five cents for public buildings, five cents for the expenses of the superior court, one and two-tenths cents for the expenses of the city court, one and two-tenths cents for the expenses of the criminal court, one and eight tenths cents for the fees of the jailer and other expenses of the jail, three-fourths of a cent for fees of coroner, per diem of coroner's jurors and salary of county physician, one and one-half cents for commissions of tax collector and receiver, and salaries of commissioner and their clerk, one and one-fourth cents for the support of the almshouse and for paupers, and two and one-half cent for any other lawful charge against the county, making a total of, thirty-five and two-tenths cents on the one hundred dollars which is hereby levied for the fiscal year, 1891.

A true extract from the minutes of said commissioners. JOHN T COOPER,

sep30-4w wed Clerk Com. R. and R.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored. Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development, and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanations and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

THE QUEEN OF SHEBA

Replies to Dr. Wadsworth's Charge That She Played Cards on Sunday.

SAYS SHE WAS AT CHURCH THAT DAY.

That She Is a Member of the Catholic Church, Sings in the Choir in New York, and Never Did Play Cards.

The members of the Episcopal church of Georgia are mad.

The Atlanta and the Augusta exposition people are mad.

And the King Solomon people are indignant.

All because of the utterances of that spectacular Augusta divine, Rev. Mr. Wadsworth.

The account in yesterday's CONSTITUTION was the first full report of his utterances that have been seen in Atlanta and throughout the state. The Episcopalians will of course say nothing in reply. They look upon his statements in regard to that church as unworthy of notice.

But the exposition people, and especially those connected with the King Solomon show, had something to say about his utterances yesday.

Bolossy Kiralfy, when he read the references to himself, said:

"Why, the 'Black Crook' was first produced four years before myself or any of my family came to this country. As to King Solomon, it is not taken from the Bible, but from the history of the Jews by Josephus, and is not intended to infringe upon the holy scriptures. Any man who has read the works of Josephus will see that the show is based upon them alone. I do not believe the majority of priests and clergymen in any country object to a first-class entertainment. We have had words of praise from Dr. Hawthorne and many other prominent preachers of this country who have seen the performance. I think this gentleman should have seen the performance before condemning it, and I am very much surprised to find that he has eyes with which he can see such a long way—from Augusta here.

"As to the girls in the show, the young ones were intrusted to me by their parents. My wife and family are with me, and we hold ourselves responsible for them. There might be a few in the troupe who are not what they should be, but whenever one is found misbehaving herself she is discharged at once. I am very much surprised at what this gentleman says about the lady who takes the part of the queen of Sheba. He says she played cards last Sunday. But I will let her speak for herself."

The showman sent for the woman who takes this leading part in his exhibition.

The Queen of Sheba Talks.

She is a French woman of perhaps thirty-five years of age, handsome in face and form, and of much more refined appearance than the majority of girls in the troupe. She had read what had been said about her and appeared very much hurt. Her name is Jennie Frieda.

"I was surprised and grieved," said she, with a very decided French accent, "to hear of a preacher making such statements about myself. I have always endeavored to conduct myself properly. I live separate from the other members of the company, and have endeavored to lead the life of a Christian. I am a member of the Catholic church. For a long time I sang in the choir of the Fourth street Catholic church in New York, and when in New York often sing in the choir now. I not only did not play cards Sunday, but have never played a card in my life. I do not know cards. I attended the Catholic church here on Sunday, and always attend on Sundays. I know my profession by some people is not considered the most refined, but I have chosen it because in it I could earn a better living than in any other. My husband died and left me penniless. I have an old father and mother in France without means, and by my work I support them and myself. I think this is mean—more than mean," she said as she turned away with watery eyes.

Manager Cohen's Statement.

Mr. S. H. Cohen, manager of the Piedmont exposition, said:

"I consider Mr. Wadsworth's remarks as undignified as they are untruthful, and were it not for his garb he would be called to account for his insults to ladies, as well as gentlemen.

"In regard to King Solomon I have this to say: When it was first attacked from the pulpit I invited all the clergy to see it and then to criticize it. Two of the most prominent divines of the city have seen it. They are Drs. Hawthorne and Burrows. Dr. Hawthorne has publicly declared from the pulpit that it was a pure and instructive lesson. Dr. Burrows saw nothing objectionable in it. The uncalled-for blast of Mr. Wadsworth I consider simply an advertisement for the exposition. I am the circumcised Jew that Dr. Wadsworth spoke of in his sermon last Sunday. I am proud of my religion and of my race. I did say that agricultural and mechanical exhibits would not draw without some special attraction to entertain the people. I am borne out in this statement that, notwithstanding the fact that the exposition has the greatest agricultural exhibit ever made in the United States, few people linger around it either when the Mexican band is playing or King Solomon is being performed.

"Dr. Wadsworth has been too profuse in his slanders of the good people of Augusta for me to pay any attention to what he might say of my work in connection with the Piedmont exposition."

Pain from indigestion, dyspepsia, and too hearty eating is relieved at once by taking one of Carter's Little Liver Pills immediately after dinner.

The gain in the amount of insurance in force in the Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Portland, Me., for the first six months of 1891, was five times as much as the increase in the corresponding period of 1890. oct14—d15t e o d

---

Our immense stock of watches is admired by all who see it, and the prices astonishingly low. Maier & Berkele, 93 Whitehall street. oct 25-1w

Mme. Demorest Portfolio of Fashions

And What to Wear for Fall and Winter of 1891-92. Third lot just received. Price 25 cents; by mail 30 cents. For sale by John M. Miller, Marietta street, Opera House Block.

BALLARD HOUSE.

A New and Elegant Hotel on Peachtree Street.

One of the best and most convenient hotels in the city is the Ballard house. Its location is just opposite the governor's mansion. It has suites and single rooms. Every convenience. The choicest fare. oct25-d1y

MEETINGS.

Notice.

The annual meeting of the Atlanta Suburban Land Company shareholders will be held at Chamber of Commerce, Wednesday evening, October 28th, at 7:30 o'clock.

H. H. BROWN, Secretary. AARON HAAS, President.

oct23—dtd

The State Board of Pharmacy

will meet in Atlanta, November 6th, to examine candidates for druggists' license. This is a good time to come up for examination, as reduced rates can be had on railroads, and you can see King Solomon and hear the Mexican band, after the examination is over. For further particulars, address DR. H. R. SLACK, Sec., LaGrange, Ga.

oct19-8t-mon wed sat

Merchants' Day, Special Programme, Grand Races and King Solomon today.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, October 27, 1891.

New York exchange buying at ¼ off; selling at par. The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

New Ga. 3½s 27 to 30 years	99½	101	Atlanta 7s, 1899	108	
New Ga. 3½s, 35 to 40 years	100	101½	Atlanta 6s, L. D.	111	
New Ga. 4½s, 1915	110	112	Atlanta 6s, S. D.	103	
Georgia 7s, 1896	110	112	Atlanta 5s, L. D.	108	
Savannah 5s	101	103	Atlanta 4½s	99	
Atlanta 8s, 1902	120		Augusta 7s, L. D.	110	
Atlanta 8s, 1892	100		Macon 6s	112	
Atlanta 7s, 1904	116		Columbus 5s	99	102
			Rome graded	109	
			Waterworks 6s	100	
			Rome 5s	90	

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.

Atlanta Nat'l	350		Lowry B'k Co	140	150
Atlanta B. Co	120	125	Atlanta Trust & Banking Co		100
Ger. L'n & B. Co.	99	100	Am'n Banking & Trust Co	100	
Merch. Bank	150		South'n Bank'g & Trust Co	105	
Bank S. of Ga.	150				
Gate City Nat'l	145				
Capitol City	115	120			

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. 6s, 1897	102		Ga. Pacific, 1st	98	100
Ga. 6s, 1910	109	111	Ga. Pacific, 2d	50	57
Ga. 6s, 1922	111		A. P. & L., 1st 7s	105	108
Central 7s, 1893	102		Mari'ta & N. G.		49
Char. Col. & A.	102		S., A. & M., 1st	—	—
At. & Florida		100			

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	190	192½	Aug. & Sav	124	127
Southwestern	107	109	A. & W. P.	105	108
Central	90	95	do. deben	94	98
Cent. deben	82	86			

THE NEW YORK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, October 27.—The stock market was again dull today, though there were spurts of activity in a few stocks, which were paid special attention to by the bears, and the tone was rather weak throughout though movements among inactive stocks were, except in few cases, of any importance whatever. There were rumors afloat, both here and in Boston, of financial troubles in some firms in the latter city. These rumors were effective, to some extent, in causing slight declines, which were scored during the day. The bulk of the selling, as usual of late, was by the traders and bears, who are taking advantage of the waiting humor of speculators and investors pending the result of the coming election, as well as other developments looked for in the near future. The news of the day was uniformly favorable, and some three million dollars in gold was ordered from the other side, while advices from movements of merchandise and grain show that railroads are doing the largest business in their history. The opening was small fractions higher, helped by a moderate demand from foreigners, but hammering began immediately, and the opening prices were in the most active stocks and best of the day's. The contest in St. Paul was waged with vigor on both sides, but the net result was of little importance. Reading showed the widest fluctuation among the leading shares, dropping 1⅛ to 41, but others were traded in within a range of less than 1 per cent. Chicago Gas was in demand at advancing prices, but a weakness of the general list prevented any material improvement. Cordage, however, was the only strong feature of the day, and is the only stock showing any material gain, but the movements of the Industrials now have no influence upon the railroad list, and there was no disposition shown to follow its lead at any time of the day. Atchison was also largely traded in, but failed to move. Shorts covered somewhat in the late trading, and slight fractions were regained, the market closing dull to firm at the rally. The final changes, however, are all in fractional losses, with the single exception of Cordage, which is up 1⅜. Sales of listed stocks aggregated 206,000; unlisted, 7,000 shares.

Exchange quiet and steady at 481½@484½; commercial bills 479¾@483.

Money easy at 3@4, closing offered at 4.

Sub-treasury balances: Coin, $105,730,000; currency, $4,013,000.

Governments dull but steady; 4s 116¼; 4½s —.

State bonds dull and featureless.

Ala., Class A, 2 to 5	100	N. Y. Central	113¼
do., Class B, 6s	106½	Norfolk & West. pref.	52⅝
N. & C. 6s	120	Northern Pacific	27⅞
do. 4s	97½	do. preferred	74
S. C. con. Brown	97	Pacific Mail	36
Tennessee 6s	100	Reading	41⅞
Tennessee 5s	95	Rich. & W. P. Ter.	13⅜
Tenn. settlement 3s	70¼	Rock Island	83
Virginia 6s	50	St. Paul	75½
Virginia consols	35	do. preferred	118¼
Chicago and N. W.	117	Texas Pacific	14
do. preferred	138	Tenn. Coal & Iron	38½
Del. and Lack	142⅝	Union Pacific	40⅝
Erie	30¼	N. J. Central	116¼
East Tenn., new	6	Missouri Pacific	59⅜
Lake Shore	123⅜	Western Union	81½
Louisville & Nash	78⅜	Cotton Oil Trust	21½
Memphis & Char	26	Brunswick	9⅛
Mobile & Ohio	41½	Mobile & Ohio 4s	69¼
Nash. & Chat.	83	Silver certificates	95¾
N. O. Pacific 1st	85⅛	*Ex-dividend.	

Cahn & Co.'s Stock Letter.

By Private Wire to Youngblood & Haas.

NEW YORK, October 27.—The market opened a little stronger on St. Paul, as London bought some two thousand shares of it at the opening. There is no doubt in our minds that the price was bid up on the other side so as to make a good impression here at the opening. The main feature in today's market was the selling of a line of 15,000 shares of long stock by a prominent house. As far as we can learn, it is for a party holding the stock for some time, and, becoming tired, he has seen fit to let his load go. The market sold off about ½@¾ per cent, and there was no snap to it at any time. Traders at times attempted to bid up the general list, but they met long stocks on every rally. It was the first time in a week or so that a fair amount of long stock has come on the market. The railroad situation remains unchanged, except that the roads entering Chicago are beginning to complain on account of a decrease in the tonnage. The east-bound shipments are showing a decrease every week of about ten thousand tons, as it is cheaper to ship the stuff via St. Louis or Duluth. The Grand Trunk road, we understand, will give notice that they will not hereafter charge for switching at Chicago. A regular charge has always been the case, but the Grand Trunk officials claim that the other roads are absorbing more than their share of business by secretly doing away with the switching charges, and for this reason they secure more of the traffic than they are entitled to. This matter will come up before the Central Traffic Association shortly. Chicago Gas has been strong all day, but it seemed as if a little long stock was being marketed above 55. Unless we get some encouragement from London tomorrow we think prices will shade off.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, October 27.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening.	Closing.
October	....@....	8.10@ 8.12
November	8.06@ 8.09	8.17@ 8.18
December	8.20@....	8.31@ 8.32
January	8.36@....	8.47@ 8.48
February	8.52@....	8.62@ 8.63
March	8.66@....	8.77@ 8.78
April	8.79@....	8.90@ 8.91
May	8.91@....	9.01@ 9.02
June	9.02@....	9.11@ 9.12
July	9.20@ 9.22	9.21@ 9.22

Closed steady; sales 133,400 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS 1891	RECEIPTS 1890	EXPORTS 1891	EXPORTS 1890	STOCK 1891	STOCK 1890
Saturday	46598	49191	40227	15387	1066703	565910
Monday	77862	72082	74525	54349	1062319	576641
Tuesday	76189	57670	3256	64478	1124887	605664
Wednesday						
Thursday						
Friday						
Total	202649	178943	118008	134713		

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January	8.08	July	8.71
February	8.20	August	
March	8.32	September	
April	8.43	October	7.75
May	8.54	November	7.81
June	8.64	December	7.95

Closed quiet and steady; sales 46,700 bales.

Local—Market steady; middling 7⅝c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments:

Receipts	1,069	
Receipts previously	46,871	
Total	47,940	
Stock September 1	1,142	
Grand total		49,082
Shipments	916	
Shipped previously	39,540	
Total		40,456
Stock on hand		8,626
Receipts since September 1		47,940
Same time last year		35,163
Showing an increase		12,777

Lehman Bros.' Cotton Letter.

By private wire to Youngblood & Haas.

NEW YORK, October 27—Our market this morning opened barely steady at a decline of about seven points in response to lower and weak advices from Liverpool. It soon again, however, recovered to last night's closing figures, subsequently further advancing about six points, at which the market held very steady to the close. The early improvement may be attributed to the covering by shorts, which demand made it evident that very little was offering for sale, so that when, later in the day, the receipts proved to be somewhat smaller than expected, the bulls took advantage of the firm undertone, and easily succeeded in bringing about a further advance. Though we speak of the receipts as somewhat small, still they were certainly by no means moderate. On the contrary, however, they amounted to 75,200 bales, which in the aggregate is a very liberal movement, and we should have thought it sufficient to hold the market in check. The general opinion seems to be that the present prices are certainly reasonable, in which we ourselves fully concur, though we cannot see where any lasting improvement is to come from, unless the receipts show a falling off.

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, October 27.—[Special.]—The weakness of our market yesterday and the large receipts had even a more pronounced effect upon Liverpool than had been expected. The net decline in the market at from 5@6-64d, the tone and the close being weak. The spot sales are 7,000 bales. The influences which brought about the decline in Liverpool seem, however, to have been pretty well distanced here by the decline of yesterday. The opening prices were from seven to eight points below last evening's, but their recovery was prompt and continued, until at 2 o'clock the prices were firm and about two points above the close of yesterday, showing a net advance of about nine points from the lowest. The receipts for the day are 75,000 bales against 59,000 bales last year, and they would have been heavier except for the destruction of the bridges on the Georgia Central railroad, which has interfered with the movement at Savannah; but today's receipts were anticipated yesterday, and the prediction of a lighter movement tomorrow and for the balance of the week has been the stimulant of today's market. The interior movement commences to show some diminution, and the continued reports of comparative exhaustion at the smaller towns commence to be corroborated by smaller deliveries at the larger points. Augusta and Memphis report respectively today receipts of 1,384 and 4,321 bales against 3,000 and 6,328 last year, and some estimates of the total movement this week are as low as 150,000 bales, against 140,000 last year. The prominence and scrutiny accorded these figures have again brought to the front smaller crop estimates and induced the covering of a considerable short interest. After 2 o'clock the market continued to advance, closing firm and steady at about five points over yesterday. The expectation of a higher market in Liverpool tomorrow is general, and would seem to be justified, as the decline there as here must have developed a considerable short interest naturally nervous at these prices upon the slightest intimation of smaller receipts. In New Orleans the market has not followed the late advance, the sentiment there being apparently bearish and disposed to discredit the extreme small crop estimates.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, October 27—12:15 p. m.—Cotton spot dull and in buyers' favor; middling uplands 4⅝; sales 7,000 bales; American 6,100; speculation and export 500; receipts 35,000; American 25,500; uplands low middling clause October delivery 4 40-64; November and December delivery 4 40-64, 4 39-64; December and January delivery 4 41-64; January and February delivery 4 43-64; February and March delivery 4 46-64, 4 45-64; March and April delivery 4 48-64; May and June delivery 4 53-64; futures opened easy.

LIVERPOOL, October 27—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause October delivery 4 37-64, 4 37-64; October and November delivery 4 37-64, 4 38-64; November and December delivery 4 37-64, 4 38-64; December and January delivery 4 39-64, 4 40-64; January and February delivery 4 41-64, 4 42-64; February and March delivery 4 44-64, sellers; March and April delivery 4 46-64, 4 47-64 April and May delivery 4 49-64, 4 50-64; May and June delivery 4 52-64, sellers; futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, October 27—Cotton quiet; sales 75 bales middling uplands 8⅜; Orleans 8 13-16; net receipts 4257; gross 13,349; stock —.

GALVESTON, October 27—Cotton easy; middling 8; net receipts 11,475 bales; gross 11,475; sales 4,170; stock 136,714.

NORFOLK, October 27—Cotton steady; middling 7⅞; net receipts 4,960 bales; gross 4,993; sales 1,741; stock 69,149; exports coastwise 1,269.

BALTIMORE, October 27—Cotton nominal; middling 8¼; net receipts none bales; gross 306; sales none; to spinners —; stock 13,468.

BOSTON, October 27 — Cotton quiet; middling 8⅜; net receipts 1,171 bales; gross 5,411; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, October 27—Cotton steady; middling 7⅞; net receipts 1,027 bales; gross 1,027; sales none; stock 22,832.

PHILADELPHIA, October 27—Cotton firm; middling 8⅝; net receipts 184 bales; gross 184; sales none; stock 5,588.

SAVANNAH, October 27—Cotton steady; middling 7 13-16; net receipts 4,484 bales; gross 4,484; sales 150; stock 190,158; exports coastwise 4,883.

NEW ORLEANS, October 27—Cotton; steady; middling 8; net receipts 37,103 bales; gross 38,731; sales 9,600; stock 297,245; exports coastwise 2,230.

MOBILE, October 27—Cotton quiet; middling 8; net receipts 2,482 bales; gross 2,482; sales 1,000; stock 23,098 exports coastwise 1,405.

MEMPHIS, October 27—Cotton steady; middling 8⅛; net receipts 4,321 bales; shipments 5,750; sales 6,000; stock 89,210.

AUGUSTA, October 27—Cotton firm; middling 7 13-16; net receipts 1,386 bales; shipments 1,430; sales 1,126; stock 21,148.

CHARLESTON, October 27—Cotton firm; middling 7⅞; net receipts 3,734 bales; gross 3,734; sales 500; stock 136,393; exports coastwise 1,508.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, October 27.—The wheat market was rather strong earsy, but the closing was tame and much weaker. New was again bearish and the feeling in the wheat crowd was not buoyant.

Corn was strong and higher. Shorts for only new crop futures are manifesting a good deal of uneasiness which has been increased by the fact that there seems to be a corner in October corn in New York which has advanced there from 68½ last night to 72 this morning. During the last hour October corn sold to 68 and at 1 o'clock was 57¾; November touched 53¼ and 1 o'clock was 52.

Oats were quiet and steady. Receipts and falling off in the export demand were the weakening feature.

Hog products were lower owing to large receipts of live hogs and a decline of 10@15c in the price of 10@15c in pork. January pork was $11.10; lard 6.25 ribs 5.77½.

The leading futures ranged as follows in Chicago today.

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
WHEAT—			
October	93⅛	94	92⅞
December	94⅜	95¼	94
May	101⅞	101¾	101⅜
CORN—			
October	56½	58	57½
November	51¾	53¼	52½
May	42¾	43	45⅜
OATS—			
November	29½	29¾	29⅜
May	31⅜	31½	31⅜
PORK—			
December	8 60	8 65	8 57½
January	11 20	11 20	11 07½
LARD—			
November	6 15	6 15	6 07½
January	6 30	6 30	6 22½
SIDES—			
October	6 00	6 00	5 90
January	5 83	5 82½	5 75

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

By Private Wire to Youngblood & Haas.

CHICAGO, October 27.—Foreign cables were steady, some reporting a firmer tone and better demand. Duluth reported their market 1c per bushel higher. During the early part of the session the offerings were very light and the market seemed strong. There have been rumors about the board for the past day or two that some very heavy speculators, located somewhere in the east or in some foreign country, were long on large quantities of wheat for December delivery. There have been hints thrown out that something sensational is going to happen. This, together with the fact that a natural reaction would be in order, caused quite liberal buying by the shorts. Something did happen, but it was the unexpected. The weekly shipments from the Indian, Baltic and other ports were 4,800,000 bushels, or nearly three million bushels more than one week ago. The result was a general desire to realize and a heavy closing at the lowest point of the day. There is a great deal of talk about the drought, which, should it continue, may become serious; but our observation has been that our largest crops have invariably been produced from planting in dry soil. The higher cables and estimated light receipts resulted in a good demand, which caused another advance in cash and the early deliveries of corn. The shorts begin to realize that the only way to get out of their contracts for October and November is to buy out, and they were quite active along that line.

There has been considerable new corn moving, but the probabilities are that there will not be much shelling for the market until the middle of November. Should the weather continue dry up to that time it may be difficult to sustain the prevailing prices, but unfavorable weather might cause a continuation of the present scarcity.

The receipts of oats were very large, but the demand absorbs all the offerings at about yesterday's prices.

The receipts of hogs are very large. The speculation in the hog product is very light; prices continue to depress, and holders have very little to encourage them.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, October 27, 1891.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

NEW YORK, October 27—Flour, southern heavy and active; common to fair extra $3.35@4.25; good to choice $4.40@5.35. Wheat, spot unsettled, lower and moderately active for export and milling; No. 2 red 102½@102¾ in elevator; options opened unchanged to ⅛c up, declined ⅜@⅝c o realizing, advanced ⅜@1c with corn, declined ⅝@1c on increase in amount on passage and continent and closed ⅛@⅜c under yesterday; No. 2 red October 102¾; November 103; December 104⅛. Corn, spot higher firm and quiet; No. 2 71@72 in elevator; options excited on near deliveries, on active covering of shorts and light supplies; closing easy, 3½c over yesterday; October 72; November 65¼; May 52½. Oats, spot stronger and fairly active; options fairly active and easier; October 36; November 36¼; May 37⅛; No. 2 spot 36½@37½; mixed western 3@38. Hops firm but quiet; state common to choice 12@18½; Pacific coast 11@1.

ST. LOUIS, October 27—Flour steady; choice $3.60@3.75; patents $4.50@4.60; fancy $4.30@4.55; family $3.30@3.40. Wheat ruled dull early, but later developed a bull turn, advancing ⅜c, then weakened and near the close dropped 1⅛c; closing ¼@⅜c below yesterday; No. 2 red cash 9⅛; October 91⅝ bid; December 90⅝ bid; May 100⅛ bid. Corn opened weak ½c lower, following wheat, and closed ⅛@½c down; No. 2 mixed cash 50¾@50⅞; October 50⅝ bid; year 39⅛. Oats, spot dull and lower; options; No. 2 cash 28⅛@28½; November 28¼ bid May 31⅜ bid.

ATLANTA, October 27—Flour—First patent $6.00; second patent $5.75; extra fancy $5.25; fancy $5.00; family $4.25. Corn — No. 2 white 78c; mixed 71c; Oats—No. 2 mixed 44c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, large bales, 90c; choice timothy, small bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, small bales, 90c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 80c. Meal—Plain 80c; bolted 76c. Wheat bran—Large sacks 95c; small sacks 95c. Cotton seed meal—$1.30 ₩ cwt. Steam feed—$1.35 ₩ cwt. Grits—Pearl $4.25.

BALTIMORE, October 27— Flour steady; Howard street and western superfine $3.50@3.75; extra $3.90@4.40; family $4.60@5.00; city mills Rio brands extra $6.00@6.25. Wheat, southern steady; Fultz 96@105; longberry 10@105; western weak; No. 2 red winter spot 101¼@101½. Corn, southern white firm at 72@73; yellow dull; old 61

CHICAGO, October 27—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady; winter patents $4.50@4.70c; spring patents $4.70@4.90; bakers $4.40@4.25. No. 2 spring wheat 92⅜; No. 3 do. —; No. 2 red 93⅜. No. 2 corn 57½ No. 2 oats 29⅛.

CINCINNATI, October 27—Flour easy; family $3.85@4.00; fancy $4.35@6.55. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 94@95. Corn in light supply and firm; No. 2 mixed 57. Oats firmer; No. 2 mixed 32.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, October 27 — Coffee — Roasted — Arbuckle's 21c ₩ 100 ℔ cases; Lion 21c; Levering's 20½c. Green—Extra choice 21; choice good 19; fair 18; common 16½c. Sugar — Granulated 4¾; off granulated —c; powdered 5⅜c; cut loaf 5⅛c; white extra C 4¼c; yellow extra C 4c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 48@50c; prime 35@40c; common 30@35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@38c; imitation 22@25. Teas—Black 35@55c; green 40@50c. Nutmegs 75@80c. Cloves 25@30c. Cinnamon 10@12½c. Allspice 10@11c. Jamaica ginger 18. Rice 6@7. Singapore pepper 16c. Mace $1.00. 7½c; good 6¼c; common 5⅛@6c; imported Japan 6@7c. Salt—Hawley's dairy $1.50; Virginia 75c. Cheese—Full cream, Cheddars 12c; flats 12½c; skim —. White fish, ½ bbls $4.00; pails 60c. Soaps—Tallow, 100 bars, 75 lbs $3.00@3.75; turpentine, 60 bars, 60 lbs $2.00@2.25; tallow, 60 bars, 60 lbs $2.25@2.50. Candles—Paraffine 12c; star 10½c. Matches—400s $4.00; 300s $3.00@3.75; 200s $2.00@2.75; 60s, 5 gross $3.75. Soda—Kegs, bulk 5c; do. 1 ℔ packages 5½c; cases, 1 ℔ 5⅛c; do. 1 and ½ ℔s 6c; do. ½ ℔s 6¼c. Crackers—XXX soda 6½c; XXX butter 6½c; XXX pearl oysters 6c; shell and excelsior 7c; lemon cream 9c; XXX ginger snaps 9c; cornhills 9. Candy—Assorted stick 6½c; French mixed 12½c. Canned goods—Condensed milk $6.00@8.00; imitation mackerel $3.95@4.00; salmon $6.00@7.50; F. W. oysters $2.20@2.50; L. W. $1.60; corn $2.00@2.75; tomatoes $1.60@2.50. Ball potash $3.20. Starch—Pearl 4½c; lump 5½c; nickel package $3.50, celluloid $5.00. Pickles, plain or mixed, pints $1.00@1.40; quarts $1.50@1.80. Powder—Rifle, kegs $5.00; ½ kegs $3.00; ¼ kegs $1.50. Shot $1.70 ₩ sack

NEW YORK, October 27—Coffee, options closed steady 10@15 points down; October 11.60@11.65; November 11.15 11.25; December 11.0 @11.10; spot Rio quiet but firm; No. 7 12¾; fair cargoes 15½. Sugar raw firm and fair; fair to good refining .; centrifugal 96-test 3 7-32; refined quiet and unchanged; mould A 4⅜; standard A 4¼; off A 3 15-16@4; confectioners' A 4 1-16; cut loaf 5⅛; crushed 5⅛; powdered 4 ; granulated 4⅛@4⅜; cubes 4 7-16. Molasses, foreign dull and nominal; 50-test 11½@12; New Orleans quiet and steady; open kettle common to fancy 28@32. Rice firm but quiet; domestic fair to extra 5½@7; Japan 5½@5⅝.

NEW ORLEANS, October 27—Coffee dull; Rio ordinary to fair 15¼@17¼. Sugar Louisiana open kettle quiet prime 4 11-16; good fair 3⅞; good common to fair 3⅝; common 2¾@2 13-16; centrifugals, unsettled but in fair demand; plantation granulated and off do. 3⅞@4; choice white 3 15-16@4; off white 3 11-16@3⅞; gray white 3½@3⅝; echoic yellow clarified 3½@3⅝; prime do. 4⅛; off do. 3@3¼; seconds 2⅜@3⅛. Molasses steady; Louisiana open kettle, fancy 40; choice 39; strictly prime 33; good prime 35; centrifugals, strictly prime 14@15; prime to good prime 20; fair to good fair 14@15; common 2@; Louisiana syrup 20@25. Rice steady; Louisiana ordinary to good 3⅜@4⅞.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, October 27 — Provisions very quiet. Pork, standard mess $9.75. Lard, prime steam 6.35. Dry salt meats, boxed shoulders 5.50@5.65; long clear 6.62½@6.65; clear ribs 6.75; short clear 6.90@7.00. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.00@6.25; long clear 7.50@7.62½; clear ribs 7.60@7.70; short clear 7.75@8.00; hams 9½@12½.

NEW YORK, October 27—Pork quiet; mess old $10.00 @10.75; new $11.00; extra prime $10.50@11.00. Middles weak; short clear 6.90. Lard lower and quiet; western steam 6.47½ bid; city steam 6.20; options, November 6.33; January 6.60.

ATLANTA, October 27—Clear rib sides, boxed 7½@7¾c; ice-cured bellies 10½c. Sugar-cured hams 11½@13, according to brand and average; California 8@8½c; breakfast bacon 11@12. Lard—Pure leaf none; leaf 8¼.

CHICAGO, October 27—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $8.62½. Lard 6.10. Short ribs loose 6.30@6.50. Dry salt shoulders boxed 5.85@5.90; short clear sides boxed 6.85@6.90.

CINCINNATI, October 27—Pork easy at $9.06. Lard dull; current make 6.12½. Bulk meats quiet; short ribs 6.87½. Bacon quiet; short clear 8.12½@8.25.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, October 27—Turpentine steady at 33½; rosin firm; strained $1.10; good strained $1.15; tar firm at $1.75; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.00; yellow dip $1.90; virgin $1.90.

NEW YORK, October 27—Rosin steady and quiet; common to good strained $1.32½@1.37½; turpentine dull and easier at 36½@37.

CHARLESTON, October 27—Turpentine steady at 33½; resin firm; good strained $1.20.

SAVANNAH, October 27—Turpentine steady at 33¾; rosin firm at $1.35@1.45.

Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, October 27—Apples— Choice $2.75@3.00 ₩ bbl. Lemons—$6.00@$3.50. Oranges—Florida $2.50@3.00. Cocoanuts—5c. Pineapples—$1.00@$1.50 ₩ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.50@2.25. Figs 13@15. Raisins—NewCalifornia $2.75; ½ boxes $1.75; ¼ boxes 90c. Currants — 7@8c. Leghorn citron—20@25c. Nuts—Almonds 18c; pecans 12@14c; Brazil 15c; filberts 11½c; walnut 16c. Peanuts—Virginia, fancy hand-picked 4a5c; North Carolina 5a6c.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, October 27— Eggs 20@22c. Butter — Western creamery 25@30c; choice Tennessee 20@22c; other grades 10@12½c. Live poultry—Hens 30@35c; young chickens, large 25@30c; small 15@18c. Dressed poultry—Turkeys —c; ducks —c; chickens —c. Irish potatoes new $2.00@$2.50 ₩ bbl. Sweet potatoes 40@50c ₩ bu. Honey—Strained 8a10c; in the comb 10a12c. Onions $3.00@3.50 ₩ bbl. Cabbage 1@1½ ₩ lb. Grapes 4@6c ₩ lb.

Bagging and Ties.

ATLANTA, October 27—Bagging—1½ ℔ 6c; 1¾ ℔ 6½c; 2 ℔ 7c; 2¼ ℔ 7¾c. Arrow Ties—$1.45.

WM. BOLLMANN,

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware,

SPECTACLES.

No. 10 Whitehall, St., Atlanta, Ga.

sep28-d1m

The new business written in May, June and July, 1891, by the Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Portland, Me., was the largest of any corresponding period during the present management, i. e., during the past fourteen years.

oct14—d15t e o d

FINANCIAL.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN,

13 E. ALABAMA STREET,

Dealers in Stocks and Bonds.

W. H. PATTERSON,

Dealer in Investment Securities

29 East Alabama Street.

Room 7, Gate City Bank Building.

For Sale—Atlanta Consolidated St. Ry. 1st mortgage 6 per cent, 30 year, sinking fund, gold bonds. Particulars on application.

W. A. BATES,

8½ WEST ALABAMA ST.,

STOCKS, BONDS AND LOANS.

sep 12-d1year fin page

John W. Dickey,

Stock and Bond Broker,

AUGUSTA, GA.

Correspondence Invited.

oct1-d3m-fi col

DARWIN G. JONES,

41 Broad St., cor. Alabama St. Atlanta, Ga.

STOCKS, BONDS, LOANS,

INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

Correspondence invited in regard to all kinds of Southern Investments. 8-28-1y

FARM LOANS!

8 PER CENT NET TO LENDERS. 25 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

15 Years in Iowa, and 10 Years in Georgia and Alabama.

ATLANTA MORTGAGES 7 PER CENT.

Three Million Dollars negotiated without loss of a dollar. Loans of $300 to $5,000 on hand, for sale almost any day from October to May. I will be glad to submit copies of applications for loans to investors at any time for consideration, and will consider it a favor to be asked to do so, either by mail or in person. C. P. N. BARKER. Room 32, Gould Building, Atlanta.

oct 18—d6m

JAMES W. ENGLISH, President; EDWARD S. PRATT Cashier; JAMES R. GRAY, Vice President; JOHN K. OTTLEY, Assistant Cashier.

American Trust & Banking Co.

Capital, $500,000. Undivided Profits, $35,000.

Liabilities Same as National Banks.

DIRECTORS: James W. English, W. P. Inman, M. C. Kiser, George W. Blabon, Philadelphia; Edward C. Peters, P. H. Harralson, W. A. Russell, J. R. Gray, W. J. VanDyke, C. C. McGehee, Joel Hurt.

Authorized to do a general banking and exchange business, solicits accounts of banks, business firms and individuals.

This corporation is also especially authorized to act as trustee for corporations and individuals, to countersign and register bonds, certificates of stock and other securities, and is a legal depository for all classes of trust funds.

W. A. HEMPHILL, President. A. D. ADAIR, Vice President. ALONZO RICHARDSON, Cashier.

The Atlanta Trust and Banking Company

CORNER PRYOR AND ALABAMA STREETS.

Solicits the accounts of solvent corporations, firms and individuals. Interest at the rate of 2 per cent per annum paid on daily balances. Approved commercial paper discounted at current rates. Loans made on marketable collaterals.

R. F. MADDOX, Pres. J. W. RUCKER, Vice-Pres. W. L. PEEL, Cash. G. A. NICOLSON, Asst. Cash.

MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING COMPANY,

Capital, $150,000. Charter Liability, $300,000.

Transact a general banking business. Approved paper discounted, and loans made on collateral. Issue interest certificates payable on demand as follows: 4 per cent if left 90 days; 5 per cent if left months. All the accommodations consistent with safe banking extended to our customers.



C. AND G. ELECTRIC CO., 39 No. BROAD ST.

—SUCCESSORS TO—

Cole, Gentry & Co.

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES ALWAYS ON HAND.

TELEGRAPH INSTRUMENTS.

Hotel and house annunciators, electric bells, electric gas lighting, electric motors and batteries, and watchman's time detectors put up and guaranteed. Also repairing done. Isolated electric light plants. Estimates furnished on application. General southern agents for the Edison Mimeograph. 39 North Broad, Atlanta, Ga.

THE GREATEST OPENING

Of fine Parlor, Drawing and Library Suits, and easy Chairs and Rockers, ever shown in

THE SOUTH

Will be ready for tomorrow's demands. Over 200 beautifully Upholstered Suits and Couches in the finest fabric, in white and gold, solid gold, Mahogany and Oak, with 20 elegant Leather Turkish Suits and Chairs.

The largest display in the south. Large bill sold to Montgomery, Ala.; Columbus, Miss.; Rutherton, N. C., and all through Georgia during the last week.

Everybody visiting Atlanta should see this stock, and are cordially invited to do so.

FIVE CARLOADS

Fine Grand Rapids furniture put on our floors within the last few days. Elegant Oak suits ranging from $20 to $600. Wardrobes, Hat Racks, Book Cases, Desks, Cabinets, Chiffoniers, Sideboards, Extension Tables, Fancy Chairs, Folding Beds, covering an inventory of over

100,000 DOLLARS

Of every class of Furniture, from cottage to palace. Don't fail to see this stock, whether you want to buy or not.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

To large and full outfits. 20 large Turkish Chairs, leather; 20 large Turkish Lounges.

Remember the Place.

P. H. SNOOK & SON.

SOME OF THE LEADING FIRMS OF THE CITY.

ONE DOLLAR A WEEK. Here is your chance to buy a home; beautiful shaded lots on dummy line; price, $100; terms, $2 cash, balance $1 a week, no interest; lovely lake covers 30 acres. Call on T. C. Hampton, secretary East Lake Land Company, No. 2 S. Broad.

GOLDSMITH Real Estate and Loan Agency, 30 South Broad Street, have very large and desirable lists of improved and unimproved city properties. Deal largely in suburban and acreage lands. Refer to Bankers and Merchants of Atlanta.

SEALS AND RUBBER STAMPS: Merchants, bankers, expressmen, lawyers corporations, notary publics and individuals needing seals, rubber stamps, stencils, badges, door numbers and plates, hotel and key checks or supplies, write or call on Moorman & Moorman, 32½ South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

C. J. DANIEL, 42 Marietta Street, Telephone 77. Wall Paper, Furniture, Window Shades, Curtain Poles and Room Moulding. The most elegant line of Wall Paper ever brought to the city. None but expert decorators employed. All work guaranteed.

THE LINEN STORE Wholesale and Retail, corner Whitehall and Alabama streets.

OSLER FURNITURE DEALER Sales Room, 85 South Broad street. Headquarters for the $12 Suites of New Furniture. Second-hand Goods of every description bought and sold. Desks, Office Fittings, etc.

ATLANTA RUBBER CO. 16 Decatur Street, Rubber and Leather Belting, Packing Hose, etc.

LADIES GERMAN CAPSULES are sure and safe. Eugene Jacobs' Pharmacy 58 Marietta Street.

LESSONS IN OIL and China Painting at Lycett's Art Rooms, 93½ Whitehall street. Reduced rates for the summer months, especial training for ladies desirous of teaching; twenty years' experience; art materials for sale; write for lists and information.

C. P. MURPHY, Artificial Stone Worker. Sidewalks, Cellar, Stable and Brewery Floors Felt, Cement and Gravel Roofing. Numerous references on application. Estimates cheerfully given. Office: 25 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

PAUL & GULLAT M'F'G CO. Manufacturers and jobbers of Plumbers, Steam Gas Fitters' and Mill Supplies, Wrought Iron Pipe, Fittings and Brass Goods of every description. 22 and 24 N. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA WIRE AND IRON WORKS Wire Railings, Wire Window Guards and Wire Elevator Enclosures for banks, stores, offices and public buildings. 30 North Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

D. O. STEWART. 6,570 acres virgin pine timber in South Georgia at $2 per acre. 38 North Broad st.

A. L. CUESTA Importer and Manufacturer of Havana Cigars. 2 Edgewood Avenue.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO., Leaders in Sewing Machines Standard Paper Patterns. Fashion Gazettes free. 63 Peachtree street.

W. W. SWANSON Upholsterer, Tents and Awnings, Carpet Laying, Furniture Repaired and Polished, No. 76 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

STANDARD ROTARY SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE—A high-grade machine of the very best material, case hardened steel at wearing points; runs 50 per cent lighter; 5 per cent faster; 200 per cent more noiseless than the vibrating shuttle machines. We challenge comparison with any machine on the market. Standard Sewing Machine Co., 121 Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

OPIUM WHISKY Habits Cured without physical or mental injury. Treatment identical with that of Dr. Keeley, at Dwight, Illinois. For particulars, address THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, Edgewood Avenue and Ivy street, Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA MARBLE WORKS Marble and Granite. Fine Monumental Work of every description. Robbins Bros., Proprietors. 80 Loyd street, Atlanta, Ga.

D. MORRISON Real Estate Agent, No. 47 E. Hunter street. Makes a specialty of small homes in the city and suburbs, and is now offering some splendid bargains to home-seekers in three, four and five-room houses on easy payments.

SMITH & STONEY The Purest Drugs and Medicines. Whitehall street, corner Mitchell.

J. J. LOGUE Tents, Awnings and Mosquito Nets. Furniture repaired and upholstered. 12 Hunter street.

RUBBER STAMPS, Stamps, Stencil and Steel Stamps, Badges, Door Plates and Numbers, Hotel and Key Checks. Atlanta Rubber Stamp and Stencil Works, Telephone 519, 57 South Broad street.

W. M. SCOTT & CO., Real Estate Agents, city and mineral properties, pine lands and farms; money loaned at 8 per cent net. Office adjoining Kimball entrance.

MAIER & BERKELE Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing Jewelers, Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, etc.; resetting diamonds and fine watch and jewelry repairing a specialty. 93 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

RELIANCE LIQUOR CO. Importers and Bottlers, 157 Decatur street, wants 5,000 orders for Wines and Liquors, in retail quantities, at wholesale prices. Put up in quarts, pints and jugs.

WELCH & TURMAN Renting, Sale and Investment Agents, No. 2 Kimball House, Wall street, do strictly a commission business, giving patrons benefit of all margins and advances. Refer to any Atlanta bank

THE DRESDEN, China, Crockery, Glassware, Table Cutlery, Lamps, Fruit Jars, Mackinaw Refrigerators, wholesale and retail. We are headquarters for all we sell. No larger assortment in the city. Prices low. Mueller & Koempel, No. 2 S. Pryor street, opposite Kimball House.

THOS. KIRKE & CO. Dealers in 74° Deodorized Gasoline, and Kerosene oils. Southern agents for the Vapor cook stoves, Gas and Oil stoves, Wood and Coal stoves, House-Furnishing goods, etc. 57 & 59 Peachtree street.

THE OLD BOOK STORE Picture Framing.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH Mantels, Tile and Grates, Gas and Electric fixtures; Plumbers, Steam and Gas fitters. Architectural sheet metal workers. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

ROSE'S "PURITY" RYE. [Pure-Rye-Tea], only at 12 Marietta street. The R. M. Rose Co.

J. M. SWANSON TICKET BROKER. RAILROAD TICKETS at reduced rates. Tickets bought and sold. 3½ Wall St., opposite Union Depot.

STOCKS' COAL CO. Dealers in Anthracite and Bituminous coal. Wholesale and retail. 97 W. Peters st.

PALMER BROTHERS Contracting Painters. Interior Hard-Wood finishers and decorators. Estimates given promptly. First-class work a specialty. Phone 563. Office: 51 South Broad street.

M. HAVERTY: Furniture dealer, office and salesroom at 77 Whitehall and 64 S. Broad. Elegant bedroom suites and office furniture a specialty. Give me a call and get prices before buying elsewhere.

UNLAWFU[L]...

Judge Manning C... Woodwa...

RELEASED BY JUD...

A Curious Habeas C... ward Will Proc... Manning—A...

An unusual habeas ... Judge Thomas P. ... morning.

Messrs. Simmons & ... the city court as the ... ward, and asked the j... leasing him from jail.

Last Monday Mr. J... summons of garnishm... West Point depot, an... like the way Mr. W... himself. Therefore, ... and Mr. Woodward w... show cause why he sh... contempt.

In obedience to the ... day morning Mr. Wo... Justice Manning to an...

His explanation of ... isfy the justice. He... eyes, to exonerate h... able to purge himself...

Mr. Woodward was... Manning ordered him...

The order committi... fix the duration of his...

Mr. Woodward sai... but serve the summon... railroad, at whose de... was very indignant ... arbitrary and summ... Manning's part.

He at once sent ... Simmons & Corrigan ... fore them.

Mr. Simmons imm... of habeas corpus befo... who was holding cou... Epps.

Judge Westmoreland... case at once, and put... pending.

Mr. Woodward w... Manning was not; n... for being absent.

Mr. Simmons brief... facts in the case. H... for his client's release...

Judge Westmoreland... sign the order at once... best not to do so till ... heard.

"Why is Judge Ma... inquired.

"Because," replie... not."

"Who notified him... morelard.

"I, myself, went ... mons answered, "bu... is not our fault that ... to lay the matter bef... have Judge Manning... prisonment."

"I will wait a whi... send for Judge Mann...

A few hours later ... in court.

The facts as st... not controverted by...

"Will your honor ... Simmons asked.

Judge Westmorela... James Woodward, ... was, and is, illegally...

Mr. Woodward sa... courts. He believes ... Judge Manning and... ages.

The law is that a ... convict a party for ... not imprison him fo... hours. The commit... long the offending p... and this is why Jud... that Mr. Woodw... tained.

This is an unusu... It has caused so... Woodward and his... nant.

THE N...

The Atlanta Hum... lar Mo...

The Atlanta Hum... monthly meeting ye... Christian Associati...

The new execu... and is:

Joseph J. Burk... Berring, J. S. P... B. Connolly, B. B... A. T. Sherrill, ... May, Mrs. Joseph ... ler, Mrs. J. G. Ar...

An advisory boa... posed of W. A. ... John F. Barclay, ... Jones, L. B. Nels... Connolly, John ... Lewis Newalt, Ja... Adair, E. P. Cha... Jacob Haas, P. J... Inman, A. A. Mu... Fox, R. B. Bullo... Van Epps, L. E. ... Mrs. W. L. Peel, ... M. Scott.

Mr. Theo. W. ... his annual report, ... tures had been $4... the receipts $470.

Several cases of ... cussed and action ... agent.

The policy contra... Insurance Comp... tains all necessary ... necessary ones. ... nite. If the insur... the amount due th... the insured dies, th... paid immediately ... oct14—d15t e o d

Dainty Roman g... dants in diamonds ... ever brought sou... Whitehall street a... oct21-d1w

Mme. Demor... And What to Wea... Third lot just re... 30 cents. For sal... street, Opera Hou...

Have Your ... Kellam & Mo... straighten your sp... whether purchase... prising opticians ... citizens with fine... in this vicinity. 5...

From Dr. W. H. ... I wish to inform... an office in Atlant... skin diseases and ... organs.

I shall confine ... of this class of ... practice.

I shall continue ... tute" at Lithia S... between my Atla... the morning hou... Lithia Springs. ... to 12 a. m. After... office in the old ... 93. Take the el... oct3—3m wed

UNLAWFULLY HELD.

Judge Manning Commits Mr. James Woodward to Jail.

RELEASED BY JUDGE WESTMORELAND.

A Curious Habeas Corpus Case—Mr. Woodward Will Proceed Against Justice Manning—A Lively Matter.

An unusual habeas corpus case was before Judge Thomas P. Westmoreland yesterday morning.

Messrs. Simmons & Corrigan appeared in the city court as the attorneys of James Woodward, and asked the judge to sign an order releasing him from jail.

Last Monday Mr. James Woodward served summons of garnishment on the goods at the West Point depot, and Judge Manning did not like the way Mr. Woodward had conducted himself. Therefore, a rule nisi was issued, and Mr. Woodward was ordered into court to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt.

In obedience to the court's mandate, yesterday morning Mr. Woodward was before Trial Justce Manning to answer the charge.

His explanation of his conduct did not satisfy the justice. He failed, in the court's eyes, to exonerate himself, and he was not able to purge himself of the alleged contempt.

Mr. Woodward was astonished when Judge Manning ordered him to go to jail.

The order committing him to jail did not fix the duration of his imprisonment.

Mr. Woodward said he had done nothing but serve the summons of garnishment on the railroad, at whose depot the goods were. He was very indignant at what he regarded as arbitrary and summary proceedings on Judge Manning's part.

He at once sent for his lawyers, Messrs. Simmons & Corrigan, and laid the matter before them.

Mr. Simmons immediately went with a writ of habeas corpus before Judge Westmoreland, who was holding court in place of Judge Van Epps.

Judge Westmoreland consented to hear the case at once, and put aside a case which was pending.

Mr. Woodward was in court, but Judge Manning was not; nor did he send any reason for being absent.

Mr. Simmons briefly but clearly stated the facts in the case. He then drew up an order for his client's release.

Judge Westmoreland said he felt disposed to sign the order at once, but thought that it was best not to do so till the other side had been heard.

"Why is Judge Manning absent?" the court inquired.

"Because," replied Mr. Simmons, "he is not."

"Who notified him?" asked Judge Westmoreland.

"I, myself, went to his office," Mr. Simmons answered, "but could not find him. It is not our fault that he is not here. I intend to lay the matter before the grand jury and have Judge Manning indicted for false imprisonment."

"I will wait a while," said the judge, and send for Judge Manning.

A few hours later Judge Manning appeared in court.

The facts as stated by Mr. Simmons were not controverted by Judge Manning.

"Will your honor now sign the order?" Mr. Simmons asked.

Judge Westmoreland said: "The defendant, James Woodward, is discharged because he was, and is, illegally imprisoned."

Mr. Woodward says he will seek redress in the courts. He believes he has a good case against Judge Manning and will sue him for damages.

The law is that a justice of the peace may convict a party for contempt of court, but cannot imprison him for a longer term than five hours. The committing order did not say how long the offending person was to stay in jail, and this is why Judge Westmoreland decided that Mr. Woodward was unlawfully detained.

This is an unusual case, the lawyers say.

It has caused something of a stir, and Mr. Woodward and his friends are highly indignant.

THE NEW COMMITTEE.

The Atlanta Humane Society Has a Regular Monthly Meeting.

The Atlanta Humane Society held its regular monthly meeting yesterday at the Young Men's Christian Association building.

The new executive committee was elected and is:

Joseph J. Burke, J. Frank Beck, T. W. Berring, J. S. Panchen, Orville H. Hall, A. B. Connolly, B. B. Crew, Robert Zahner, Rev. A. T. Sheriill, R. A. Sonn, Mrs. George S. May, Mrs. Joseph H. Morgan, Mrs. W. H. Fuller, Mrs. J. G. Armstrong, Mrs. Nellie Black.

An advisory board was created, and is composed of W. A. Hemphill, George Hillyer, John F. Barclay, Robert J. Lowry, Darwin G. Jones, L. B. Nelson, Joseph Hirsch, A. B. Connolly, John H. Seals, H. V. M. Miller, Lewis Newalt, James W. English, George W. Adair, E. P. Chamberlin, Andrew Calhoun, Jacob Haas, P. J. Moran, Joel Hurt, S. M. Inman, A. A. Murphey, W. F. Slaton, Amos Fox, R. B. Bulloch, Sidney Root, Howard Van Epps, L. E. Bleckley, Mrs. W. R. Hill, Mrs. W. L. Peel, Mrs. E. H. Brittain, Mrs. W. M. Scott.

Mr. Theo. W. Birney, treasurer, presented his annual report, showing that the expenditures had been $472.30 for the past year, and the receipts $470.

Several cases of cruelty to children were discussed and action referred to the attorney and agent.

The policy contract of the **Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Portland, Me.**, contains all necessary provisions and avoids all unnecessary ones. **Whatever happens, it is definite.** If the insured lives to maturity of contract, the amount due thereon is immediately paid. If the insured dies, the amount due thereunder is paid immediately upon proof of death.
oct14—d15t e o d

Dainty Roman gold necklaces, with heart pendants in diamonds or pearls; the prettiest line ever brought south, at Maier & Berkele's, 93 Whitehall street and Piedmont exposition.
oct21-d1w

Mme. Demorest Portfolio of Fashions
And What to Wear for Fall and Winter of 1891-92. Third lot just received. Price 25 cents; by mail 30 cents. For sale by John M. Miller, Marietta street, Opera House Block.

Have Your Spectacles Straightened.
Kellam & Moore, scientific opticians, will straighten your spectacle frames without charge, whether purchased of them or not. These enterprising opticians are doing more to provide our citizens with fine eyeglasses than any other firm in this vicinity. 54 old capitol, opposite postoffice

A CARD.

From Dr. W. H. Whitehead.

I wish to inform the public that I have opened an office in Atlanta for the treatment of blood and skin diseases and diseases of the genito-urinary organs.

I shall confine myself strictly to the treatment of this class of troubles and will take no other practice.

I shall continue to superintend the "Bath Institute" at Lithia Springs and will divide my time between my Atlanta office and Lithia, spending the morning hours in Atlanta, and the afternoons Lithia Springs. Hence, office hours in Atlantd 8 to 12 a. m. Afternoons at Lithia Springs. Atlanta office in the old capitol building, rooms 92 and 93. Take the elevator. Very respectfully,
W. H. WHITEHEAD.
oct2—3m wed fri sun

AN ANNUAL MEETING.

The Synod of the Presbyterian Church to Convene in a Few Days.

The local Presbyterians are looking forward with great interest to an annual state meeting to be held by them in a few days.

Two weeks from tomorrow the synod of Georgia meets at Decatur and it gives promise of being one of the most important and interesting that has been held in many years.

It will take place at the Decatur Presbyterian church. Every effort is being made to complete the new house of worship of this congregation in time for its dedication during the assemblage of the synod.

The Agnes Scott institute will also be finished very shortly, and if it is possible there will be two important dedications to residents of Decatur during this meeting of the Presbyterians.

The synod will convene on Wednesday and continue in session throughout the week. There will be interesting sermons and other exercises in which several divines of Atlanta will participate. The evangelistic work which was undertaken in the church for the first time the past year will be fully discussed, reports of it rendered, and plans for the future outlined. Rev. Mr. Gaines, of Decatur, chairman of the evangelistic committee, will conduct this portion of the exercises.

There will be an election for the important positions of moderator and clerk, now held by Dr. James Stacy, of Newnan.

From Atlanta the delegates will be: Dr. E. H. Barnett, pastor of the First Presbyterian church; Dr. G. B. Strickler, pastor of the Central Presbyterian; Rev. A. R. Holderby, of Moore's Memorial; Rev. T. P. Cleveland, of the Fourth Presbyterian; Rev. Mr. Matthews, of the West End Presbyterian; Rev. Chalmers Frazier, of the Georgia Avenue Presbyterian; Rev. Mr. Cook, of Wallace church; Rev. Mr. Smith, of Wallace mission, and an elder from each one of these churches; these delegates to be selected in a few days.

The last annual meeting of the great synod was held at Americus, and was an interesting one. This one will be equally so.

One Negro Killed.

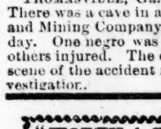
THOMASVILLE, Ga., October 27.—[Special.] There was a cave in at the Georgia Phosphate and Mining Company works near Boston today. One negro was killed outright and two others injured. The coroner is now at the scene of the accident making a thorough investigation.

How's Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy Liver. When the Liver is torpid the Bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED.

As a general family remedy for dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., I hardly ever use anything else, and have never been disappointed in the effect produced; it seems to be almost a perfect cure for all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels.
W. J. McELROY, Macon, Ga.



"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

Idols.

Some people make idols out of old-fashioned remedies, and by their use subject themselves to sacrifice and and even torture. But

BEECHAM'S PILLS are praised all over the world as they are a painless and effectual remedy for all Bilious Disorders arising from Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipation, Disordered Liver, and Sick Headache. They have no equal.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St. 30

oct4—dly wed fri sun wk fol n telr m

Merchants' Day, Special Programme, Grand Races and King Solomon today.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE
Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Cough, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain, Take in time. 50 cts.

AN EXPOSITION
Of Fine Clothing.
SOMETHING YOU DON'T SEE EVERY DAY.
—AT—
CALDWELL BROS.,
NO. 9 WHITEHALL.

Gentlemen's wood brown suits at $15; worth $24.65.
Boys' extra fine suits at $10.50; worth $17.60.
Men's extra grade overcoats, $12, worth $16.25.
We opened yesterday ten cases very stylish and extra fine custom-made suits, to please the public purse. You can get the very best value for the eagle on your dollar at our store than at any place in the city.
Our Gents' Furnishing and Hats are the latest, most popular, and by far the cheapest in Atlanta. Come and see us and watch the way we do business. sep 26-3m

PRESTON'S HEDAKE CURES ANY HEADACHE "While You Wait," BUT CURES NOTHING ELSE.

M. RICH & BROS'
GRAND CLOAK SALE THIS WEEK.

During the last three days we have opened $5,000 WORTH OF CLOAKS And Wraps, in addition to our large stock bought in the earlier part of the season. These goods are not only lovely in style, but are the grandest goods for the money you have ever seen. Military Capes at $9, worth $13; $20 and $25 Capes we now sell at $15 and $18. A high grade Cape, worth from $30 to $50, reduced to $20 to $35. On Jackets, fur-trimmed, beaded or plain, we guarantee to save you 25 per cent at least. Of Misses' and Children's Cloaks we have by far the largest stock in the city. It is money in your pocket to look at these goods. We expect to sell $10,000 worth of Cloaks this week at the low prices we shall offer them. In Dress Goods we are doing the largest business in the city, simply because our stock is choice and our prices low. We have still 225 Novelty Suits that we are offering at from $3 to $15 per suit. These goods are cheap at double these prices.

We are offering the greatest bargains in Black and Colored Velvets that you have ever seen. Come to see us this week. We will save you money on what you want to buy in the Dry Goods line. Try our real Kid 4-button Piedmont Glove, price $1. It is the grandest glove you ever bought at the price.

Fine Furniture!

Look everywhere, examine carefully, then COMPARE OUR Prices, and an average saving of 20 per cent is certain. Surprisingly stylish and the best finished and largest hard-wood Grand Rapids Bedroom Suit in America for $20, in Sixteenth Century or Antique. A rare display of handsome Parlor Suits in attractive coverings; these goods are simply gorgeous. We are also showing the largest and finest assortment of Willow and Reed Furniture, Sofas, Easy Chairs, Rockers, and Couches.

A superb line of dining room furniture, in early English, colonial and other styles, at very moderate prices. Sideboards, $20 and upward; solid oak, leather dining, beautiful finish, quarter and sawed oak best leather, $4 up. Buy of the leaders of the Furniture trade. We are busy! busy! busy! selling Upholsteries and Draperies. Busy selling Tapestries in all qualities for furniture covering. Busy selling scrims, Madras and other plain and fancy materials for doors and windows. Busy selling China and India Silks, Scotch laces for vestibule dashes, and all kinds of decorative purposes; busy selling magnificent brocatelles at half the price others ask; busy selling plushes, fringes, bordering, shades, poles and screens. Busy selling everything that will be wanted for the drapery of windows or doors, in which we deal. Busy! Busy! Busy! Our prices always please. This week a great Lace Curtain claims special attention, 3½ yards long, $1.50. This season's styles and designs to please all; some exquisitely fine Scotch lines woven with silk to delight ladies of quiet tastes, while others in scroll effects will appeal to those who desire effectiveness. German Favors, rare and beautiful novelties, shown by us only. Carpet department on the greatest boom possible, selling more goods than ever in the past. We are the leaders. Fine frame Body Brussels $1 per yard; Alexander, Smith & Son's moquettes 95c, and beautiful velvets, $1 per yard. The best Ingrain carpet in America for 45c. Everybody asks 65c for these goods. Beautiful Tapestry Brussels at 65c per yard, worth 90c. Buy only of the Leaders of the Carpet and Furniture trade.

M. RICH & BROS.
54 and 56 Whitehall St., 14, 16, 18, 20, 22 E. Hunter St.

ORIGINAL IDEAS.
NOVEL EFFECTS.
STANDARD
QUALITY!

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

SPECIALTIES IN HIGH CLASS FRENCH AND ENGLISH FURNITURE OF ELEGANT DESIGN AND APPROPRIATE FINISH.

RETAILERS OF

Parlor Suites,	Hall Stands,	Library Couch s,	China Cabinets	Floor Rockers.
" Old Chairs,	" Chests,	" Tables,	Piano Stools.	Coat Stands.
" Divans,	" Settees,	" Chairs,	Picture Easels,	Umbrella Stands.
" Cabinets,	" Chairs,	" Sofas.	Parlor Screens.	Foot Rests.
" Tables,	" Novelties,	Bedroom Suites.	Sideboards.	Book cases,

The Largest Lines in the Trade!

Strict Novelties in Design, Finish and Upholstering!!

SALESROOMS AND OFFICES:

66 AND 68 WHITEHALL, 1 TO 15 EAST HUNTER STREETS,
ATLANTA, GA.

JUST RECEIVED IN DRESS GOODS | NOVELTIES IN CLOAKS. | JUST RECEIVED IN SILKS.

Our second stock consisting of all the latest designs and newest shades in

DRESS GOODS AND SILKS

Is open for your inspection. Bedford Cord in all shades. Broadcloths, Ladies' Cloths. Novelties in Crepe effects in all designs and colors.
NEW TRIMMINGS in jet, feathers, and furs in all widths.

LADIES' CLOAKS. MISSES' CLOAKS. CHILDREN'S CLOAKS.

ALL SIZES. ALL STYLES. ALL WEIGHTS.

This department abounds in the newest and most perfect fitting garments on the market.

Feather Capes and feather Boas in new lengths and shapes. Call and examine them.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.
66 & 68 WHITEHALL St.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.
OFFICES EVERYWHERE.
10 MILLION MACHINES MADE AND SOLD.

AT OUR MANUFACTURERS' SHOW ROOMS,
385 BROADWAY, N. Y. CITY.
— WE HAVE —
Over 117 Processes of Manufacture
— IN CONSTANT —
PRACTICAL OPERATION



OUR ART PARLORS,
929 Broadway, N.Y. City.
THE DAINTIEST THINGS IN ART NEEDLEWORK AND HOME DECORATION, FROM ORIGINAL AND IMPORTED DESIGNS, CONSTANTLY ON EXHIBITION.
Rococo, Ancient Tapestry, Renaissance Embroideries, etc.

WE GUARANTEE REDUCTION IN THE COST OF PRODUCTION BY THE USE OF OUR MACHINES. EVERY SINGER FAMILY MACHINE DOES IT. FREE INSTRUCTIONS TO OUR PATRONS.
THE VERY LATEST IN POWER AND ELECTRIC FITTINGS.
FREE DELIVERY OF MACHINES AND FITTINGS.
Manufacturers visiting New York are furnished a private Desk with every facility for Business, Correspondence, etc.
State that you saw our Advertisement in the ATLANTIC CONSTITUTION *when you write us.*
General Offices for the South { 205 EAST BROAD STREET, RICHMOND, VA. 185 CANAL STREET, NEW ORLEANS, LA.
ALWAYS ROOM FOR ENERGETIC MEN WITH THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.

This is a domesitc coal; thoroughly screened, burns to ashes and holds fire. It is mined by machinery, and is free from dust. It gives a bright, steady heat. It compares favorably with New-castle coal. Prices lower than any other coal. A. H. BENNING, Wholesale and Retail Coal Merchant, cor. Simpson street and W. and A. R. R.; also 359 Decatur street. Telephones 356 and 1131.
SPLINT COAL.

SPECIAL SERVICE

Via Richmond and Danville Railroad to and from the Exposition Grounds.

Exposition trains leave station near Markham house, east of union depot, at the even hour and every twenty minutes thereafter, from 8 a. m. until close of exhibition each day.

Leave exposition grounds upon the same schedule.

This will offer the most comfortable and desirable way of getting to the exposition, landing passengers in the midst of the most interesting features of the exhibit.

Fare for round trip 25 cents. Straight tickets will be sold at the exposition grounds only at 15 cents. Tickets only will be received for passage on the exposition trains.

JAMES L. TAYLOR,
General Passenger Agent.
oct18—d2w

ANTIQUATED LOVER.

The Oldest Man in the World to Become a Bridegroom.

HE KNEW GEORGE WASHINGTON.

And Has Outlived More Generations Than Any Man in the Civilized World—He Tells Experiences of Long Ago.

A man who claims to have talked with George Washington!

Only one of that kind lives.

And his home is in Georgia.

Over one hundred years ago he was christened, and since that event he has been known as Hiram Lester. One hundred and twenty-four years ago he was born in Raleigh, N. C., so he says.

But old records and testimony of the oldest people now living in Henry county, Georgia, show that when they were young, Hiram Lester was an aged man.

This confirms his antiquity.

Besides, Uncle Hiram—that's what he is called—has a son who is himself an infirm man of eighty years. The son lives on a farm at Tunis Station, Ga., and is said by those who know both, to be an older-looking man than his father.

Up to the time of the late war, Uncle Hiram exhibited with much pride the old family Bible, with the birth records, showing him then to be a centenarian. He also had a stack of old letters and documents of colonial interest, belonging to himself and his father, with a furlough of his own, from the war of 1812.

Unfortunately, these papers were destroyed by Sherman's soldiers, except a few scraps of correspondence which Uncle Hiram somehow preserved. These were written by different people connected with the revolutionary war, and most of them bear on withstanding the Indians and fighting the red coats.

Uncle Hiram came from a famous family. He recounts now, with evident delight, all that he knows of it from the time his great-grandfather Lester was a "vice gerent" of the crown, as he puts it, and the time that another ancestor and his lady marched with their twenty-four sons before the throne previous to embarking for America, down to the time his own sons took part in the late war. He says that the family has been noted for longevity.

"People used to say 'you never knowed a Lester to die,'" said Uncle Hiram, "but in my day I hev knowed many a one to do it."

The father of Uncle Hiram is said to have lived a whole century and his grandfather attained the wonderful age of one hundred and fifteen years; but the grandson beats that considerably, and is today as hale an old man as can be found.

Uncle Hiram has led a busy and, quite naturally, varied life. He has cleared timbers, farmed, fought Indians and British, kept a store and practiced medicine. He claims to remember well all the incidents relating to the revolutionary war, and can tell you about scenes that occurred and people who figured in them with marvelous lucidity for one so old. His memory is, in fact, phenomenal. Minutest incidents of a century ago come up before him as though enacted but yesterday.

Uncle Hiram once enjoyed the hospitality of George Washington's roof for three days when he was almost grown. He tells with great enthusiasm of the courtliness of Washington and the plain elegance of his lady; of the warmth which greeted the visitor at Mount Vernon, and the great love and confidence grown people and children alike reposed in General Washington.

It is truly a voice from a former generation when Uncle Hiram speaks of Ausward negotiating, in behalf of the British Empire, with Jefferson, Madison, Jay and Lawrence, about shipping on the high seas; how they reached an agreement; how Ausward outwitted them in establishing the "Claim of of England" to all seamen once initiated into the established church; how the frigate Chesapeake was overpowered, and how the war was finally adjusted. Or, again, recounting the battle of King's Mountain, in which he himself fought; he warms up in describing how Farquarharson, with 800 men, was dislodged by strategy from his secure position, and, together with 500 men, was slain, when the American forces only numbered about four hundred and fifty in all.

Hiram Lester was with General Jackson some months before the battle of New Orleans, but was not at the battle. He did not take part in the Mexican war, being over seventy years old. He was a second cousin to General Hays, who was killed at Beuna Vista, and raised him up to his thirteenth year.

Notwithstanding his service in the war of 1812, Uncle Hiram has never received a pension. He says that a pension shark once took his name with a fee, and promised to secure one for him, but was never heard from afterwards.

He lost three sons in the Confederate service, aged, as near as he can remember, eighteen, thirty-five and forty years.

Uncle Hiram was compelled to go to the poor farm in 1881. This establishment was kept by a Mrs. Mosley, who was especially kind to the old man, and won his heart. He gradually became so attached to her that notwithstanding their advanced ages he sued for matrimony. Mrs. Mosley would not hear to it at first, but as the years rolled on she became enfeebled and had to claim support on the poor farm as well.

The two were constant companions and seemed to find a solace and sympathy from each other that no one else gave them. Finally their friendship ripened into something tenderer, and the suitor, after a longer service and a harder courtship perhaps than that of Jacob of old, won his lady love, and the two decided to marry.

They are now in Atlanta for exhibition at the Piedmont exposition and for the purpose of being married in conclusion. Imagine it—a bride of seventy and a bridegroom of one hundred and twenty-four! The experience of the patriarchs seems to be on the verge of re-enactment. Arrangements have not been made yet for the ceremony, but it will likely take place this week.

Uncle Hiram says that he loves his bride and will be happy to spend his latter days basking in that love. The old couple are truly a picture together.

The old gentleman is as courtly and chivalrous as could be. He is appreciative of attention paid him and always endeavors to make the last debt of gratitude in his company's favor. He is truly a colonial gentleman of the old stamp.

Indigestion! Miserable! Take BEECHAM'S PILLS.

Be sure and use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while teething; 25 cents

Have Your Spectacles Straightened.

Kellam & Moore, scientific opticians, will straighten your spectacle frames without charge, if they are bent out of shape. These enterprising opticians are doing more to provide our citizens with fine eyeglasses than any other firm in the south. 54 old capitol, opposite postoffice.

Mme. Demorest Portfolio of Fashions

And What to Wear for Fall and Winter of 1891-92. Third lot just received. For sale by John M. Miller, Marietta street, Opera House Block.

Our rock crystal eyeglasses and spectacles are superior to all others, and we have a practical optician in our optical department. Maier & Berkele, 33 Whitehall street. oct25-1w

A leading New York paper in a recent issue said: "The time doubtless will come when sensible Americans will realize that their best interests will be served by insuring in strictly home institutions." **The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company of Portland, Me.,** restricts its efforts for new business to the **healthy sections alone of North America.** oct14—d15t e o d

AN ATLANTA BOY KILLED.

R. L. Bass, a Resident of South Pryor Street, Killed at Dalton.

R. L. Bass, an Atlanta boy, was killed just south of Dalton day before yesterday.

The young man had been employed as flagman on the East Tennessee road, and for a number of months had made daily trips in that capacity.

Monday afternoon he was engaged in his work, and as his train, a heavy freight, left Dalton, he mounted the cars and started to walk forward.

Whether the accident was due to Bass's slipping, or whether he did not see the open space, is not known.

At any rate, the young man fell between two cars, and in an instant was under the ponderous, moving mass.

His left arm and leg were almost severed from his body, and he was fearfully bruised. As soon as the accident was discovered the train was stopped, and Bass's fellow employes rushed to him.

As tenderly as possible he was raised and carried to a house near by, where medical aid was summoned. It was immediately seen, however, that the wounded man's injuries were fatal, and everything possible was done to relieve his suffering.

At 9 o'clock, a few hours after the accident, he died.

Yesterday morning the body was brought to Atlanta, Bass's home, and taken in charge by Mr. H. M. Patterson. This morning it will be sent to Grier, S. C., for burial.

Bass was a young man, nineteen years of age, and leaves a wife and one child. Together they resided at 699 South Pryor street. He had a number of friends here, and by them and his fellow employes, he was well liked. The news of his death was a great shock to his young widow, and her grief, when she heard of it, was very pathetic.

After all, the best way to know the real merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, is to try it yourself. Be sure to get Hood's.

Wanted.

By three adults, two first-floor, unfurnished rooms, without board, near the postoffice. Want rooms suitable for sitting room and bedroom. References. Address "Permanent No. 1," care Constitution. oct24 d6t

TRY A CUP

—OF—

W. BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast Cocoa

—AT THE—

PIEDMONT EXPOSITION.

For more than ONE HUNDRED YEARS they have made their Cocoa preparations ABSOLUTELY pure, using no PATENT PROCESSES, ALKALIES or DYES in their manufacture.

oct21—d3w top col n r m or fol r m

Merchants' Day, Special Programme, Grand Races and King Solomon today.

SAM'L W. GOODE. ALBERT L. BECK.

Samuel W. Goode & Co.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

Corner Peachtree and Marietta Sts

$4,500 for very choice vacant lot, close in, with two street fronts. Is 60x120 feet, and is plenty large enough for four good houses that will rent for a hendsome return on the investment. Belgian blocks, water, gas, sewer, and electric cars right there. Good neighborhood and no better renting locality in the city. A bargain.

$2,250 for the cheapest lot offered for sale on Forest avenue—50x150 feet to alley. Belgian blocks, water, gas, sewer and sidewalks in front of it. First-class neighborhood. Not far out and very convenient to school. You cannot be t this for a first-class residence lot on the north side.

$3,500 for four-room cottage, close in, on corner lot, 76x105 feet. High and level and right at electric cars. Easy terms.

$2,250 for Jackson street lot, 52x135 feet. Electric cars and belgian blocks in front. Pretty grove. Splendid surroundings. Very easy terms.

Large and beautiful Ormewood park lots at very low figures. To those who build will, sell all on time, requiring no cash. Call for plat.

$1,000 for beautiful high and level corner lot, 55x190 feet to ten-foot alley on South Boulevard, right at Grant park, facing the dummy line, now being changed to electric. Very easy terms, or will exchange for other property.

$200 each for a number of very desirable lots, 50x180 feet each, at Decatur, Ga. Very convenient to the Georgia railroad depot, dummy line and Agnes Scott seminary. Easy terms. Lots high, level and shady.

Samuel W. Goode & Co.

THE TRIPOD PAINT CO.

ATLANTA, GA.

Manufacturers of

Pure Ready-Mixed Paints,

PIEDMONT WHITE LEAD, OIL AND GRAINING COLORS, ETC

Dealers in

Artists' and Painters' Supplies Window Glass, Etc.

STORE AND OFFICE: 62and 64 MARIETTA ST. | FACT ORY: 331 DECATUR ST.

The Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Portland, Me., shows an increase in New Insurance Written of two-thirds of a million over the corresponding period of last year.

WATCH!

Our South Window on Monday next for prices on Watches never before quoted in Atlanta. The display as well as the prices will astonish you.

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW.



PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES

TRADE MARK.

Quality First and Always.

We have the only complete optical manufactory in the southern states. We grind the celebrated "Perfected Crystal" Spectacles and Eyeglasses; finest made.

KELLAM & MOORE,
Scientific Opticians,
54 Old Capitol Building, Opposite Postoffice.

Young Mothers!

We Offer You a Remedy which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

Robs Confinement of its Pain, Horror and Risk.

After using one bottle of "Mother's Friend" I suffered but little pain, and did not experience that weakness afterward usual in such cases.—Mrs. ANNIE GAGE, Lamar, Mo., Jan. 15th, 1891.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book to Mothers mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

USE HICKEY'S MAGIC HAIRALINE

For the prevention of BALDNESS removing DANDRUFF and all other diseases of the scalp. Contains no oil, and is a perfect dressing for the hair. Treatise on scalp diseases free. For sale by all druggists and E. J. HICKEY, manufacturer, Nos. 213 & 214 Eighth st., Augusta, Ga.

(Trade-Mark)

P. & P.

KID GLOVES

PERFECT FITTING
THE NEWEST SHADES
THE LATEST STYLES
THE MOST DURABLE
THE BEST WORKMANSHIP.

THEREFORE

ALWAYS SATISFACTORY

Every pair guaranteed.

None genuine unless marked 'P. & P.'

oct28—d6m wed fri mon nrm

APPLER & O'KEEFE

OFFER FOR SALE

HOMES.

Peachtree st.; elegant residence, 10 rooms; completely furnished; modern and all conveniences; located amongst the finest residences on this beautiful street; lot 50x200; a real bargain.

Ponce de Leon avenue; 2-story, 8 rooms; nearly new; perfect order; gas and water; stable and all necessary outhouses; lot 125x400, to North avenue; beautiful, level and fine shade trees.

Boulevard; modern residence; 15 rooms; nearly new; electric bells; speaking tubes; water, gas and paved streets; everything about it first-class; lot 85x200, on corner; location the best; can offer a bargain.

Peachtree st., 9-room residence; near in and on the prettiest part of street.

West Baker st., near Peachtree; 10-room residence; hot and cold water and all conveniences; paved streets; only ten minutes' walk from center of city.

Peachtree st., 2-story, brick residence; lot 100x208, on corner; one of the prettiest homes on the street.

Powers st., near West Peachtree; 2 story and basement; slate roof; 11 rooms; gas, water and electric bells.

Capitol avenue; beautiful 6-room cottage; hardwood finish; walls papered; gas, water, closets, etc.; all in perfect condition; a lovely home.

Smith st., near Richardson; 4-room house; lot 70x130; good neighborhood; electric cars at corner; only $3,000; terms easy.

Hilliard st., near Highland ave.; 9 rooms; lot 50x144; electric cars pass the door; $3,500.

Orange st., one square from Whitehall; 6 rooms; stable on lot; $3,000 will get it; easy terms.

Court and avenue, near Decatur; 2-story, 10-room house, also cottage 6 rooms.

Decatur st., brick store and dwelling; $4,000.

Fowler st.; 5-room house and stable; corner lot; lately built; good surroundings; very cheap; $1,400; easy payments.

Boulevard, near Edgewood ave.; 4-room house; lot 48x100; $1,200.

VACANT LOTS.

Our list contains some of the very best vacant property on the following streets, viz:

Peachtree, West Peachtree, Jackson, Washington, Ivy, Ellis, Cypress, Humphreys, Wheat, Boulevard, Alexander, Mills and McDaniel, and the following avenues: Ponce de Leon, Wilson, Capitol, Piedmont, Merritts, Angier, Georgia and North avenue; also two beautiful residence lots, 100x350 each, in Edgewood, and eight choice pieces of suburban acreage, from two acres to twenty-nine acres each, located in the very best sections. Before buying, come and see us. Will take pleasure in showing the property.

APPLER & O'KEEFE,

REAL ESTATE,

No. 6 WEST WALL STREET.

MONON ROUTE

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RY. CO.

Are you going to Chicago, or any point in the northwest via Chicago? If so, ask your ticket agent for tickets via Louisville. Or via Cincinnati and Indianapolis. Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and Monon positively the only line running Pullman vestibuled trains, electric lighted, steam heated, with magnificent dining cars and compartment sleeping cars.

W. H. McDOEL, General Manager. JAMES BARKER, Gen. Pass. Agent

apr9—d1y

REAL ESTATE SALES.

TO THE PUBLIC.

AFTER MANY YEARS OF ACTIVE RAILROAD work (the last eight of which as traffic manager of the Central railroad of this state), I have determined to go into the real estate business in this city. I have located here, as I regard Atlanta as the most prosperous and growing city in the south, where property seems to be continually enhancing in value, thereby stimulating business, producing good returns on legitimate investments in real estate.

With this brief statement I offer my services to the public as agent in the purchase and sale of real estate, and respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. Respectfully,

W. F. SHELLMAN,

REAL ESTATE.

Office, 16 East Wall St.,

Kimball House.

oct27—sun wed top col real est p

ANSLEY BROS.,

REAL ESTATE,

$5,500—One of the best lots on West Peachtree at Hunnicutt ave., 50x200, to alley.

$6,000—Houston st., house and lot, house 9 rooms, lot 50x200; near Jackson st.

$2,600—Forest ave. lot 50x160, near Jackson.

$60—Front foot for one of the best lots offered on Jackson st., 75x200; beautiful shade.

$1,250—Will buy a beautiful lot near Boulevard and Angier ave; come see it.

$3,000—Beautiful Jones st., cottage and lot 50x200.

$1,500—5-room cottage on Fowler st., corner lot.

$6,000—Whitehall street house and lot, 55x170; near in.

$9,000—Elegant Angier ave. house and lot, lot is a splendid one, 375 feet front.

$5,000—Juniper st., lot 75x195; a beautiful corner.

$3,300—7-room cottage and lot, Decatur, Ga.

65 acres of land just beyond town of Decatur, on splendid road; fine land; only $50 per acre.

$4,500—Elegant lot fronting Powers st., large enough for four buildings, and offered cheap.

$5,500—9-room house, Courtland ave; corner lot.

$2,500—6-room house, corner, lot 45x150 near Jackson.

$2,600—6-room house and stable, lot 100x150, 3 miles from carshed, near Decatur dummy.

$15,000—Elegant Peachtree home on prettiest part of street and a cheap place.

$1,100—Pretty corner lot, near depot Decatur, Ga.

NOTE—We have some of the best central property for sale ever offered; also property on every street you want to buy on.

Office, 12 E. Alabama street. Telephone 363.

No. 1 ENGINE HOUSE

J. C. HENDRIX, Auctioneer.

AT AUCTION

Tuesday, Nov. 10, 1891, at 12 m.

No. 1 SOUTH BROAD ST.

THIS IS A ROYAL PIECE OF CENTRAL property, fronting on Broad street 39 feet and running back on railroad right of way 100 feet to a 10-foot alley, a good substantial two-story brick house on the lot. No speculation. The city sells to change location of the fire headquarters.

Terms ⅓ cash, balance 6 and 12 months, 7 per cent interest on deferred payments.

W. A. HEMPHILL, Mayor.

oct14 till nov10

ATLANTA REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

5 S. PRYOR STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Real estate is on the up-turn and now is the time to buy before the spring advance.

We offer the following which will amply repay investors: West End, two acres, corner of Holderness and Greenwich streets, one block from street railway and fine natural grove, $2,500.

10 acres north of Ponce de Leon and between Peachtree street and Boulevard, natural shade and in the finest residence portion of the city, $12,000.

20½ acre farm close to E. T., V. & G. railway, only fifteen miles from Atlanta, 7-room house, good outbuildings, water, etc., $2,750.

25 acres near Peachtree road and belt line, $500 per acre.

Plantation, 1,150 acres, in Columbia county, two miles from courthouse, 200 acres in Bermuda grass, large 8-room dwelling, ginhouse, barns, stables, etc. One of the finest places in the state, $10,000.

Plantation, 1,500 acres, near Salem, Ala., commodious dwelling of eight rooms, steam grist mill and ginery, includes stock and implements worth $2,500, $10,000.

Small farm, 152 acres, near railway station, twenty-five miles from Atlanta, all necessary buildings, $1,600.

We also have residences on Peachtree and other streets; vacant lots in all portions of the city, timber lands, coal, iron and gold mines.

ATLANTA REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE,
5 S. Pryor st., Atlanta, Ga.
ROBERT MILLER, Manager.
L. M. WARD, Sec'y and Treas.

EDWARD PARSONS,

REAL ESTATE BROKER.

Mineral, Timber, County and City Land for Sale.

I have entered on my books for sale upwards of $900,000 of mineral, timber, country and city lands to select from. Any gentleman wishing to purchase or sell lands I shall be pleased to do my best to suit him.

No. 117.—Plantation of 1,200 acres, adjoining the city of Perry, Houston county, Ga.; ¾ mile from Perry depot, a branch of the C. R. R. of Georgia; the mansion is in the city, and contains 10 rooms with every convenience for the family, situated in a beautiful oak grove. The plantation can be divided into five farms, one 6-room house with several cottages, barns and other buildings suitable to the plantation. It is high table land of a superior quality for the growth of sugar cane, cotton, corn and stock. There is a never-failing stream of water running through the property. A beautiful fish pond can be made with but little expense; about 700 cleared, from 200 to 300 in pasture, the remaining in timber. The death of the proprietor is the cause of the property being offered for sale at such a sacrifice. It is situated in one of the most healthy parts of the state. This property has been in possession of the owner and is in a high state of cultivation, with every convenience; a number of good wells of water; there are good churches and schools in the city, and the society of Perry is very good; it is now offered for sale as a whole or to be divided into farms. Price, $25,000; one-third cash, balance 1 and 2 years, with 8 per cent.

No. 34—50 acres between Jonesboro road and city water works; the dummy line to run from the city via waterworks to Hapeville and Manchester will run through this property. Price, $500 per acre.

No. 141.—3-r h, on Humphries street, near the box factory, 50x200 feet; easy installments, price $1,400, $100 cash, $20 per month; this would make four lots.

EDWARD PARSONS,
2 South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Southern Ink for Southern Printers.

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

Printing and Lithographing Inks

This paper uses our inks entirely, and strongly endorses them.

ATLANTA PRINTING INK WORKS.
330 TO 336 WHEAT STREET,
ATLANTA, GA.
The Only Ink Manufactured in the South.

MISS ANNABLE'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for Young Ladies and Little Girls, 1340 Pine St., Philadelphia. 43d year begins Sept. 23, 1891. july 1-d3t-wed fri mon

REAL ESTATE SALES.

WARE & OWENS

Corner Broad and Alabama Streets.

$10,000—Very central lot, 100x200, fronts on Ga. R. R. and on a corner. Very desirable for factory or warehouse.

$4,000—Capitol avenue, vacant lot 50x160, inside the half mile circle; worth $100 per foot.

$6,500—Capitol avenue, inside half mile circle; splendid 7-room residence, with all modern improvements, 50x160.

$500 cash and $30 per month for bran new 3-room cottage, 2 verandas, wide hall, closets, etc., and corner lot on Houston street.

$2,000—Washington street lot, 50x200, between Georgia avenue and Jewish orphanage.

$1,500—250x210, East Point, corner West Point road and a 50 foot street; perfectly shaded and level; other lots around these 100x200 held at $1,000 each.

100 acres, 2 miles from Manchester, 2 miles from Hapeville, ½ mile from A. and F. road, $15 per acre.

$2,500—6-r h, close in and good neighborhood, 40x149.

$2,500—Jones street (Woodward avenue), 4-r h and lot, 50x200.

$1,250—Myrtle street, 50x178 to alley, eastern exposure. This lot will soon be worth $50 front foot.

$3,750—Pulliam street, 6-r h, modern, 50x190 to alley.

If you want to buy or sell, call on us. We are right in the speel. WARE & OWENS.

W. A. OSBORN. C. S. BREWSTER. M. C. STONE

W. A. Osborn & Co.

12 S. Pryor Street.

Always have some choice pieces of property to offer you in central, suburban and acreage. We know we can offer unheard of bargains.

M. H. LUCAS & CO.,

6 S. PRYOR ST., JACKSON BUILDING.

When you come to look at the following property, if you are not a good judge of real estate yourself bring a friend who knows a bargain when he sees it.

Pryor street, close to Fair—8-r h, lot 50x150, to alley, $5,000, one-third cash, 1 and 2 years.

Whitehall street, just beyond junction of Forsyth—10-r house, rents at $40, lot 75x183, lot absolutely worth the money, we give you the house, $6,750, one-third, 1 and 2 years.

Ivy street—7-r house, lot 40x180, to alley; house rents at $25, lot worth the money, $3,500, one-third, 1 and 2 years.

East Ellis—Close in, nice 6-r house, lot 46x200, $3,650; come quick.

Jones avenue—On electric line, lot 50x125, 10-r house, $3,500, ¼, 6 and 12 months.

Houston street, between Hilliard and Jackson—6-r house and hall, lot 65x220, to Irwin st.; room to build 2 nices houses on Irwin, $6,200.

Good bargains in vacant lots; special bargains on Peachtree, West Peachtree, Ponce de Leon, North avenue, Forest venue, Kimball street, Spring street and in South Atlanta; houses from $500 to $20,000. M. H. LUCAS & CO., 6 S. Pryor Street.

A. J. WEST. W. F. WEST.

A. J. WEST & CO.,

RealEstate and Loans--Pryor Street, Kimball House,

Special bargain in two lots, one 40x180 feet, Peachtree street, near corner Cain; the other on Cain street, near Peachtree. We are offering these lots very cheap for a few days.

92x130 feet, Peachtree street, near the residence of Mr. W. P. Inman.

100x334 feet, Peachtree street, $10,000.

3 pretty shady lots, Carter street, only a few feet from Peachtree street; $4,500 for the three.

Peachtree street residence, $12,500.

Peachtree street residence, $15,000.

House and lot, Courtland avenue, $6,000.

House and lot, Cherry street, $1,900.

60x260 feet, Boulevard, $25 per front foot.

66x118 feet, Edgewood avenue, $3,500.

Central piece Rome, Ga., property, $4,000.

Cheap property on Virginia avenue; electric line.

105 acres, big front on Peachtree road, about nine miles from city; very low.

270 feet front on Boulevard, $2,000, and on monthly payments.

8 acres well located, West End; will subdivide splendidly, $5,500.

100x130 feet, Pine street, $2,500.

Money to loan on real estate.

A. J. WEST & CO., Real Estate.

J. C. HENDRIX. LAWRENCE HARRISON.

FOR SALE BY

J. C. HENDRIX & CO.

Elegant home on Powers street.
Also, one on Washington street.
Fine vacant lot on Washington street.
Also, one on Rawson street.
Large vacant lot on West Peachtree street.
Also, several on Peachtree street.
Nice lots at $30 per foot, Piedmont avenue.
Boulevard, Jackson street, Highland lots cheap.
Nice home on Jackson street.
200 acres of land near Hapeville.
Large house and lot on Wheat street, renting for $50 per month, for $5,500.
Nice little home on Wheat street, $2,100.
Two 3-room houses on Frazier street, $2,000.
90x125, Highland avenue, $1,800.
100x160, Windsor street, $1,500.
46x150, Fortress avenue, $750.
90x410, Boulevard.
90x210, Boulevard and Rice.
80x210, Jackson and Rice.
80x170, Jackson.
52x152, Jackson.
50x200, Irwin.

FOR RENT.

Large store and basement, Broad street.
Large store and basement, Whitehall street.
Large brick residence, W. Cain street.
Several small houses.
Also, 5-room house and five acres of land inside old city limits, $12.50 per month.

We have customers wishing to buy $100,000 worth of Atlanta rent-paying property. Also a number who wish homes, ranging from $2,500 to $10,000. Call at our office and list your property with us if you want to sell. The hot season is over—we are all down to business.

First-class Livery Stable for Sale cheap. Good stand. Satisfactory reason for selling.

J. C. Hendrix & Co.

31 S. BROAD STREET.

SALE OF STOCK!

WILL BE SOLD AT THE COURTHOUSE door in Fulton county, between the legal hours of sheriff's sale, on the first Tuesday in November, 1891, two certificates of 50 shares each of the capital stock of the Brosius Motor Sewing Machine Company, the certificates being numbered 473 and 474, at public outcry to the highest and best bidder for cash. Said stock has been pledged as collateral security for the payment of a promissory note for $2,219.62 principal, besides interest and 10 per cent attorney's fees, as therein provided, and will be sold to pay said indebtedness.

R. M. FARRAR, Cashier.

oct 6 5t tues

W. F. SHELLMAN,

REAL ESTATE,

NO 16 EAST WALL STREET,

KIMBALL HOUSE,

Choice lots for sale on the following streets:
West Peachtree.
Piedmont avenue.
Boulevard.
Gordon street, West End.
Will take pleasure in showing them.

oct 27 d30t

D. W. APPLER. L. E. O'KEEFE

Appler & O'Keefe,

Real Estate,

No. 6 West Wall Street,

Have first-class improved and vacant property for sale. We invite parties desiring to buy or sell to come to see us. oct1-d1y

REAL ESTATE SALES.

GOLDSMITH,

30 S. BROAD STREET.—8 NEW NO.

Beautiful lots on and near Boulevard. Very cheap. Call.

Beautiful lots near electric line, on Pryor street. Very choice and cheap.

Beautiful lots out on near electric line, at West End. Very desirable and cheap.

Acreage property, beautifully located, very cheap. Right in the swim in West End. Now is the time to buy this.

The very best chance for the prettiest property on Fulton county electric line. Right at Edgewood depot and across the street from Judge Palmer and Senator Colquitt. A great bargain.

The cheapest and prettiest lot in the center of the city for a residence. You can get this cheaper now than it has been offered. Now is the time.

Large house on beautiful and large ground, right in center of city. Very place to improve. Very place for investment. The cheapest place on the market. A rare opportunity for some fortunate purchaser.

Just think! In a few months all this property will reach a figure with a profit to the men who will buy now. Call and see our list.

GOLDSMITH,

30 South Broad Street—8 New Number.

G. W. ADAIR,

REAL ESTATE.

Go today and examine the property on Forsyth street near Garnett, which I sell before the courthouse door on

TUESDAY NOVEMBER 3D,

at 11 o'clock sharp.

This property is central, first-class and in every way very desirable.

Electric car line, pavement, water and gas all in front.

Call for plat.

G. W. ADAIR,

14 WALL STREET, KIMBALL HOUSE.

oct 25 con- 8p

Valuable Farms and Timber Lands for sale by Respess & Co., real estate agents, No. 5 old, 37 new, Broad street.

All farms sold on very liberal terms and easy payments.

3,300 acres extra fine middle Georgia farm, with good residence; also other necessary improvements; ginnery, fine water power and mill. Offered very cheap, only $12,500.

We have in Greene county, either stock or farm lands:

483 acres 3 miles from Greensboro, $6 per acre.
116 acres 4 miles from Greensboro, $8 per acre.
225 acres 5 miles from Greensboro, $6 per acre.
200 acres 5 miles from Greensboro, $6 per acre.
356 acres 6 miles from Greensboro, $6 per acre.
658 and 1,045 acres 12 miles from Greensboro, $10 per acre.
2 Putnam county farms, well improved, 667 and 570 acres, only $10 per acre.
160 and 200 acres near East Point, cheap.
36½ acres near Manchester.
408 acres on R. & D., near Atlanta.
6,370 acres, virgin growth, pine timber land, $15 per acre.
16,500 acres on East Tennessee, $2.50 per acre.
25,000 acres near Brunswick and Western, at $3 per acre.
Also small tracts all around the city, for subdivisions, at bargains.

Read our advertisement in The Journal for city improved and vacant property.

RESPESS & CO.,
No. 5 old number and 37 new, Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

D. O. STEWART. D. M. ETLE.

D. O. STEWART & CO.,

REAL ESTATE.

No. 36 N. Broad St.

This is a partial list of our bargains for this week:

$900—New 3-r h., Magnolia st., paved with belgian block; $200 cash, balance $10 per month.

$3,000—5-r h. Chapel st., lot 50x300, near Walker street school; ⅓ cash, balance easy.

$5,000—8-r h., 2 story, S. Pryor st., gas and water, large lot; ⅓ cash, balance long time.

$650 for a 3-r house, good lot, on Raspberry street; $200 cash, balance easy.

$4,000 for 2 4-r houses and 1 3-r house, on lot 100x180, to an alley, on Hilliard street, 1 block from electric line.

$4,750 for 10-r house, on lot 54x150, on Garnett st.; 100 feet from electric cars.

$4,500 for elegant home on Forest ave., 8-r house, water and gas, lot 50x150.

$100 front foot for 150 feet front on prominent street in heart of city; business property, one block from postoffice; the biggest bargain on the market.

$25,000 for 25 feet near Kimball house; strictly gilt edge. D. O. STEWART & CO.,
No. 36 N. Broad street.

J. A. SCOTT. ISAAC LIEBMAN.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN,

REAL ESTATE and RENTING,

20 PEACHTREE ST.

$3,550 buys 8-r house, lot 40x180, to alley, on Ivy st.

$4,500 buys 8-r brick house, all modern improvements, on Garnett st.

$3,500 buys 11-r house, lot 50x140, on Hilliard st., one-third cash, balance easy.

$1,850 buys nice 4-r house, lot 50x100, on W. Kimball st.; good neighborhood; $750 cash, balance $25 per month.

$1,600 buys 45x90, on Merritt's ave., half cash, balance easy; lot just in back of this, 42x90, fronting on Box, can be bought for $600; $2,500 expended on this lot will pay better than anything we know of.

We have some excellent Peachtree lots at from $100 to $130, near Eighth st.; also, Juniper st. fronts at $65. Excellent lots on Georgia ave. at small figures. Call on us.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN,

No. 20 Peachtree St.

NOTICE.

We desire to dispose of part of our real estate holdings and have decided to offer the following list of properties at less than prevailing values:

30x120—Vacant central business.
22x120—Vacant central business.
75x100—Vacant central business.
50x113—Vacant central business.
42x115—Vacant central business.
50x175—5-r h, central business.
50x150—Elegant 6-room, lovely, Queen Anne cottage.
69x175—Vacant, opposite Judge Hopkins, Boulevard.
Large close-in railroad front, cheap.
20 pretty level lots at $200 to $350 each, for cash and by installments, and inside city limits.
44 acres, 3 miles from Kimball house, dirt cheap.
17 acres inside city limits at $2,000 per acre.
14½ acres inside city limits at $1,200 per acre.
6 acres inside mile and a half circle at $1,300 per acre.

Stop and think. Where can you, inside the city limits, obtain land at such figures?

SCIPLE SONS,
Office 6 Loyd Street just below Markham House